



CLOUD COMPUTING APPLICATIONS

Docker on Amazon Elastic Container Service (ECS)

Prof. Reza Farivar

Amazon Elastic Container Service (ECS)

- Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) is a fully managed container orchestration service
- Containers either run on customer-managed EC2 instances, or on AWS Fargate
- Fargate: Serverless backend for container deployment
 - AWS manages resource provisioning for container instances
- Services such as Amazon Sagemaker and Lex internally run on ECS

ECS Task Definition

- The Docker image to use with each container in your task
- How much CPU and memory to use with each task or each container within a task
- The launch type to use, which determines the infrastructure on which your tasks are hosted
- The Docker networking mode to use for the containers in your task
- The logging configuration to use for your tasks
- Whether the task should continue to run if the container finishes or fails
- The command the container should run when it is started
- Any data volumes that should be used with the containers in the task
- The IAM role that your tasks should use

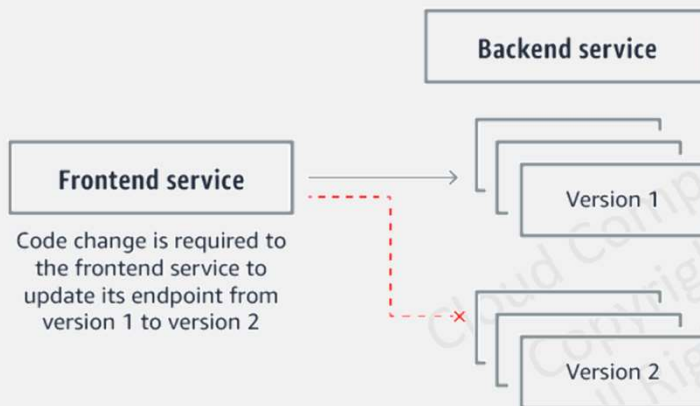
Example AWS ECS Task Definition

```
{
  "containerDefinitions": [
    {
      "command": [
        "/bin/sh -c \"echo ' <html> <head> <title>A\"
      ],
      "entryPoint": [
        "sh",
        "-c"
      ],
      "essential": true,
      "image": "httpd:2.4",
      "logConfiguration": {
        "logDriver": "awslogs",
        "options": {
          "awslogs-group" : "/ecs/fargate-task-de
          "awslogs-region": "us-east-1",
          "awslogs-stream-prefix": "ecs"
        }
      },
      "name": "sample-fargate-app",
      "portMappings": [
        {
          "containerPort": 80,
          "hostPort": 80,
          "protocol": "tcp"
        }
      ],
      "cpu": "256",
      "executionRoleArn": "arn:aws:iam::012345678910:role/
      "family": "fargate-task-definition",
      "memory": "512",
      "networkMode": "awsvpc",
      "requiresCompatibilities": [
        "FARGATE"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

Service Discover: AWS Cloud Map

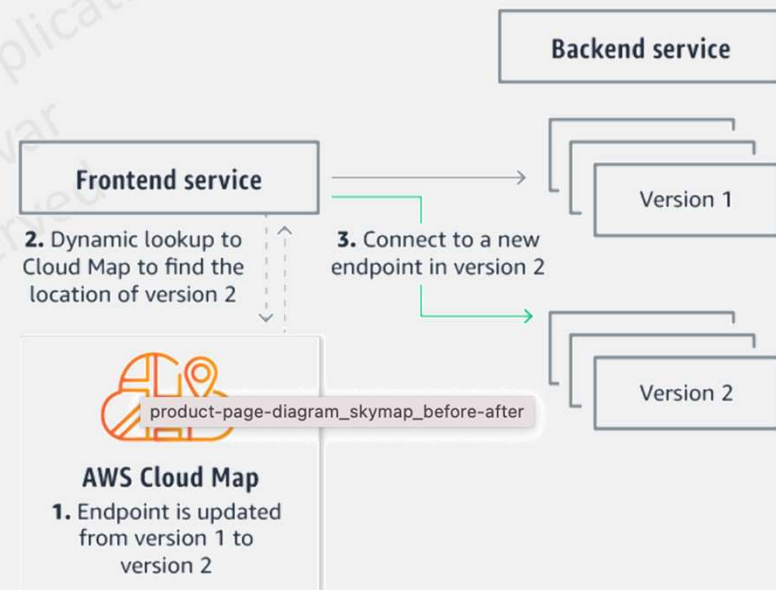
Without Cloud Map

Endpoints are statically coded into your application



With Cloud Map

Endpoints are dynamically located



Using Docker Compose File Syntax in ECS

- The `ecs-cli compose` and `ecs-cli compose service` commands allow you to create task definitions and manage your Amazon ECS tasks and services using Docker Compose files
- Additional ECS parameters specified for the container size parameters in a separate YAML file

Example

```
version: '3'
services:
  nginx:
    image: nginx:latest
    ports:
      - "80:80"
    logging:
      driver: awslogs
      options:
        awslogs-group: /ecs/cli/tutorial
        awslogs-region: us-east-1
        awslogs-stream-prefix: nginx
```

hello-world.yml

```
version: 1
task_definition:
  services:
    nginx:
      cpu_shares: 256
      mem_limit: 0.5GB
      mem_reservation: 0.5GB
```

ecs-params.yml

```
ecs-cli compose --project-name hello-world
--file hello-world.yml --ecs-params ecs-params.yml
--region us-east-1 create --launch-type EC2
```

Docker AWS ECS context

- Another method: Directly use docker
 - Set up an AWS context in one Docker command
 - `$ docker context create ecs myecscontext`
 - Use Compose files
 - `--context myecscontext`
 - `docker compose up --context myecscontext`
- Docker translates the compose application to CloudFormation template
 - Actual mapping:
 - <https://github.com/docker/compose-cli/blob/main/docs/ecs-architecture.md>

Native AWS Services

- ECS cluster for the Compose application
- Use the default VPC
 - A Security Group per network in the Compose file on the AWS account's default VPC
 - LoadBalancer to route traffic to the services
- Service Discovery (service-to-service load balancing) is handled by AWS Cloud Map
- Volumes are handled by instantiating EFS filesystems
- Secrets handled by AWS Secrets Manager

```
services:
  webapp:
    image: ...
    secrets:
      - foo

secrets:
  foo:
    name: "arn:aws:secretsmanager:eu-west-3:1234:secret:foo-ABC123"
    external: true
```

Docker integration with Azure

- Docker is also integrated with Azure Container Instances
 - `$ docker login azure`
 - `$ docker context create aci myacicontext`
 - `$ docker --context myacicontext run -p 80:80 nginx`
- Volumes → Azure File Share
- Port mapping → Only symmetrical mapping 80:80
- Networks not supported
 - At least not until the recording of this video in 2021
 - Communication between services is implemented by defining mapping for each service in the `shared /etc/hosts` file of the container group.