

Please show and explain your work where necessary. Good luck!! You may use the formulas

$$u'_1 = -\frac{y_2 f(x)}{W} \quad \text{and} \quad u'_2 = \frac{y_1 f(x)}{W}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \sin & \csc \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin} \\ \cos & \sec \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos} \\ \tan & \cot \rightarrow \frac{\cos}{\sin} \end{array}$$

if you so desire.

1. (10 points) Use the method of variation of parameters to solve the differential equation

$$y'' + y = \sec(x).$$

$$y'' + y = \sec(x)$$

$$e^{Mx}(y^2 + I) = 0 \quad \begin{array}{l} 2^{\text{nd}}\text{-order linear} \\ \text{nonhomog} \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{First, homog: } y'' + y = 0 \Leftrightarrow M^2 + 1 = 0 \\ M = \pm i, \pm i; \sqrt{-1} \neq \sqrt{1}$$

$$e^0 (C_1 \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(x))$$

$$y = C_1 \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(x)$$

Variation of Parameters

$$W(f_1, f_2) = \det \begin{pmatrix} \cos & \sin \\ -\sin & \cos \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (\cos \cdot \cos) + (-(-\sin) \cdot \sin)$$

$$= 1 \leftarrow \text{Pythag}$$

$$u' = \frac{-\sin(x) \sec(x)}{1}$$

~~ASTM~~  
need  
antideriv

$$u_1' = \int \frac{-\sin(x) \sec(x)}{1} dx$$

$$= -\int \sin(x) \sec(x) dx$$

$$= -\int \frac{\sin}{\cos} dx \quad \text{u-sub: } \cos(x)$$

$$= \int -\frac{1}{u} du = -\ln|u| = -\ln|\cos(x)|$$

$$u_2 = \int \frac{\cos(x) \sec(x)}{1} dx$$

$$= \int \left( \frac{\cancel{\cos(x)}}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{\cos(x)}} \right) dx$$

$$= x$$

Particular solution

$$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$$

$$= \ln|\cos(x)| \cos(x) + x \sin(x)$$

Particular solution

$$\begin{aligned} y_p &= u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2 \\ &= \ln|\cos(x)| \cos(x) + x \sin(x) \end{aligned}$$

∴ General solution

$$y = y_h + y_p$$

$$y_h = C_1 \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(x)$$

$$y_p = \ln|\cos(x)| \cos(x) + x \sin(x)$$

$$y = C_1 \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(x) + \ln|\cos(x)| \cos(x) + x \sin(x)$$