

1. (1 point)

Use linearity and known computations for the Laplace transform to compute  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\sin(2t)}{7} - 5\right\}$ .

- A.  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\sin(2t)}{7} - 5\right\} = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4} - 5$
- B.  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\sin(2t)}{7} - 5\right\} = \frac{2}{7(s^2 + 2)} - \frac{5}{s}$
- C.  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\sin(2t)}{7} - 5\right\} = \frac{2}{7(s^2 + 4)} - \frac{5}{s}$
- D.  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\sin(2t)}{7} - 5\right\} = \frac{s}{7(s^2 + 4)} - \frac{5}{s}$

**Solution:****SOLUTION:**

The correct answer is  $\frac{2}{7(s^2 + 4)} - \frac{5}{s}$ .

*Correct Answers:*

- C

2. (1 point)

Use linearity and known computations for the Laplace transform to compute  $\mathcal{L}\{2e^{4t} + 6\cos(3t)\}$ .

- A.  $\mathcal{L}\{2e^{4t} + 6\cos(3t)\} = \frac{2}{s-4} + \frac{6s}{s^2+9}$
- B.  $\mathcal{L}\{2e^{4t} + 6\cos(3t)\} = \frac{2}{s-4} + \frac{3}{s^2+9}$

- C.  $\mathcal{L}\{2e^{4t} + 6\cos(3t)\} = \frac{4}{s^2-16} + \frac{6s}{s^2+9}$

- D.  $\mathcal{L}\{2e^{4t} + 6\cos(3t)\} = \frac{4}{s-4} + \frac{6s}{s^2+3}$

**Solution:****SOLUTION:**

The correct answer is  $\frac{2}{s-4} + \frac{6s}{s^2+9}$ .

*Correct Answers:*

- A

3. (1 point)

Use linearity and known computations for the inverse Laplace transform to compute  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s-7}{s^2+2}\right\}$ .

- A.  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s-7}{s^2+2}\right\} = 5\sin(\sqrt{2}t) - \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}\cos(\sqrt{2}t)$
- B.  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s-7}{s^2+2}\right\} = 5\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - 7\sin(\sqrt{2}t)$
- C.  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s-7}{s^2+2}\right\} = 5\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}\sin(\sqrt{2}t)$
- D.  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s-7}{s^2+2}\right\} = \frac{7}{2}\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - 5\sin(\sqrt{2}t)$

**Solution:****SOLUTION:**

The correct answer is  $5\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}\sin(\sqrt{2}t)$ .

*Correct Answers:*

- C