PROBLEM: This program uses structures and pointers.

It will receive (via a file) a set of long jump tries for a set of jumpers. To cut down on the complexity of this program, we will use a zero for both fouled jumps and passed jumps. We will figure out the best jump for each competitor, the average of the best jumps, and the winning best jump.

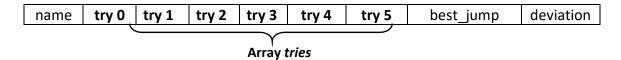
(1) You first need to declare a structure type *jumper_t*. I named my structure *jumper_t* and its 4 parts are:

a character array *name* that is 16 in length,

a double array of tries that is N TRIES in length,

a double named best jump, and

a double named deviation.



(2) Next you need to declare a structure type stats_t.

I named my structure *stats_t* and its 2 parts are:

variables, both type double, named average of best, winning jump.

(3) Write the function get_stats. The prototype is:

It will now figure the best jump for each jumper, compute the all-over average of all the best jumps, find the winning jump, and each jumper's deviation from the winning jump.

(4) You will be provided a test driver program that needs very little changing. You will only need to <u>add</u> the two structures and the one function *get stats*.

FILES TO COPY:

First move to your class folder by typing: cd csc60

The following command will create a directory named **lab7** and put all the needed files into it below your csc60 directory.

Type: cp -R /gaia/home/faculty/bielr/files_csc60/lab7.

Spaces needed: (1) After the cp

↑ Don't miss the space & dot.

- (2) After the -R
- (3) After the directory name at the end & before the dot.

After the files are in your account and you are still in **csc60**, you need to type: **chmod 755 lab7** This will give permissions to the directory.

Next move into lab7 directory, and type: chmod 644 lab7*

This will give permissions to the files.

Your new lab7 directory should now contain: lab7.c, lab7.dat, lab7sample.dat

CSC 60. Lab 7. Structs Page 2 of 5.

INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION:

The program input is a set of jumper's names and their six tries the long jump. The jump lengths are type double.

Each record/line of the file has a jumper's name and six tries, and space for the best_jump of the jumper and the deviation from the winning jump.

The file consists of the four names, followed by the first six tries, and then each successive set of tries.

ALGORITHM DEVELOPMENT - Pseudocode:

```
main
 out file = open out file ();
 get data(IN FILENAME, jump list);
 get_stats(jump_list, &jump_stats);
 print all(out file, jump list, &jump stats);
FILE * open out file(void)
 Open the output file
 Return the output file pointer.
/*----*/
void get_data (char *filename, /* input */
      jumper t jump list[NCOMPETITORS]); /* output */
 Open the appropriate file
 Read the data into the jump list array
      (Use double loops, one each for columns and rows)
 Close the file
/*-----*/
```

→ MORE ON NEXT PAGE

```
/* This is a sub-function that you have to write */
void get stats(jumper t jump list[NCOMPETITORS], /* in & out */
             stats t *jump stats)
                                                  /* in & out */
{
   Zero out the average of best. (HINT: use the -> notation)
   Zero out the winning_jump.
   loop from r=zero to r< NCOMPETITORS, increment by one {
      set the jumper's best jump to the jumper's first jump
      loop from c=one to c< N TRIES increment by one
          if the next jump TRY > the contents of the best jump column
             set the best column to this better jump try
             /* end of the loop using "c" */
      add the jumper's best jump into the running total average of best
      loop from c=zero to c< N TRIES increment by one {
         figure the winning-best jump of all the jumps (use an IF)
      }
             /* end of the second loop using "c" */
             /* end of the loop using "r" */
  compute the average of the best jumps
  loop from r=zero to < NCOMPETITORS increment by one {
      figure the jumper's deviation from the winning jump
      (deviation is all-over winning_jump minus each jumper's best jump)
             /* end of the second loop using "r" */
  return
/*----*/
/* The print all SUB-FUNCTION is provided for you
                                                     */
void print all(FILE * out file,
            jumper t jump list[NCOMPETITORS],
            stats t *jump stats)
  /* This routine does all the printing and is a model for referencing the variables. */
/*----*/
```

more on next page

CSC 60. Lab 7. Structs Page 4 of 5.

REMINDER: Check the validity of your answers.

If a parameter is passed into a function without the asterisk, you are to use the "dot" notation.

If the parameter is passed into a function with the asterisk, you are to use the "points into" notation (->).

HAND EXAMPLE:

This is a sample hand example. It may <u>not</u> match the provided data file in length or in value! This sample data is in the file named prog5sample.dat.

SAMPLE OUTPUT:

Your Name, Lab 7 output.

Track Results

Name	Try 1	Try 2	Try 3	Try 4	Try 5	Try 6	Best Jump	Deviation
Moe Johnson	1.00	5.00	2.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	5.00	1.00
Lad Loop	2.00	6.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	2.00	6.00	0.00
Monroe Miner	3.00	2.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	1.00
Jay Jacob	4.00	2.00	0.00	3.00	4.00	1.00	4.00	2.00

Best Jump Average = 5.00 meters
Winning Jump = 6.00 meters

Comments:

In function get_data, I had a lot of trouble getting the columns to line up. When I used a conversion specifier of %15c, the names printed out, but each line of numbers moved one space to the left. So then I tried %s. The string had a New-Line buried in it, resulting in a name on one line, and its numbers on the next line.

So finally, I read the string using "fgets", function-get-string. The string still contains the New-Line, but I also used the function "strchr" to seach the string for the location of the New-Line, and changed that position in the string to a NULL. Everything then printed out OK. (One can do a "man fgets" for more information.)

A string, by definition, is a character array where the last character is NULL. That is why there is code in get data to put a NULL into the last location of the string.

→ more on next page

CSC 60. Lab 7. Structs Page 5 of 5.

PREPARE YOUR FILE FOR GRADING:

Make sure your program has been set to use lab7.dat and has been re-complied (qcc).

When all is well and correct,

Type: script StudentName_lab7.txt [Script will keep a log of your session.]

Type: cat lab7.c to display the code in your session.

Type: **gcc lab7.c** to compile the code

Type: **a.out** to run the program (If you use a *-o name*, then use that name to execute.)

Type: cat lab7.out to show contents of the output file

Type: **exit** to leave the script session

Turn in your completed session:

Go to Canvas and turn in your script session (StudentName_lab7.txt).