

# Context-Preserving Cutaways in Molecular Visualization

M. Le Muzic<sup>†1</sup>, P. Mindek<sup>‡1</sup>, and I. Viola<sup>§1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>TU Wien, Austria

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## Abstract

*In molecular biology and similar fields, knowledge transfer is commonly carried out through schematic illustrations. Traditionally, illustrations of biological processes on the molecular level have been created by manual hand drawing. Nowadays, complex models of various biochemical structures and micro-organisms exist. These models can be utilized in creating computer-generated biological illustrations through various molecular-visualization algorithms. In this paper, we propose a method for enhancing real-time molecular-visualization algorithms with the capability to display cutaway views. Such an option is beneficial to biological illustrators, since the technique of cutaway display is ubiquitously applied in traditional illustration. In contrast with existing algorithms for creating cutaway views, we take advantage of the specific nature of the biochemical models, which consist of multiple instances of the same molecular type. By reintroducing some of these instances in the parts of the rendered illustration which has been cut away to reveal internal structures, we are able to preserve the context of the objects of interest.*

Categories and Subject Descriptors (according to ACM CCS): I.3.3 [Computer Graphics]: Picture/Image Generation—Viewing algorithms

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## 1. Introduction

In the field of molecular biology, micro-biology, and medicine, illustrations are essential for the inter- and intra-disciplinary knowledge transfer. Over the years, illustrators invented various techniques for capturing specific aspects of the displayed objects and processes. One of the most common methods utilized in the technical illustration are so-called *cutaway views*. When a cutaway view is applied, parts of the illustrated object are left out, such as if they were physically cut away. In this way, internal structures, which are to be communicated by the illustration, can be shown.

There are several issues with using cutaway views in illustrations. First one is that it has to be clear from the visual representation of the cut that the given part of the object has been removed artificially for the sake of illustration. Otherwise the viewers might believe that the hole created by the cut is in fact inherent part of the object. This is commonly

solved by using specific shapes of the cuts which significantly differ from the shapes of the object itself (e.g., using circular cut on object consisting of straight lines only).

Another issue is the information about the part of the object that is being cut away is lost. When displaying man-made objects, this issue is often circumvented by displaying contours of the cutaway part of the object. Contours are not occluding the objects of interest, but at the same time they help to convey the overall shape of the cutaway part.

## 2. Related Work

[VKG05] [BHW\*07] [BF08] [LRA\*07] [LHV12] [MAPV15]

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<sup>†</sup> mathieu@cg.tuwien.ac.at

<sup>‡</sup> mindek@cg.tuwien.ac.at

<sup>§</sup> viola@cg.tuwien.ac.at

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