CSc 174 Database Management Systems

9. Normalization (Review)

Ying Jin
Computer Science Department
California state University, Sacramento

What is normalization?

- Normalization: The process of decomposing unsatisfactory relations by breaking up their attributes into smaller relations
 - Use
 - keys
 - FDs

to certify whether a relation schema is in a particular normal form

Definitions of Keys and Attributes Participating in Keys

♦ A **superkey** of a relation schema $R = \{A_1, A_2, ..., A_n\}$ is a set of attributes $S \subseteq R$ with the property that no two tuples t_1 and t_2 in any legal relation state r of R will have $t_1[S] = t_2[S]$

$$\{k\}^+ = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ?$$

A key K is a superkey with the additional property that removal of any attribute from K will cause K not to be a superkey any more.

Definitions of Keys and Attributes Participating in Keys (Cont.)

If a relation schema has more than one key, each is called a candidate key. One of the candidate keys is arbitrarily designated to be the primary key, and the others are called secondary keys.

First Normal Form

- Disallows composite attributes, multivalued attributes;
- Disallows attributes whose values for an individual tuple are non-atomic
- Considered to be part of the definition of relation

3NF

- X-> Y is **trivial** if $Y \subset X$, otherwise, it is nontrival.
- A relation schema R is in third normal form (3NF) if, whenever a non-trivial FD X -> A holds in R, then either:
 - (1) X is a superkey of R, or
 - (2) A is a prime attribute of R

BCNF (Boyce-Codd Normal Form)

- A relation schema R is in Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF) if whenever an nontrivial FD X -> A holds in R, then X is a superkey of R
- Each normal form is strictly stronger than the previous one
 - Every 2NF relation is in 1NF
 - Every 3NF relation is in 2NF
 - Every BCNF relation is in 3NF
- There exist relations that are in 3NF but not in BCNF

These slides are based on the textbook:

R. Elmasri and S. Navathe, *Fundamentals of Database System*, 7th Edition, Addison-Wesley.