

An Introduction to Algebraic Effects and Handlers

Invited tutorial paper

Matija Pretnar¹

*Faculty of Mathematics and Physics
University of Ljubljana
Slovenia*

Abstract

This paper is a tutorial on algebraic effects and handlers. In it, we explain what algebraic effects are, give ample examples to explain how handlers work, define an operational semantics and a type & effect system, show how one can reason about effects, and give pointers for further reading.

Keywords: algebraic effects, handlers, effect system, semantics, logic, tutorial

Algebraic effects are an approach to computational effects based on a premise that impure behaviour arises from a set of *operations* such as **get** & **set** for mutable store, **read** & **print** for interactive input & output, or **raise** for exceptions [16,18]. This naturally gives rise to *handlers* not only of exceptions, but of any other effect, yielding a novel concept that, amongst others, can capture stream redirection, backtracking, co-operative multi-threading, and delimited continuations [21,22,5].

I keep hearing from people that they are interested in algebraic effects and handlers, but do not know where to start. This is what this tutorial hopes to fix. We will look at how to program with algebraic effects and handlers, how to model them, and how to reason about them. The tutorial requires no special background knowledge except for a basic familiarity with the theory of programming languages (a good introduction can be found in [8,15]).

1 Language

Before we dive into examples of handlers, we need to fix a language in which to work. As the order of evaluation is important when dealing with effects, we split language terms (Figure 1) into inert *values* and potentially effectful *computations*,

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