

# 10 Ways to Guide AI Agent Behavior

Using `RequirementAgent` for predictable multi-turn workflows

# Why we built the RequirementAgent

When we started building agentic systems, we quickly hit a problem:

1. Fixed workflows were **too rigid**.
2. Unconstrained agents were **too unpredictable**.

We needed a way to **guide behavior at every step** of an interaction, without writing control logic or constantly tweaking prompts.

## The solution: #RequirementAgent

It lets you define **constraints** — simple rules agents must follow.

Examples:

- Only run Tool A after Tool B
- Use a tool exactly once, no more
- Ask a human before sending an email
- Stop immediately if sensitive content appears

# Why it matters

This makes agent behavior predictable and reliable, without:

- Hardcoding logic
- Relying on fragile prompts

It's ideal for:

- Multi-agent handoff and delegation
- Minimizing hallucinations in tool-driven workflows
- Human-in-the-loop processes
- ReAct-style planning and reasoning

## Available now in #BeeAI

We've been using this pattern internally for weeks — it's been invaluable.

Now, it's available to everyone in the **BeeAI framework**.

👉 This deck contains **10 real examples** — from simple ordering to full agent coordination.

# 1. Require context before tool use

💡 Get the user's location before checking the weather

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[fetch_user_location, weather_tool],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            weather_tool,  
            only_after=[fetch_user_location],  
        )  
    ]  
)
```

## 2. Require tool use exactly once

💡 Must use `price_estimator` exactly once at any time

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[price_estimator],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            price_estimator,  
            min_invocations=1, # Must use at least once  
            max_invocations=1, # Cannot use more than once  
        )  
    ]  
)
```

### 3. Start with analysis, only once

💡 Analyze the task before taking action

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[analyze_task],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            analyze_task,  
            force_at_step=1, # Must be the first tool used  
            max_invocations=1, # Can only be used once  
        )  
    ]  
)
```



## 4. Retry search with rephrasing

💡 Retry up to 3 times if search is empty

```
class RetryWithRephrasing(Requirement):
    # ...
    async def run(...):
        if last_step.is_empty():
            return [Rule(target="rephrase_tool", forced=True)]

agent = RequirementAgent(
    tools=[rephrase_tool, wikipedia_search_tool],
    requirements=[
        RetryWithRephrasing(wikipedia_search_tool),
        ConditionalRequirement(wikipedia_search_tool, max_invocations=3), # Max 3 times
    ]
)
```

## 5. Multi-agent handoff with constraints

💡 Use Destination Expert before Weather Expert

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[  
        HandoffTool(destination_expert),  
        HandoffTool(weather_expert)  
    ],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            "weather_expert",  
            only_after="destination_expert"  
        ),  
    ]  
)
```

## 6. ReAct loop control

💡 Alternate tools and reasoning; avoid consecutive thinking

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[ThinkTool(), wikipedia_tool, weather_tool],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            ThinkTool,  
            force_at_step=1, # Must start with thinking  
            force_after=[Tool], # Force thinking after any tool  
            consecutive_allowed=False, # Prevent consecutive thinking  
        )  
    ]  
)
```

## 7. Require one tool before another

💡 Search flights before booking

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[search_flights, book_flight],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            book_flight,  
            only_after=[search_flights],  
        )  
    ]  
)
```

## 8. Enforce final action before answer

💡 Send summary before final answer

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[get_sales_data, send_email_summary],  
    requirements=[  
        ConditionalRequirement(  
            send_email_summary,  
            min_invocations=1,  
            max_invocations=1,  
        ),  
        ConditionalRequirement("final_answer", force_after=send_email_summary),  
    ]  
)
```

## 9. Ask user before sensitive tools

💡 Always ask before sending an email to the manager

```
agent = RequirementAgent(  
    tools=[send_email_to_manager, draft_report],  
    requirements=[  
        AskPermissionRequirement(  
            send_email_to_manager,  
            remember_choices=False,  
        )  
    ]  
)
```

## 10. Stop if sensitive data detected

💡 Halt if credit card number appears in output

```
class PrematureStopRequirement(Requirement):
    # ...
    async def run(...):
        text = last_output.get_text_content()
        if re.search(self.pattern, text):
            return [Rule(target="final_answer", forced=True)]

agent = RequirementAgent(
    tools=[log_reviewer],
    requirements=[
        PrematureStopRequirement(
            pattern=r"\b\d{4}[\s-]?\d{4}[\s-]?\d{4}[\s-]?\d{4}\b", # Credit card pattern
            reason="output contains credit card numbers"
        )
    ]
)
```

# Thanks!

Which one would you use first?

**Repository:** [github.com/matoushavlena/beeai-requirement-agent-examples](https://github.com/matoushavlena/beeai-requirement-agent-examples)

Let's connect on [LinkedIn](#) — [@matoushavlena](#)