

California State University Sacramento - Math 101

Exam #3

Name: _____

This exam is out of 7 points.

1) (a) Determine the exact value of the coefficient of x^3 in the expansion of $(x+1)^{13}$. (0.5 points)

(b) Determine the exact value of the coefficient of $x^3y^4z^2$ in the expansion of $(x+y+z)^9$. (0.5 points)

2) In the Binomial Theorem $(x+y)^n = \sum_{r=0}^n \binom{n}{r} x^r y^{n-r}$, state a value for x and value for y that produces the given formula. (0.25 points each)

(a) $0 = \sum_{r=0}^n \binom{n}{r} (-1)^r$

(b) $2^n = \sum_{r=0}^n \binom{n}{r}$

3) Show that for all integers $n \geq m \geq 1$, $\sum_{r=m}^n \binom{n-m}{n-r} = 2^{n-m}$. (0.5 points)

4) Prove $\sum_{r=0}^n r \binom{n}{r} = n2^{n-1}$ for all $n \geq 1$. (0.75 points)

5) Prove that $\binom{n}{r} \binom{n-r}{m-r} = \binom{n}{m} \binom{m}{r}$ for all integers $n \geq m \geq r \geq 1$. (0.75 points)

6) Let $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Let \mathcal{A} be the collection of all subsets of X with an even number of elements, and let \mathcal{B} be the collection of all subsets of X with an odd number of elements. Remark: The empty set \emptyset is one of the sets in \mathcal{A} since it has 0 elements and 0 is even.

- (a) List all of the elements of \mathcal{A} . (0.5 points)
- (b) List all of the elements of \mathcal{B} . (0.5 points)
- (c) Is the function $f(C) = X \setminus C$ a bijection from \mathcal{A} to \mathcal{B} ? Recall that $X \setminus C$ is the complement of C in X . (0.25 points)
- (d) Is the function $f(C) = C \cup \{1\}$ a bijection from \mathcal{A} to \mathcal{B} ? (0.25 points)
- (e) Draw a bijection between \mathcal{A} and \mathcal{B} . Represent your bijection using an arrow diagram. (0.25 points)

- 7) (a) There are 50 jobs that must be assigned to 7 processors. Explain why there must be a processor that is assigned at least 8 jobs. (0.5 points)
- (b) A list \mathcal{L} contains 134 elements. Each element of \mathcal{L} is a subset of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$. Explain why the list \mathcal{L} must contain two elements that are the same. (0.5 points)
- (c) Suppose it takes a program 1 second to find the determinant of a 2×2 matrix. If S is the set of all 2×2 matrices of the form $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ z & t \end{pmatrix}$ where $x, y, z, t \in \{0, 1\}$, what is the minimum amount of time it would take the program to find the determinant of every matrix in S ? (0.25 points)

8) Prove that $\sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \binom{2n-1}{r} = 2^{2n-2}$. (0.5 points)