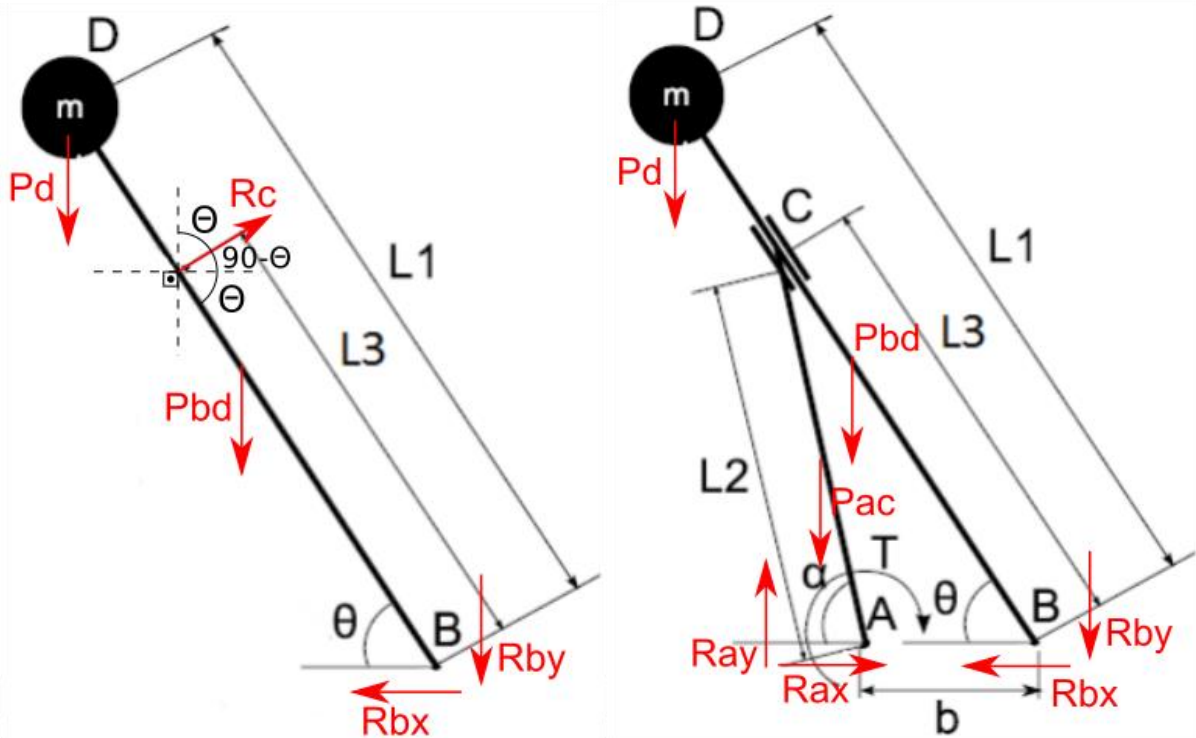


Trabalho Computacional 1

Diagramas de Corpo Livre



Equações de Equilíbrio e Relações Trigonômicas

$$R_C = \frac{L1 \cdot \cos \theta}{2 \cdot L3} (2 \cdot P_D + P_{BD})$$

$$R_{Bx} = R_C \cdot \sin \theta$$

$$R_{By} = R_C \cdot \cos \theta - P_D - P_{BD}$$

$$R_{Ax} = R_{Bx}$$

$$R_{Ay} = R_{By} + P_D + P_{BD} + P_{AC}$$

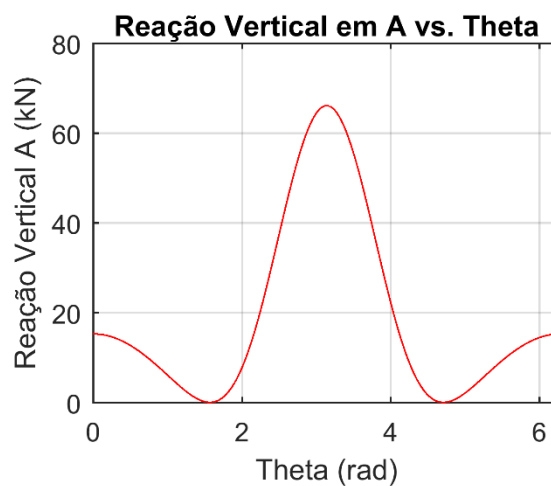
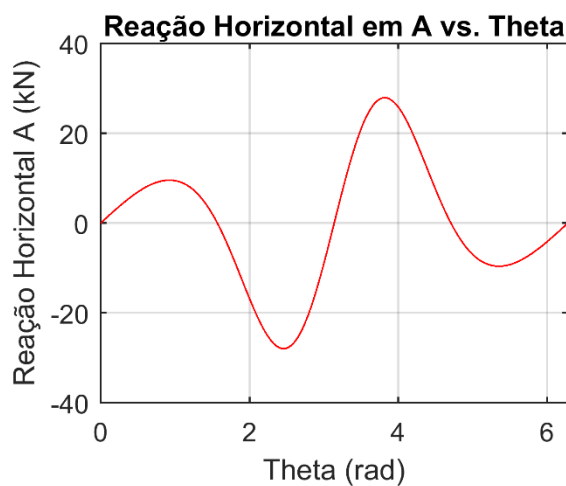
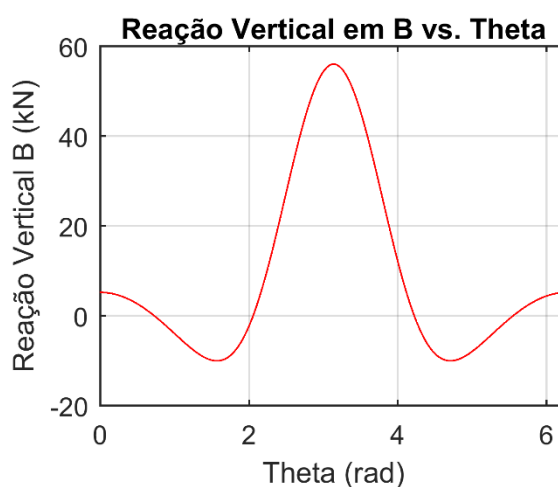
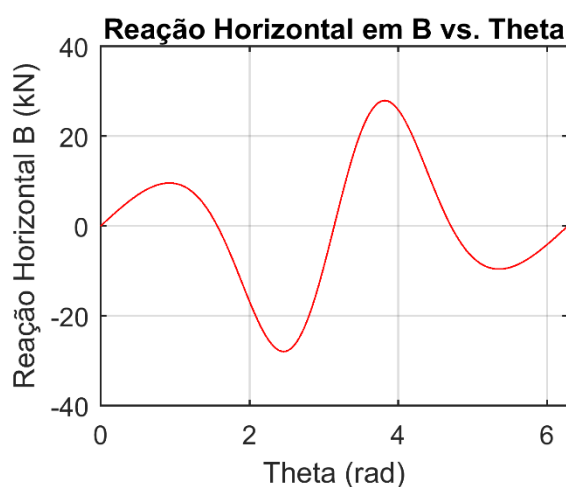
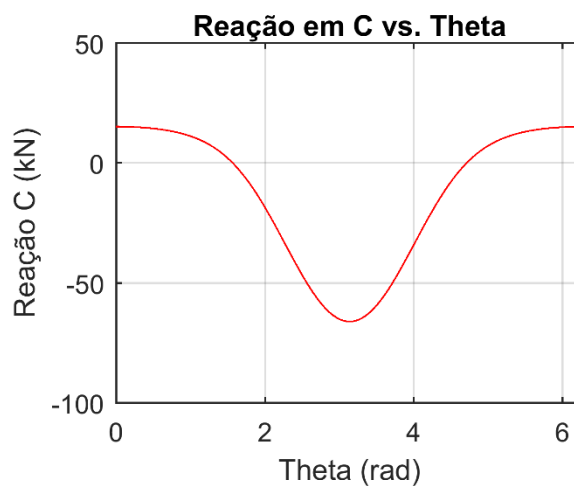
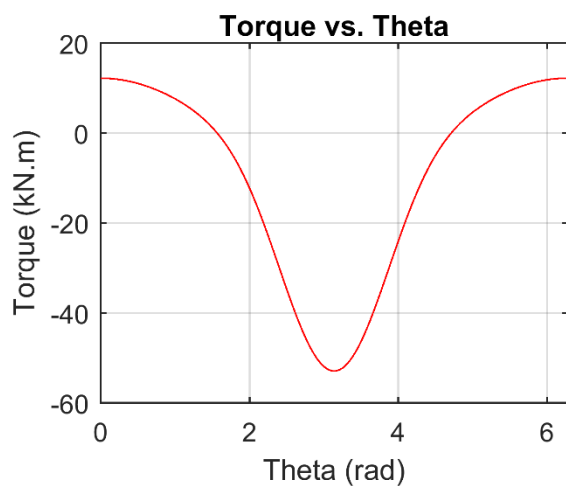
$$T = \frac{P_{AC} \cdot L2 \cdot \cos \alpha}{2} + P_D (L1 \cdot \cos \theta - b) + P_{BD} \left(\frac{L1 \cdot \cos \theta}{2} - b \right) - R_{By} \cdot b$$

Do triângulo formado por L2, L3 e b:

$$\alpha = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{b \cdot \sin \theta}{L2} \right) + \theta$$

$$L3 = \frac{L2 \cdot \sin \alpha}{\sin \theta}$$

Gráficos



Módulo do Torque Máximo

O módulo máximo de torque encontrado foi 52.886364 $kN.m$