

Suppose $y_1 = \sin(x)$ and $y_2 = \cos(x)$ are solutions to a homogeneous linear differential equation $F(x, y, y', y'') = 0$. Which of the following best reflects what are additional solutions for the differential equation?

- A. $y = 2\sin(x) - 3\cos(x)$
- B. All of the functions listed here.
- C. $y = -3\cos(x) - \pi\sin(x)$
- D. $y = \sqrt{2}\sin(x) + 3\cos(x)$

Solution:

SOLUTION:

The correct answer is B.

Correct Answers:

- B

2. (1 point) Select the following pairs of functions that are linearly independent.

- A. $y_1 = 9x, y_2 = x$
- B. $y_1 = \cos(x), y_2 = \sin(x)$
- C. $y_1 = 1, y_2 = x$
- D. $y_1 = e^x, y_2 = 5e^x$
- E. $y_1 = e^x, y_2 = e^{-x}$
- F. $y_1 = \sin(x), y_2 = -\sin(x)$
- G. None of the above

Solution:

SOLUTION:

The correct answer is BCE.

Correct Answers:

- BCE

Suppose $F(x, y, y', y'', \dots, y^{(8)}) = 0$ an order 8 linear differential equation. Which of the following statements is NOT true, regarding a fundamental set of solutions for the DE?

- A. That the functions in the set are linearly independent.
- B. That any of the functions multiplied together form another solution.
- C. That the set must consist of 8 functions..
- D. That the functions in the set are all solutions.

Solution:

SOLUTION:

The correct answer is B.

Correct Answers:

- B

4. (1 point) Suppose $y_1 = e^{5x}$ and $y_2 = e^{2x}$ are solutions to a homogeneous linear differential equation. Use the Wronskian to show that the solutions are linearly independent.

$$\text{Wronskian} = \det \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} & \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} & \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

These solutions are linearly independent because the Wronskian is [Choose/zero/nonzero] for all x .

Correct Answers:

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| $e^{(5x)}$ | $e^{(2x)}$ |
| $5e^{(5x)}$ | $2e^{(2x)}$ |
- $e^{(5x)} * 2e^{(2x)} - e^{(2x)} * 5e^{(5x)}$
- nonzero

It can be shown that $y_1 = e^{-3x}$ and $y_2 = xe^{-3x}$ are solutions to the differential equation $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$ on $(-\infty, \infty)$.

What does the Wronskian of y_1, y_2 equal on $(-\infty, \infty)$?

$W(y_1, y_2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ on $(-\infty, \infty)$.

1. Is $\{y_1, y_2\}$ a fundamental set for $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$ on $(-\infty, \infty)$?

Correct Answers:

- $e^{(-3*x)} * [e^{(-3*x)} - 3*x * e^{(-3*x)} * \ln(e)] + x * e^{(-3*x)} * 3 * e^{(-3*x)} * \ln(e)$
- YES
- C. That $n = 4$.

Suppose $y = c_1y_1 + \dots + c_ny_n$ a general solution for a homogeneous linear differential equation of order 4. Which of the following statements is NOT true, regarding the functions y_1, \dots, y_n ?

- A. That any two of the functions multiplied together are again a solution.

- B. That the functions are linearly independent.

- D. That the functions are all solutions of the DE.

Solution:

SOLUTION:

The correct answer is A.

Correct Answers:

- A