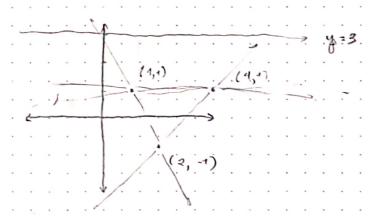
Question 11.



Volume way disher and maches:
$$V = \int_{-1}^{2} \left[Ti \left(3 - (-2x + 5) \right)^{2} - i \left(3 - 1 \right) \right] dx$$

$$+ \int_{2}^{4} \left[Ti \left(3 - (x - 3) \right)^{2} - i T \left(3 - 1 \right) \right] dx$$

$$(ai) V = \int_{1}^{1} \pi \left[4x^{2} - 4 \right] dx + \int_{2}^{4} \pi \left(x^{2} - 12x + 11 - 4 \right) dx$$

$$(ai) V = \int_{1}^{1} \pi \left[4x^{2} - 4 \right] dx + \int_{1}^{4} \pi \left(x^{2} - 12x + 72 \right) dy$$

alexi. albert motables: $V = \int_{-1}^{1} 2\pi (9-y) [y+3-(-\frac{1}{2}y+\frac{3}{2})] dy$ $= \int_{-1}^{1} 2\pi (3-y) [y+3+\frac{1}{2}y-\frac{3}{2}] dy$ $= \int_{-1}^{1} 2\pi (3-y) (\frac{3}{2}y+\frac{3}{2}) dy$ $= \int_{-1}^{1} 2\pi (3-y) (\frac{3}{2}y+\frac{3}{2}) dy$ $= \int_{-1}^{1} \pi (-3y^2 + loy + 9) dy$ $V = \int_{-1}^{1} \pi (-3y^2 + loy + 9) dy$ $= \pi (-y)^3 + 3y^2 + 4y^3 \Big|_{-1}^{1}$ $= \left[\pi (-(-1)^3 + 3(-1)^2 + 9(-1))\right] - \left[\pi (-(-1)^5 + 3(-1)^2 + 9(-1))\right]$ $= \pi (-1 + 3 + 9) - \pi (-1 + 3 - 9)$ $V = \int_{-1}^{1} \pi (-1)^3 + 3(-1)^2 + 9(-1) \Big|_{-1}^{1} \pi (-1)^5 + 3(-1)^2 + 9(-1)^2 \Big|_{-1}^{1} \pi (-1)^5 \Big|_{-1}^{1}$