## Exercise 2

## August 14, 2016

## 1 Assignment

During the designing process of a component, the engineer will normally receive as input several design requerimients that the component will have to satisfy. The selection of the appropriate material is one of the major engineering decisions while designing a mechanical component. The usage of adequate constitutive relations in a finite element model allows to simulate very accurately the behaviour of a given material. Under this scenario among others, finite element analysis helps to speed up designing times while reducing costs.

Let's consider a mast which is fixed to the ground and subjected to the wind action. The geometry, material properties and boundary conditions are given by Fig. 1. The mast can be built using two available materials at the moment: steel or aluminium. Aluminum is cheaper but it is less rigid. The only design condition is that the maximum displacement on x direction can not be larger than  $7 \, mm$ . Will aluminium satisfy the design requeriment?. In case aluminium is not admissible, will steel serve as an alternative?

- Run this problem using Ostero, assuming geometrical linearity and an elastic material model under plane stress assumption. Postprocess the results with ParaView.
- Look for the point of maximum x displacement.
- See if the design requerimient is fulfilled.
- If not, re-run the case using steel and re-check the condition.
- Do you think steel would serve as a good substitution?

If you get lost, in the RESOLUTION folder you will find several hints that will help you with the fullfilment of this assignment.

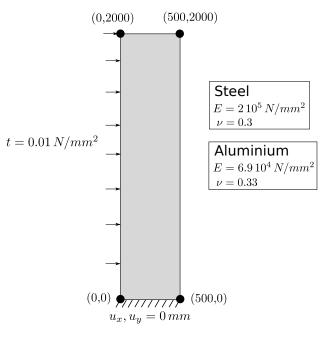


Figure 1: Geometry, properties and boundary conditions.