Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

New Book, "The Art of Machine Learning" and Intro to the qeML Package

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

December 12, 2023

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

- · Almost all books are either
 - math-heavy or
 - "cookbooks," step-by-step "recipes," or
 - both

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

- Almost all books are either
 - math-heavy or
 - "cookbooks," step-by-step "recipes," or
 - both
- ML is an art, not a science
 - Note my previous NSP "Art of " books:
 - The Art of R Programming
 - The Art of Debugging
 - ML is typically taught in a "What function should I call, and with what arguments?" mode

- Almost all books are either
 - math-heavy or
 - "cookbooks," step-by-step "recipes," or
 - both
- ML is an art, not a science
 - Note my previous NSP "Art of " books:
 - The Art of R Programming
 - The Art of Debugging
 - ML is typically taught in a "What function should I call, and with what arguments?" mode
- My goal is to enable the reader to use ML in the real world.

- Almost all books are either
 - math-heavy or
 - "cookbooks," step-by-step "recipes," or
 - both
- ML is an art, not a science
 - Note my previous NSP "Art of " books:
 - The Art of R Programming
 - The Art of Debugging
 - ML is typically taught in a "What function should I call, and with what arguments?" mode
- My goal is to enable the reader to use ML in the real world.
- NO MATH IS USED (just slope of line), but INTUITION is centrally important.

- Almost all books are either
 - math-heavy or
 - "cookbooks," step-by-step "recipes," or
 - both
- ML is an art, not a science
 - Note my previous NSP "Art of " books:
 - The Art of R Programming
 - The Art of Debugging
 - ML is typically taught in a "What function should I call, and with what arguments?" mode
- My goal is to enable the reader to use ML in the real world.
- NO MATH IS USED (just slope of line), but INTUITION is centrally important. What do these methods REALLY do?

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

Chapter Outline

Chapter Outline

- Prologue: Regression problems, illustrated with k-NN
- Prologue: Classification problems, illustrated with k-NN
- Bias, Variance, Overfitting
- Dealing with Large Numbers of Features
- Decision Tress
- Tweaking the Tress
- Finding a Good Set of Hyperparamters
- Parametric Methods: Linear, generalized linear models
- Parametric Methods: Shrinkage-based models
- Parametric Methods: Support Vector Machines
- Parametric Methods: Neural networks
- Image classification
- Time Series and Text

Recurring Sections: the Bias-Variance Tradeoff

- Supremely important—18,400,000 results to my Google query.
- Yet most books just devote one or two very vague sentences to it.
- Sections 1.7, call of Chapter 3, 4.3.6, 6.1, 6.3.5, 9.3.2, 11.10, 13.4
- Example: k-Nearest Neighbors, Section 1.7
 - if k is small, not many neighbors, a small "sample"—hence large variance
 - if k is large, some neighbors are quite distant, hence a bias; e.g. Y = weight, X = height
- Advantages and disadvantages of parametric models, including polynomial regression.

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

Recurring Sections: Pitfalls

Recurring Sections: Pitfalls

- Sections 1.13, 1.14, 1.15, 1.16, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.2.5, 2.4, 2.7.5, 5.3.1, 11.8, Appendix D
- Example: Random Forests, Setion 5.3.1:
 - NYC taxi data (n=10000 version)
 - potentially 29,315 pickup and dropoff combinations!
 - we aim roughly for $p < \sqrt{m}$;
 - partykit package error message, "too many levels"
 - possibly consolidate or even use latitude-longitude embedding

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

Statistics vs. CS

Statistics vs. CS

- Old Breiman "Two Cultures" essay still applies.
- Sampling variation vs. "the data."
- E.g. grid search for hyperpaamter tuning includes standard errors.
- Statistics
 ⇔ CS Translator, e.g. prediction ⇔ inference

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

The qeML Package

Norm Matloff University of California, Davis

The qeML Package

- On CRAN.
- Independent of the book.
- "Quick and Easy" ML
- Uniform, SIMPLE user interface.
- Various default options.

```
z \leftarrow \mathsf{qeRF}\big(\,\mathsf{svcensus}\,\,,\,\,'\,\mathsf{wageinc}\,\,'\,\big)
```

One simple call, that's all! No clumsy setup needed.

- "Easy for learners, powerful for advanced users"
- Excellent for teaching:
 - SIMPLE user interface.
 - Many built-in datasets.
 - Includes a number of built-in ML tutorials.