Genetic programming report

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Grammar

```
grammar gramatyka;
// Following grammar reflects in some way Golang programming language. Reflected Golang features is
// for example 'for' loop.
main: (statement | NL*) (NL* statement)* NL*;
statement:
printStatement ';'
 | inputStatement ';'
 | conditionalStatement
 | loopStatement
| variableAssignmentStatement ';';
name: STRING;
printStatement: 'print ' (expression);
inputStatement: 'read';
conditionalStatement:
 'if ' comparison codeBlock (' else ' codeBlock)?;
loopStatement: 'for ' comparison codeBlock;
variableAssignmentStatement:
name '=' (expression | inputStatement);
comparison:
 expression ('==' | '!=' | '<' | '>' | '<=' | '>=') expression
 | notComparison
 | comparison (' and ' | ' or ') comparison;
notComparison: 'not' comparison;
expression:
 | expression ('+' | '-') expression
 | inputStatement;
term:
 INTEGER
 | name
 | inputStatement
 | '(' expression ')'
 | term ('*' | '/') term;
codeBlock: '{' NL* main NL* '}';
INTEGER: '-'? [0-9]* '.'? [0-9]*;
STRING: [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]*;
NL: [\r\n]*;
WS: [ \t]+ -> skip;
```

Test: 11a

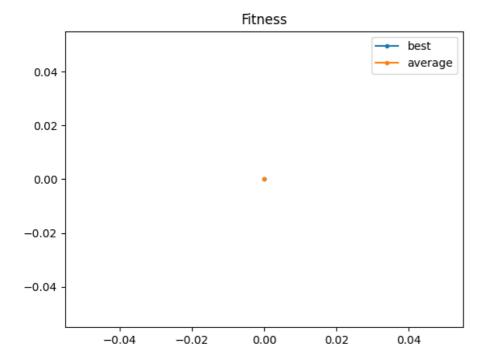
Problem solved!

Fitness function:

```
def test_11a_fitness(input_array, y):
    return 0 if 1 in y else 1000
```

Best fitness: 0

```
{
  c = read;
  print c;
  print 7;
  print c;
  c = c / c;
  print c;
  print 6;
  f = read;
  t = read;
}
```



Test: 11b

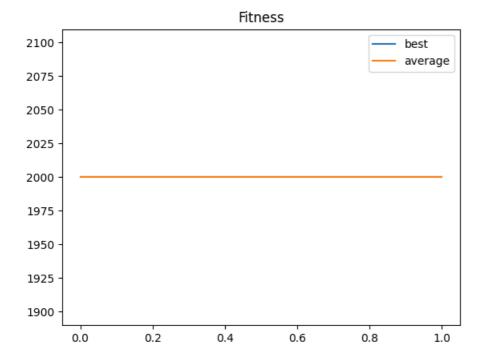
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_11b_fitness(input_array, y):
    return 0 if 789 in y else 1000
```

Best fitness: 2000

```
{
  w = read;
  print 3;
  print w;
  print w;
  if w != w {
    print 19;
    print -1;
}
  i = read;
  print 16;
```



Test: 11c

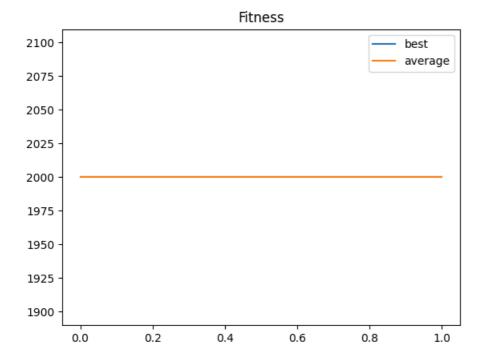
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_11c_fitness(input_array, y):
    return 0 if 31415 in y else 1000
```

Best fitness: 2000

```
{
  z = read;
  print 14;
}
```



Test: 11d

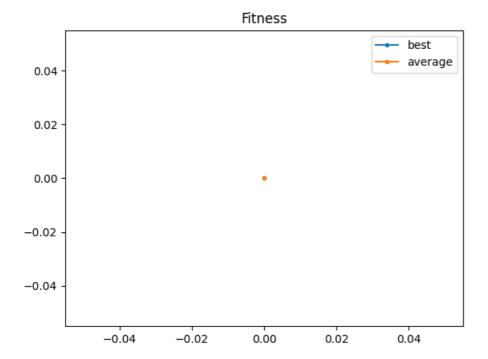
Problem solved!

Fitness function:

```
def test_11d_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    return 0 if y[0] == 1 else 1000
```

Best fitness: 0

```
{
    e = read;
    print 7;
}
```



Test: 11e

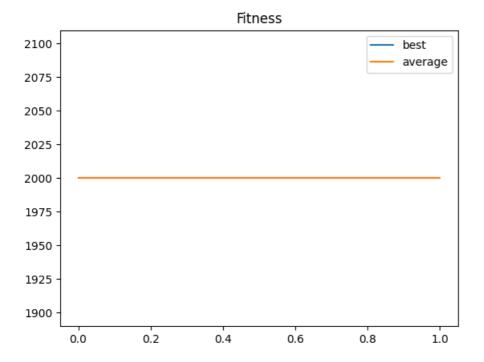
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_11e_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    return 0 if y[0] == 789 else 1000
```

Best fitness: 2000

```
{
   d
   print 20;
}
```



Test: 11f

Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

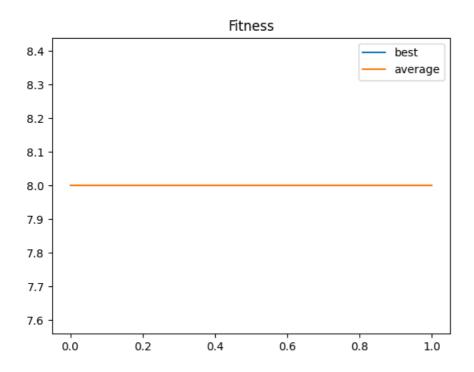
```
def test_11f_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    return 0 if y[0] == 1 else 1000
```

Best fitness: 8

```
l = read;
if 1 < 1 {
l = 1 * 1;
if 1 != 1 {
print 8;
print 18;
if 1 < 1 {
print 6;
print 0;
print -2;
print 3;
1 = 1 - 1;

1 = 1 + 1;
print 10;
for 1 > 1 {
print 3;
if 1 <= 1 {
print 4;
print 4;
l = 1 + 1;
if 1 >= 1 {
print 1;
print 16;
print 8;
print -1;
print 20;
q = read;
print 7;
```

```
print 9;
}
print 18;
print 12;
print 7;
print 17;
print 1;
print 1;
h = read;
print 20;
}
```



Test: 12a

Problem not solved.

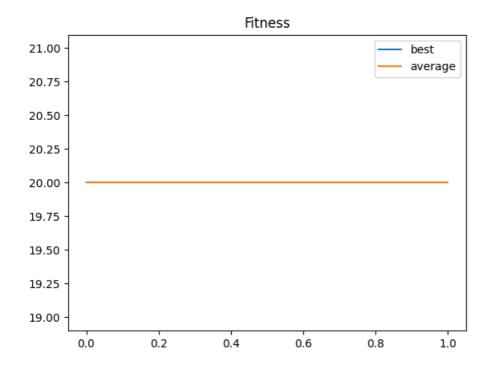
Fitness function:

```
def test_12a_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    s = input_array[0] + input_array[1]
    return abs(s - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 20

```
{
  h = read;
  for h != h {
    print 3;
  h = h * h;
    print 9;
  if h == h {
    print 11;
    print 11;
    print -1;
  h = h - h;
    print 18;
    print 18;
    print 18;
    print 2;
}
```

```
print h;
print 13;
print 17;
print 13;
if h < h {
print h;
print 15;
if h < h {
print 17;
print 0;
if h >= h {
print 16;
print 10;
print h;
print 4;
h = h + h;
print 19;
print h;
print 0;
print 17;
print print 20;;
print h;
print 7;
p = read;
```



Test: 12b

Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

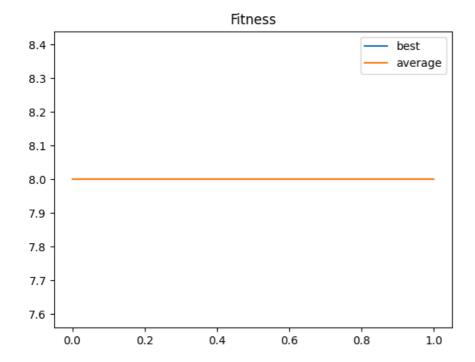
```
def test_12b_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    s = input_array[0] + input_array[1]
    return abs(s - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

Best program:

{

```
e = read;
print -1;
```



Test: 12c

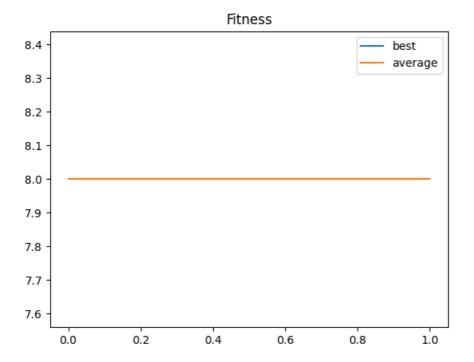
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_12c_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    s = input_array[0] + input_array[1]
    return abs(s - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
  p = read;
  print 12;
  p = i = read;;
  j = read;
  print 6;
  if p <= p {
    print -2;
    print 4;
    print -1;
    print 3;
    print 5;
}</pre>
```



Test: 12d

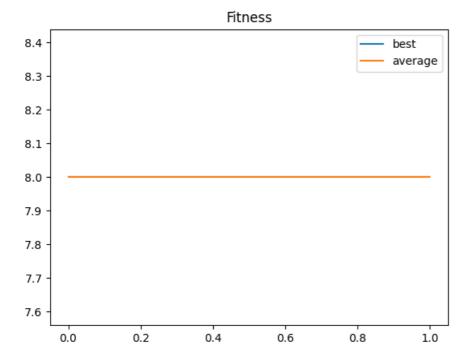
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_12d_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    s = input_array[0] - input_array[1]
    return abs(s - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
  p = read;
  print 6;
  print 19;
  k = read;
  p = p - k;
  w = read;
  print 16;
  for w <= k {
  print 19;
  print -1;
  z = read;
  print w;
  print 14;
  print 14;
  print 2;
  print w;
}</pre>
```



Test: 12e

Problem not solved.

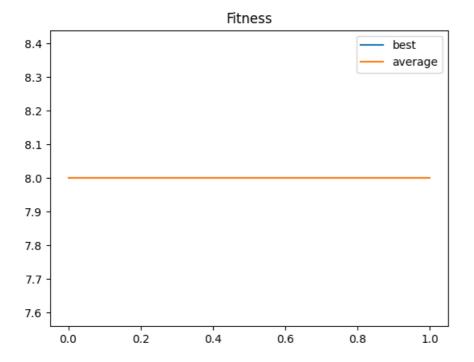
Fitness function:

```
def test_12e_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    s = input_array[0] * input_array[1]
    return abs(s - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
  u = read;
  d = read;
  if u != u {
    print 18;
    print 5;
    print 6;
}

print 2;
  k = read;
  print 7;
  print -1;
```



Test: 13a

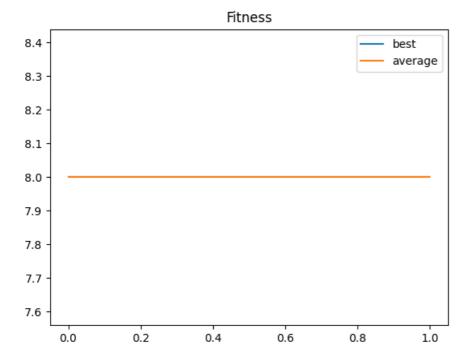
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_13a_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    if input_array[0] > input_array[1]:
        return 0 if y[0] == input_array[0] else 1000
    else:
        return 0 if y[0] == input_array[1] else 1000
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
    d = read;
    print 8;
    print 19;
    print 2;
    print 3;
    print 9;
    print 15;
    print 17;
```



Test: 13b

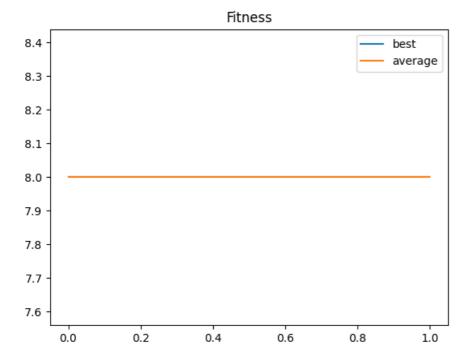
Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_13b_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000
    if input_array[0] > input_array[1]:
        return 0 if y[0] == input_array[0] else 1000
    else:
        return 0 if y[0] == input_array[1] else 1000
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
    s = read;
    print s;
    print 12;
    print 3;
    print 2;
    print 0;
    1
    s = s * s;
    print 0;
}
```



Test: 14a

Problem not solved.

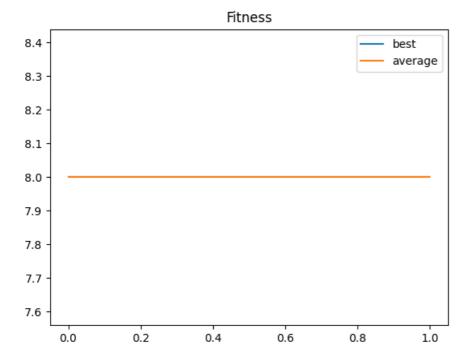
Fitness function:

```
def test_14a_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000

avg = sum(input_array) / len(input_array)
    return abs(avg - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
  d = read;
  print 18;
}
```



Test: 14b

Problem not solved.

Fitness function:

```
def test_14b_fitness(input_array, y):
    if len(y) > 1:
        return len(y)
    if len(y) == 0:
        return 1000

avg = sum(input_array[1:]) / len(input_array[1:])
    return abs(avg - y[0])
```

Best fitness: 8

```
{
    q = read;
    print 7;
    print 15;
    q = q / q;
    q = q - q;
    print q;
    print 14;
    print 14;
    print q;
} = read;
    print z;
print z;
}
```

