Gov 50: 5. Data Wrangling and Barplots

Matthew Blackwell

Harvard University

Roadmap

- 1. Operating on rows
- 2. Operating on columns
- 3. Operating on groups
- 4. Creating barplots

Local news data

- How does station ownership affect local news coverage?
- Martin and McCrain (2019) use data on local news at TV stations before and after a large acquisition by a conglomorate.

Variable	Description
callsign	Callsign of the station
affiliation	Network affiliation of the station
date	Airdate of news
weekday	Day of the week of airdate
ideology	Measure of news slant (bigger is more
	conservative)
national_politics	Avg proportion of segments on national politics
local_politics	Avg proportion of segments on national politics
sinclair2017	Station acquired by Sinclair group in Sept 2017
post	Date is before/after acquisition (0/1)

library(gov50data) data(news) news

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
##
    callsign affil~1 date weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##
     <chr>
            <chr>
                   <date> <ord>
                                      <fdb> <fdb> <fdb> <fdb>
##
   1 KRBC
            NBC
                   2017-06-05 Mon
                                    NA
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
                                                              0
##
   2 KTAB
            CBS
                   2017-06-05 Mon
                                    NA
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
                                                              0
##
   3 KXVA
            FOX
                   2017-06-05 Mon
                                    NA
                                           0.0393
                                                   0,0262
                                                              0
##
   4 KPAX
            CBS
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                    NA
                                           0.00357
                                                   0.194
                                                              0
   5 KTAB
            CBS
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                           0.0945
                                                   0.109
                                                              0
##
                                    NA
##
   6 KECI
            NBC
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0655 0.225
                                                   0.148
                                                              1
   7 KPAX
            CBS
                                                              0
##
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0853 0.283 0.123
##
   8 KRBC
            NBC
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0183 0.130 0.189
                                                              0
##
   9 KTAB
            CBS
                2017-06-07 Wed
                                    0.0850 0.0901 0.138
                                                              0
##
  10 KTMF
            ABC
                2017-06-07 Wed 0.0842 0.152
                                                   0.129
                                                              0
##
  # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
      month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #
## #
      2: ideology, 3: national politics, 4: local politics,
## #
     5: sinclair2017
```

1/ Operating on rows

slice()

slice() can give you a specific set of rows:

```
## first and third row
news |>
slice(1, 3)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 10
##
    callsign affili~1 date weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
    <chr> <chr> <date> <ord>
                                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
                                                           <dbl>
## 1 KRBC
        NBC 2017-06-05 Mon
                                         NA 0.0286
                                                    0.0190
                   2017-06-05 Mon
## 2 KXVA
        FOX
                                         NA 0.0393
                                                    0.0262
## # ... with 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>, and abbreviated
## # variable names 1: affiliation, 2: ideology, 3: national_politics,
## # 4: local politics, 5: sinclair2017
```

You can ask for a range of rows with start:stop syntax:

```
news |>
 slice(1:3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 10
##
    callsign affili~1 date weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##
    <chr>
            <chr> <date> <ord>
                                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
  1 KRBC
            NBC 2017-06-05 Mon
                                         NA 0.0286
                                                    0.0190
                                                               0
         CBS 2017-06-05 Mon
##
  2 KTAB
                                         NA 0.0286
                                                    0.0190
## 3 KXVA FOX 2017-06-05 Mon
                                         NA 0.0393
                                                    0.0262
                                                               0
## # ... with 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>, and abbreviated
## # variable names 1: affiliation, 2: ideology, 3: national_politics,
      4: local_politics, 5: sinclair2017
## #
```

slice_max()

 $slice_{max}(var, n = 5)$ will return the top 5 observations on column var

```
news |>
slice_max(ideology, n = 5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 10
##
   callsign affili~1 date weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##
   <chr> <chr> <chr> <date> <ord>
                                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
        ABC 2017-06-19 Mon
                                   0.778 0.0823 0.179
## 1 KAEF
## 2 WYDO
        FOX 2017-07-19 Wed
                                   0.580 0.126 0.121
        ABC 2017-10-03 Tue
                                   0.566 0.123 0.192
## 3 KRCR
## 4 KAFF
        ABC 2017-10-18 Wed
                                   0.496 0.0892
                                                0.217
## 5 KBVU
        FOX
                  2017-11-16 Thu
                                   0.491 0.159 0.184
## # ... with 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>, and abbreviated
## # variable names 1: affiliation, 2: ideology, 3: national politics,
## #
    4: local politics, 5: sinclair2017
```

slice_min()

slice_min(var, n = 5) will return the bottom 5 observations on column var

```
news |>
  slice_min(ideology, n = 5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 10
## callsign affili~1 date weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
   <chr> <chr> <chr> <date> <ord> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 KRBC NBC 2017-10-19 Thu -0.674 0.0731 0.161
## 2 WJHI
           CBS 2017-12-08 Fri -0.673 0.0364 0.206
        NBC 2017-10-18 Wed -0.586 0.0470 0.135
## 3 KRBC
## 4 KCVU
        FOX 2017-06-22 Thu -0.414 0.158 0.172
## 5 KRBC
           NBC
                  2017-12-11 Mon -0.365 0.0674 0.163
## # ... with 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>, and abbreviated
## # variable names 1: affiliation, 2: ideology, 3: national politics,
    4: local_politics, 5: sinclair2017
## #
```

2/ Operating on columns

rename()

rename(new_name = old_name) renames the old_name variable to
new_name

news L> rename(call_sign = callsign)

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
##
    call s~1 affil~2 date
                            weekday ideol~3 natio~4 local~5 sincl~6
                    <date> <ord>
                                      <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
##
     <chr>
            <chr>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                           <dbl>
             NBC 2017-06-05 Mon
##
   1 KRBC
                                     NA
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
##
   2 KTAB
             CBS 2017-06-05 Mon
                                     NA
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
##
   3 KXVA
             FOX
                   2017-06-05 Mon
                                     NA
                                           0.0393
                                                   0.0262
##
   4 KPAX
            CBS
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                     NA
                                           0.00357
                                                   0.194
##
   5 KTAB
             CBS
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                     NA
                                           0.0945
                                                   0.109
   6 KECI
            NBC
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0655 0.225
                                                   0.148
##
##
   7 KPAX
            CBS
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0853 0.283 0.123
##
   8 KRBC
            NBC
                2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0183 0.130
                                                   0.189
   9 KTAB
            CBS
                2017-06-07 Wed
                                                   0.138
##
                                     0.0850 0.0901
##
  10 KTMF
            ABC
                   2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0842 0.152
                                                    0.129
##
  # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #
      month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: call sign,
## #
      2: affiliation, 3: ideology, 4: national politics,
## #
      5: local politics, 6: sinclair2017
```

0

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0

0

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0

0

0

mutate()

mutate(new_var = fun(old_vars)) adds new columns that are functions of existing columns.

```
news |>
 mutate(
   national_local_diff = national_politics - local_politics,
   national politics perc = national politics * 100
  select(callsign, date, national politics, local politics,
         national local diff, national politics perc)
## # A tibble: 3.137 x 6
     callsign date
                         national politics local politics national local diff national politics perc
##
     <chr>
              <date>
                                     <dbl>
                                                    <fdb>>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                               <dbl>
##
## 1 KRBC
              2017-06-05
                                   0.0286
                                                   0.0190
                                                                       0.00952
                                                                                               2.86
## 2 KTAB
              2017-06-05
                                                   0.0190
                                                                                               2.86
                                   0.0286
                                                                      0.00952
## 3 KXVA
              2017-06-05
                                   0.0393
                                                   0.0262
                                                                      0.0131
                                                                                               3.93
## 4 KPAX
              2017-06-06
                                   0.00357
                                                   0.194
                                                                      -0.191
                                                                                               0.357
## 5 KTAB
              2017-06-06
                                   0.0945
                                                   0.109
                                                                      -0.0145
                                                                                               9.45
## 6 KECT
              2017-06-07
                                   0.225
                                                   0.148
                                                                      0.0761
                                                                                              22.5
## 7 KPAX
              2017-06-07
                                   0.283
                                                   0.123
                                                                      0.160
                                                                                              28.3
## 8 KRBC
              2017-06-07
                                   0.130
                                                   0.189
                                                                                              13.0
                                                                      -0.0589
## 9 KTAB
              2017-06-07
                                   0.0901
                                                   0.138
                                                                      -0.0476
                                                                                               9.01
## 10 KTMF
              2017-06-07
                                   0.152
                                                   0.129
                                                                      0.0229
                                                                                              15.2
## # ... with 3.127 more rows
```

if_else()

if_else(test_condition, yes, no) allows us to create a vector that
depends on a logical

New vector gets yes expression when test_condition is TRUE, no otherwise

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 4
##
     callsign affiliation date
                                    Ownership
##
     <chr>
             <chr>
                         <date>
                                    <chr>
##
   1 KRBC
              NBC
                         2017-06-05 Not Acquired
##
   2 KTAB
             CBS
                         2017-06-05 Not Acquired
   3 KXVA
              FOX
                         2017-06-05 Not Acquired
##
##
   4 KPAX
              CBS
                         2017-06-06 Not Acquired
##
   5 KTAB
              CBS
                         2017-06-06 Not Acquired
   6 KECI
              NBC
                         2017-06-07 Acquired by Sinclair
##
##
   7 KPAX
              CBS
                         2017-06-07 Not Acquired
   8 KRBC
              NBC
##
                         2017-06-07 Not Acquired
   9 KTAB
##
              CBS
                         2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## 10 KTMF
              ABC
                         2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

3/ Operating on groups

group_by()

group_by(var) divides the data into groups based on the var variable.

Doesn't change data yet, but subsequent operations will by var.

news |> group_by(month)

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
  # Groups:
            month [7]
##
##
    callsign affil~1 date
                            weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##
     <chr>
            <chr>
                   <date> <ord>
                                      <fdb> <fdb>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                           < fdb>
   1 KRBC
             NBC
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
##
                2017-06-05 Mon
                                    NA
   2 KTAB
             CBS
                2017-06-05 Mon
                                           0.0286
                                                   0.0190
##
                                    NA
##
   3 KXVA
             FOX
                   2017-06-05 Mon
                                    NA
                                           0.0393
                                                   0.0262
##
   4 KPAX
             CBS
                                                   0.194
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                    NA
                                           0.00357
##
   5 KTAB
             CBS
                   2017-06-06 Tue
                                    NA
                                           0.0945
                                                   0.109
##
   6 KECI
            NBC
                   2017-06-07 Wed 0.0655 0.225
                                                   0.148
##
   7 KPAX
            CBS
                   2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0853 0.283
                                                   0.123
##
   8 KRBC
            NBC
                2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0183 0.130 0.189
   9 KTAB
            CBS
##
                2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0850 0.0901 0.138
## 10 KTMF
          ABC
                   2017-06-07 Wed
                                     0.0842 0.152
                                                   0.129
##
  # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #
      month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #
      2: ideology, 3: national politics, 4: local politics,
      5: sinclair2017
## #
```

0

0

0

summarize()

```
summarize(sum_var = fun(curr_var)) calculates summaries of
variables by groups.
```

Ideological slant by weekday

```
news |>
  group_by(month) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE)
)
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 2
## month slant_mean
             <fdb>>
##
    <ord>
## 1 Jun
             0.0786
  2 Jul
             0.103
##
  3 Aug
             0.105
  4 Sep
             0.0751
##
## 5 Oct
             0.0862
             0.0972
## 6 Nov
## 7 Dec
             0.0774
```

Summaries by ownership and pre/post

```
news |>
  group_by(sinclair2017, post) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE),
    national_mean = mean(national_politics, na.rm = TRUE)
)

## # A tibble: 4 x 4
```

```
## # Groups: sinclair2017 [2]
##
    sinclair2017 post slant mean national mean
##
         <dbl> <dbl>
                     <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1
                 0 0.100
                                0.118
## 2
                 1 0.0768 0.107
## 3
               0 0.0936
                               0.124
## 4
                      0.0938
                            0.144
```

Summarize across types of variables

across() will apply a summary function across many variables

```
news |>
 group_by(sinclair2017, post) |>
 summarize(
   across(where(is.numeric), mean, na.rm = TRUE),
  # A tibble: 4 x 5
  # Groups: sinclair2017 [2]
##
    sinclair2017 post ideology national_politics local_politics
##
           <fdh> <fdh> <fdh>
                                           <fdh>>
                                                         <fdh>>
## 1
                     0 0.100
                                           0.118
                                                         0.158
## 2
                    1 0.0768
                                           0.107
                                                         0.150
## 3
                    0 0.0936
                                           0.124
                                                         0.170
                     1
                        0.0938
                                           0.144
                                                         0.147
## 4
```

kable() to produce nice tables

```
news |>
  group_by(month) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) |>
  knitr::kable()
```

month	slant_mean
Jun	0.079
Jul	0.103
Aug	0.105
Sep	0.075
Oct	0.086
Nov	0.097
Dec	0.077

Giving nicer column names

```
news |>
  group_by(month) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) |>
  knitr::kable(col.names = c("Month", "Avg. Slant"))
```

Month	Avg. Slant
Jun	0.079
Jul	0.103
Aug	0.105
Sep	0.075
Oct	0.086
Nov	0.097
Dec	0.077

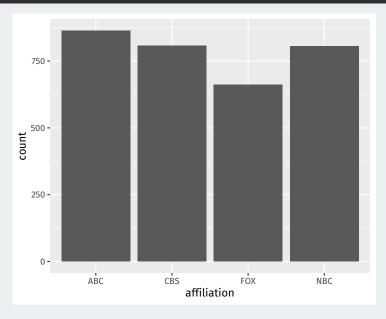
4/ Creating barplots

Combining our skills

Let's combine our tools to produce a bar plot with geom_bar()

By default, bar plots take a single variable and show the number of observations in each category.

```
ggplot(news, mapping = aes(x = affiliation)) +
  geom_bar()
```



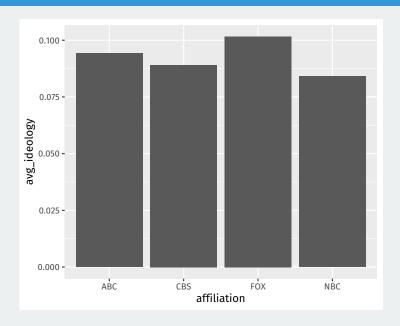
Barplots of non-counts

Barplots can represent a lot beyond counts, including variables in our dataset or group summaries.

When the height of the bar is another variable in our data and not just a count, we set the x and y aesthetics and use geom_col() instead of geom_bar().

Let's create a group summary:

```
aff_ideology_means <- news |>
  group by(affiliation) |>
  summarize(avg ideology = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE))
aff_ideology_means
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##
     affiliation avg ideology
   <chr>
##
                        <dbl>
## 1 ABC
                       0.0943
                       0.0891
## 2 CBS
## 3 FOX
                       0.102
## 4 NBC
                       0.0841
ggplot(aff_ideology_means, aes(x = affiliation, y = avg_ideology)) +
  geom_col()
```

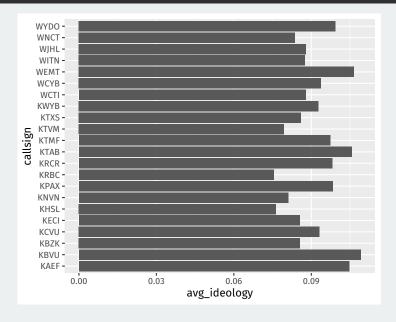


A more complicated example

Let's create a barplot that shows the top 10 stations in terms of slant. First, let's get the data:

```
station_ideology <- news |>
  group_by(callsign, affiliation) |>
  summarize(avg_ideology = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE)) |>
  slice_max(avg_ideology, n = 20)
```

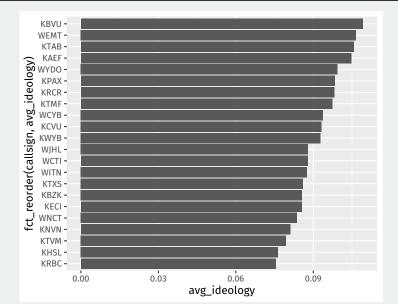
```
ggplot(station_ideology, aes(x = avg_ideology, y = callsign)) +
  geom_col()
```

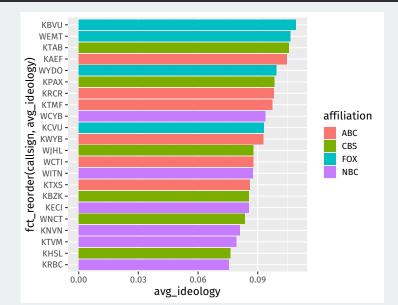


How do we reorder the stations?

We would like to order the stations by ideology.

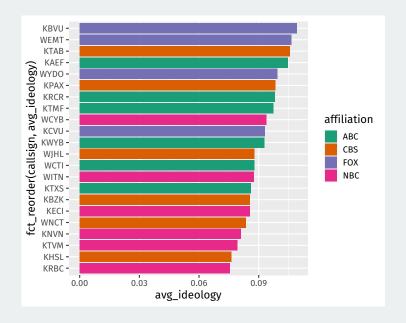
fct_reorder(group, order_var) function (loaded with tidyverse) will reorder the groups by the order bar (low to high). Easiest to put this in the mapping.



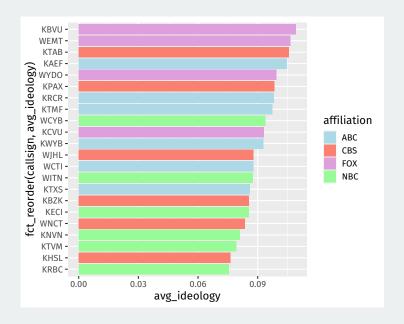


Setting the color palette

We can use color palettes from a project called ColorBrewer



Manually setting the color palette



Fun with colors

Other packages provide more palettes:

