20240425 P2 Final Exam 40 elgan stots 60% communitive

Motivation. Suppose you are modeling a solution and need to solve a linear system AX= b (AIb) However, you find out that the system is inconsistant (has no solution). What do you do?!

Option I: Try to find the best possible approximate solution. That is, try to find a vector x such that Ax is a "as close as possible" to B (even though it might not be equal B)

This is where we are going, but to do it, we first need to discuss distance

Chapter 6, Section I: Inner product, linear, distance

Worksheet 13

Chapter 6.2 £ 6.3 Orthogonal sets and orthogonal projections

Projections

Tu

Line

· Want ŷ: the projection of y anto the line spanned by Q.
· Note: This will be the vector on Line this is as close aspossible to g

How to find 3 (given I and U)

Also, O is angle blw Yandu

So, Cos0 = \frac{\overline{\pi} \cdot \overline{\pi}}{||\overline{\pi}|| \overline{\pi}||\overline{\pi}||} Idea: $\hat{y} = \frac{||\hat{y}|| \cdot \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{u}\|} \mathbf{u}}{Scale \mathbf{u}}$ Soy we can find \hat{y} once we know $||\hat{y}||$ so, need to find $||\hat{y}||$ in terms of \hat{y} and $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$

||\frac{\text{y}_1 \text{y}_1}{\text{y}_1 \text{y}_1} \cdot \cos\text{0.50} = ||\frac{\text{y}_1}{\text{y}_1}|

Combining, we get

 $\frac{\|g\|}{\|g\|} = \frac{g \cdot u}{\|u\|\|u\|} \Rightarrow \|g\| = \frac{g \cdot u}{\|u\|}$

Thus, $\hat{y} = \frac{\hat{y} \cdot \hat{u}}{\|\hat{u}\| \|\hat{u}\|} \hat{u} = \frac{\hat{y} \cdot \hat{u}}{\hat{u} \cdot \hat{u}} \hat{u}$