

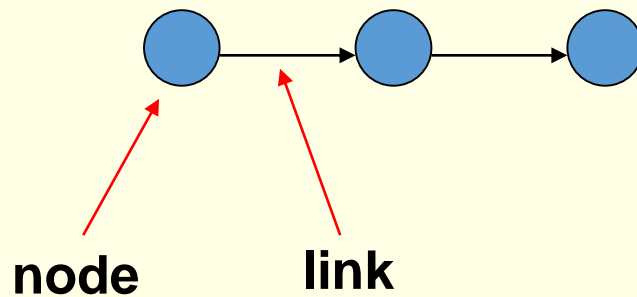


THE LINKED LIST

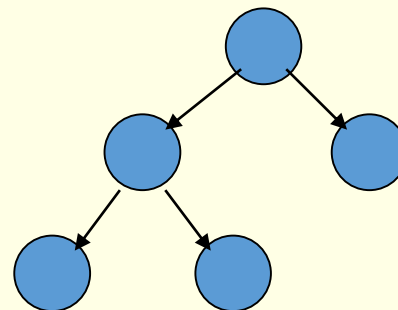
Many areas of Computer Science utilise
dynamic data structures

lists

(e.g stack, heap)



Binary trees





Eg. A linked list of 'Towns'

Define the
Node class



```
class TownNode
{
    private string townName;
    private TownNode next;

    public TownNode( string name )
    {
        townName = name;
    }

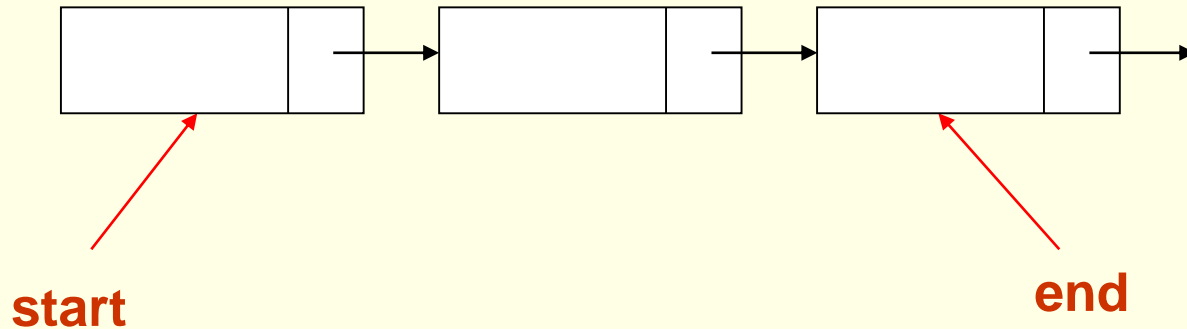
    public TownNode getNext()
    {    return next;    }

    public string getName()
    {    return name;    }

    public void setNext( TownNode current )
    {    next = current;    }
}
```



Define the List class



```
class TownList
{
    private TownNode start;
    private TownNode end;

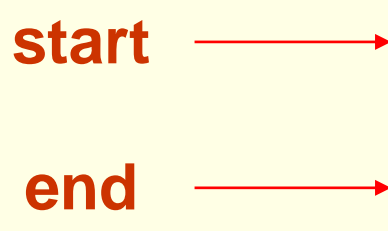
    public TownList( ) {...}
    void addTownAtEnd( string name ) {...}
    void listAllNames( ) {...}
}
```



1. Create a new 'empty' linked list

// create an empty list in Main()

```
TownList towns = new TownList( );
```



// Implementation

```
public TownList( )  
{  
    start = null;  
    end = null;  
}
```



2. Add the first node to the list

// call method addTownAtEnd(string)

towns.addTownAtEnd("Ipswich");

// Implementation

```
public addTownAt End( string name )  
{  
    TownNode current = new TownNode ( name );  
    if ( end == null )  
    {  
        start = current;  
        end = current;  
    }  
    else  
    {....}
```





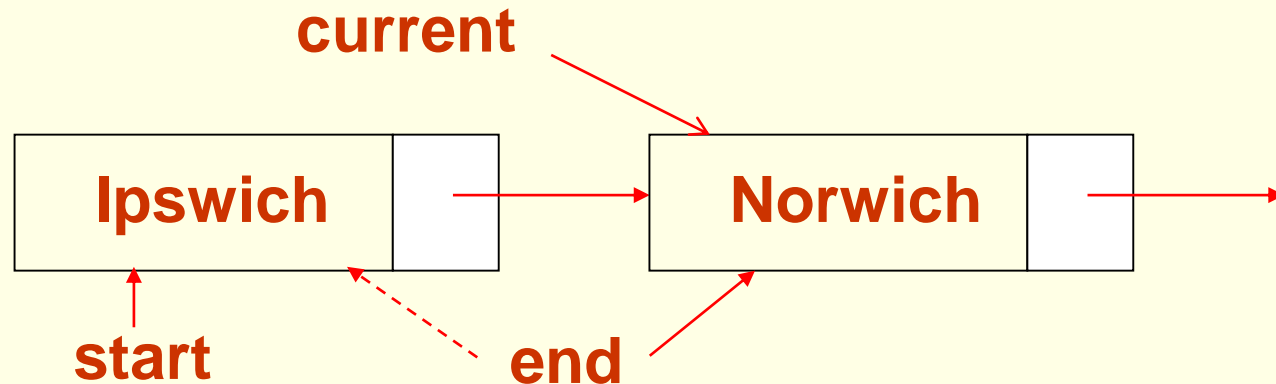
3. Add node to end of list

// call method addTownAtEnd()

towns.addTownAtEnd("Norwich");

// Implementation

```
if(....) {....}  
else  
{  
    end.setNext( current );  
    end = current;  
}
```





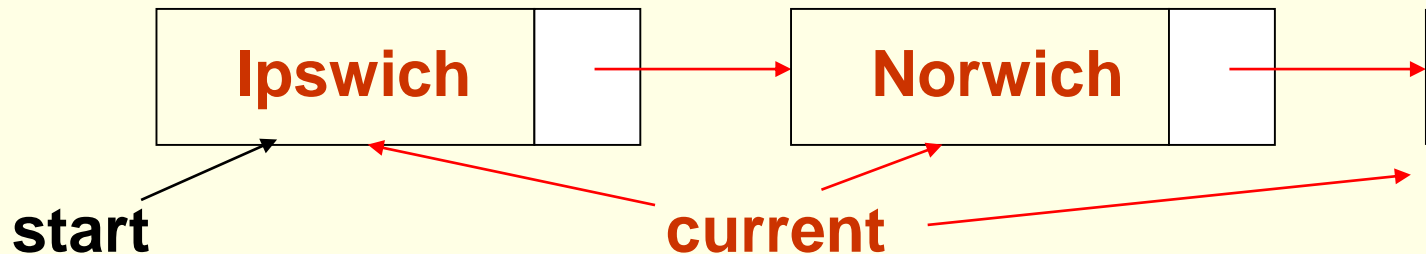
4. Traverse the list

// call method listAllNames()

towns.listAllNames();

// Implementation

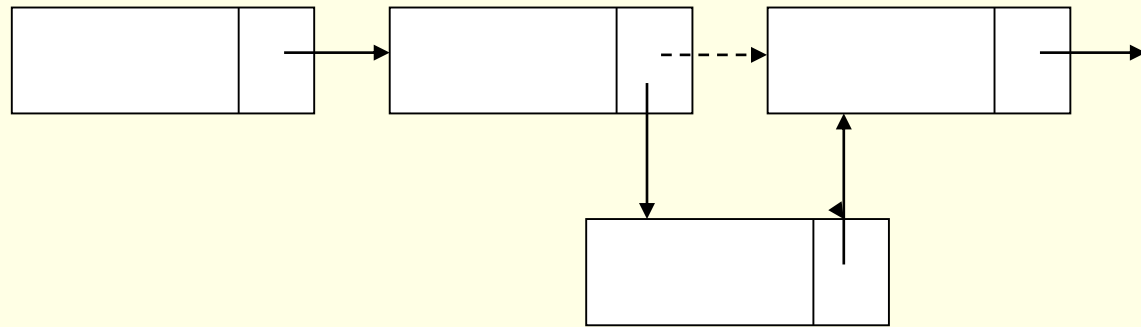
```
public void listAllNames( )  
{  
    TownNode current = start;  
    while( current != null)  
    {  
        Console.WriteLine("Town is " + current.getName() );  
        current = current.getNext();  
    }  
}
```



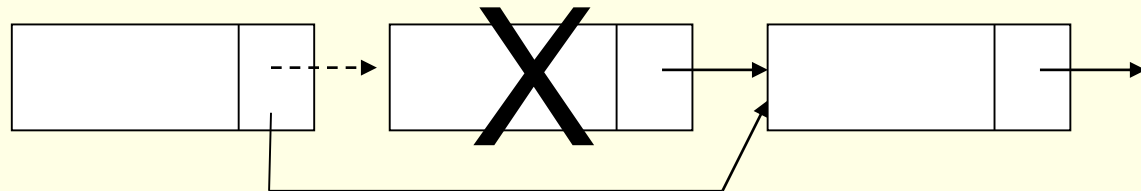


More complicated operations

Insertions:



Deletions:





The C# Standard Template Library

STL provides ‘off-the-shelf’ data structures
including **containers**

- list - doubly linked list
- queue - FIFO
- stack - LIFO



Assignment: one possible approach

- 1) Create all rooms
- 2) Set links
- 3) Start game (loop?)

Enhancing the assignment

- Implement inheritance
- Allow different maze configurations to be used (store in application, in separate file, and/or generate randomly)

Room
- n: Room - s: Room - e: Room - w: Room -?
+ Room() + setN(Room) + getN() : Room +?

