

Reduction of order purpose and process



This method works for a second order homogeneous linear differential equation. We work through an example in the video in a general way. However, here we only provide the solution.

In particular, suppose we are given the differential equation

$$y'' + P(x)y' + Q(x)y = 0,$$

where $P(x)$ and $Q(x)$ are functions of x . Additionally, suppose that $y_1(x)$ is a solution to this differential equation. Then another--linearly independent--solution for this differential equation is given by

$$y_2(x) = y_1(x) \int \frac{e^{-\int P(x) dx}}{y_1(x)^2} dx.$$

Discussion, comments, and examples:



Math45-Module-11-Video-01

WeBWork module 11 exercises:

- Problems 1, 2

Relevant Wikipedia articles:

- [Reduction of order](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reduction_of_order)  [_ \(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reduction_of_order\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reduction_of_order)