

3a) void f1(int n) {

int i = 2;

while (i < n) {

// O(1)

i = i * i;

}

}

i = 2

i = 4

i = 16

$$\log[\log_2(n-1)]$$

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=2}^n$$

$$\Theta(1) = \Theta(\log(\log_2(n)))$$

$$2 = 2^1, 4 = 2^2, 16 = 2^4, 16^2 = 2^8$$

$$\log[\log_2(n-1)]$$

n	1	2	3	4	5	6	...	17	...	256
xn	0	0	1	1	2	2		3		4

✓

3b) void f2(int n) {

for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {

if (i % (int) sqrt(n) == 0) {

for (int k = 0; k < pow(i, 3); k++) {

// O(1)

}

}

}

}

i: 1 2 3 ... arbitrary j

j = sqrt

stop when i = n

i = j * sqrt

so stop when j * sqrt = n

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \Theta(1) + \sum_{j=1}^{\sqrt{n}} \sum_{k=0}^{j^3 n^{3/2}} \Theta(1)$$

i = j * sqrt

i = j^3 * n^{3/2}

j = sqrt(n)
j = sqrt(n)
j = sqrt(n)

$$\Theta(n) + \sum_{j=1}^{\sqrt{n}} \Theta(j^3 n^{3/2})$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \Theta(i^9) = \Theta(n^{10})$$

$$\Theta(n) + \Theta((\sqrt{n})^{3+1} \cdot n^{3/2})$$

$$\Theta(n) + \Theta(n^2 \cdot n^{3/2}) = \Theta(n^{7/2})$$

c) for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
 for (int k=1; k<=n; k++) {
 if (A[k] == i) {
 for (int m=1; m<=n; m=m+m) {
 // O(1)

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\sum_{k=1}^n \theta(1) + O \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\lceil \log_2 n \rceil + 1} \theta(1) \right) \right]$$

$\sim \log_2 n$

$m=1$	1
$m=2$	1, 2
$m=3$	1, 2
$m=4$	1, 2, 4
$m=5$	1, 2, 4
\vdots	

 $(\log_2 n) + 1$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (\theta(n) + \theta(\log_2 n))$$

$$\theta(n^2) + \theta(n \log_2 n) = \underline{\theta(n^2)}$$

d)

size	10		10	15		15	22	22
i	0	...	10	11	...	15	16	...

$$T(n) = \theta(1) + \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \theta(1) + O \left(\sum_{j=0}^{size-1} \theta(1) + \theta(1) \right)$$

if we say, u = number of times the if statement has passed

size will be $\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^u \times 10$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{size-1} \theta(1) = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^u \sum_{j=0}^{10-1} \theta(1) = \theta\left(\frac{3}{2}^u\right)$$

worst case $= ?$ $n-1 = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^u \times 10$

$$\frac{n-1}{10} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^u \quad u = \log_{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{n-1}{10}\right)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\log_2 \left(\frac{n-1}{10} \right)} \theta \left(\frac{3}{2}^n \right) \Rightarrow \text{geometric series} = \theta \left(\frac{3}{2}^{\log_{3/2} \left(\frac{n-1}{10} \right)} \right)$$

$$= \theta \left(\frac{n-1}{10} \right) = \theta(n)$$

$$T(n) = \theta(1) + \theta(n) + \theta(n) = \underline{\theta(n)}$$

