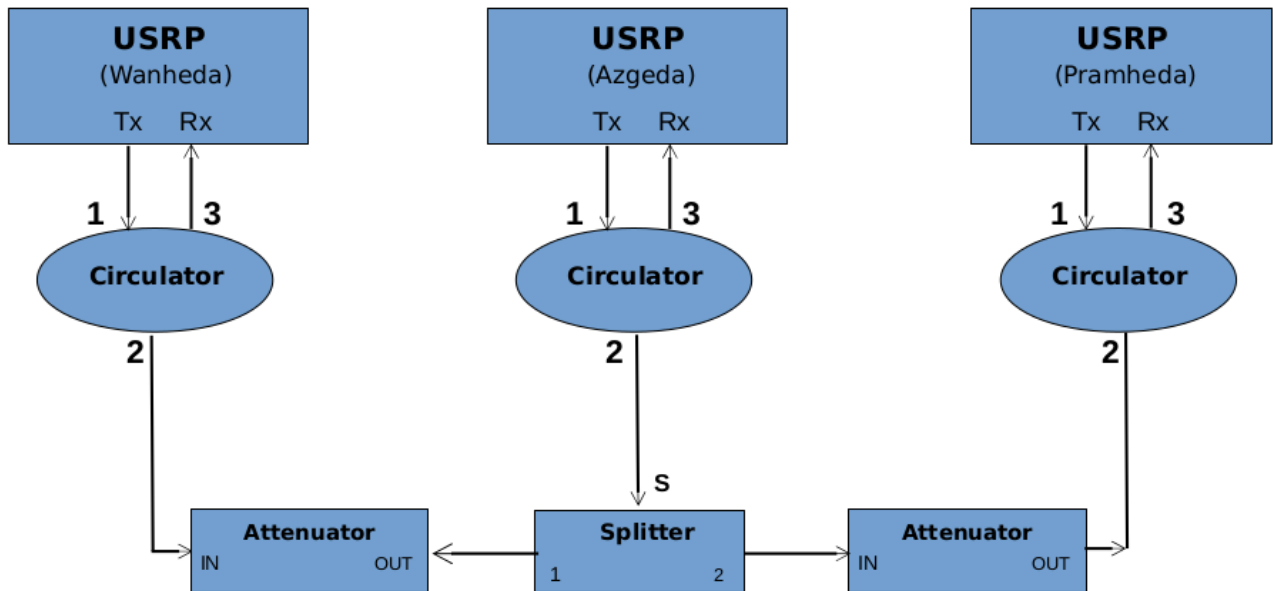


Guidelines

1) Deployment

The scheme for the addressed setup:



2) Initial setting

2.1) Booting the mini-PC

When booting the mini-PC, press PowerOn button for 3 seconds, and then F4 option. See the Grub2 installation menu, and choose lowlatency kernel option. For instance, 4.15.0-141-lowlatency. After booting, check the loaded kernel by typing: `uname -r`

2.2) Remote connection

Execute the following commands to establish ssh connections:

```
ssh -X azgeda@192.168.12.215
ssh -X wanheda@192.168.12.170
ssh -X pramheda@192.168.12.160
ssh -X fleimkipa@192.168.19.51
ssh -X praimfaya@192.168.19.50
```

The required password: linux

2.3) Compilation

Each time, the mini-PC is rebooted, a compilation has to be done in order to load the new UE_IP kernel, so that it is better to avoid booting the mini-PC.

```
cd ~/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets
./build_oai --UE -w USRP
./build_oai --UE -w USRP -c (if needed)
```

Here a list of folder that will be used to run the D2D demo:

```
cd ~/LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g
cd ~/LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/tools
cd ~/LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets
cd ~/LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/lte_build_oai/build
cd ~/d2d-l3-stub
```

3) Configuration for a multihop network

For the configuration of a multihop network as it is shown in the described scheme. We consider one node (Azgeda) with a MAC address 0x02, and two side nodes (Wanheda and Pramheda) with a MAC address 0x01.

	Wanheda (T)	Azgeda (R)	Pramheda (T)
MAC address	0x01	0x02	0x01

The particular configuration for each node, now labeled as T and R can be done as described in the following section.

4) Running a D2D link

Configuration as T (Wanheda and Pramheda):

1) Configurations

```
cd LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/tools
source init_nas_s1 UE
```

2) IP and MAC addresses

```
cd LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/
```

```
sudo ifconfig oip0 10.0.0.1
```

```
sudo ifconfig oip0 hw ether 00:00:00:00:00:01
```

```
sudo ip neigh add 10.0.0.2 lladdr 00:00:00:00:00:02 dev oip0 nud permanent
```

3) Routing

```
sudo iptables -t mangle -F
```

```
sudo iptables -t nat -F
```

```
sudo iptables -A POSTROUTING -t mangle -o oip0 -d 10.0.0.2 -j MARK --set-mark 4
```

4) Running

```
cd LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/lte_build_oai/build
```

```
sudo ./lte-uesoftmodem -C 59000000000 -r 50 --ue-enable-sl --ue-sl-only --ue-rxgain 100 --ue-txgain 10 --usrp-clksrc gpsdo
```

Configuration as R (Azgeda):

1) Configurations

```
cd LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/tools
source init_nas_s1 UE
```

2) IP and MAC addresses - check it with ip neigh

```
sudo ifconfig oip0 10.0.0.2
sudo ifconfig oip0 hw ether 00:00:00:00:00:02
sudo ip neigh add 10.0.0.1 lladdr 00:00:00:00:00:01 dev oip0 nud permanent
```

3) Routing

```
sudo iptables -t mangle -F
sudo iptables -t nat -F
sudo iptables -A POSTROUTING -t mangle -o oip0 -d 10.0.0.1 -j MARK --set-mark 4
```

4) Running

```
LTE-D2D/openairinterface5g/cmake_targets/lte_build_oai/build
sudo ./lte-uesoftmodem -C 59000000000 -r 50 --ue-synchref --ue-enable-sl --ue-sl-only --ue-rxgain
100 --ue-txgain 10 --usrp-clksrc gpsdo
```

Note that under this configuration Azgeda (with address 0x02) provides a synchronization signal (ue-synchref parameter) to Wanheda and Pramheda (with address 0x01).

4.1) Establishing PC5

To establish this link, we must go to the folder d2d-l3-stub to find the executable **d2d_app**, and execute it first at the Wanheda and Pramheda side, and later on Azgeda.

Configuration as T (Wanheda and Pramheda):

```
./d2d_app -r 0x01 0x02
```

Configuration as R (Azgeda):

```
./d2d_app -s 0x02 0x01
```

If necessary we can compile these utilities as follows:

```
gcc -I . d2d_app.c -o d2d_app -lpthread
gcc -I . vncore_app.c -o vncore_app -lpthread
```

5) Testing D2D

One way to test the performance, as sever at the Wanheda/Pramheda side,

```
sudo iperf -s -i 1 -u -B 10.0.0.1
sudo wireshark
```

As client at the Azgeda side,

```
sudo iperf -c 10.0.0.2 -u -b 0.1M --bind 10.0.0.1 -t 100
```

6) Comments

If using the Ethernet Attenuator, it could be better to slightly increase the value of the transmission power to 10, or 20, so that it can compensate some attenuations.

```
# Azgeda
sudo ./lte-uesoftmodem -C 59000000000 -r 50 --ue-synchref --ue-enable-sl --ue-sl-only --ue-rxgain 100 --ue-txgain 20 --usrp-clksrc gpsdo
```

```
# Wanheda/Pramheda
sudo ./lte-uesoftmodem -C 59000000000 -r 50 --ue-enable-sl --ue-sl-only --ue-rxgain 100 --ue-txgain 20 --usrp-clksrc gpsdo
```

7) Source code

The code for the OAI and PC5 can be downloaded from EURECOM gitlab,

```
# OAI
git clone https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/Julio/lte-sidelink-v2x.git
git checkout LTE-sidelink
```

```
#Documentation:
cd openairinterface5g/targets/DOCS
```

```
# PC5
git clone https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/tien-thinh.nguyen/d2d-l3-stub
cd d2d-l3-stub
gcc -I . d2d_app.c -o d2d_app -lpthread
```