Assignment 8

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1 Question 1

1.1 Question

The goal of this project is to use the basic recommendation principles we have learned for user-collected data. You will modify the code given to you which performs movie recommendations from the MovieLense data sets.

The MovieLense data sets were collected by the GroupLens Research Project at the University of Minnesota during the seven-month period from September 19th, 1997 through April 22nd, 1998. It is available for download from http://www.grouplens.org/node/73

The code for reading from the u.data and u.item files and creating recommendations is described in the book Programming Collective Intelligence (check email for more details). You are to modify recommendations.py to answer the following questions. Each question your program answers correctly will award you 10 points. You must have the question answered completely correct; partial credit will only be awarded if your answer is very close to the correct one.

Your output should clearly indicate the answers from the question you answered. Provide any relevant discussion.

1.2 Answer

Each question was answered by using some combination of the existing functions from recommendations.py and some functions that were added. All of the tables provided were created using the tabulate function (with some minor edits), which is shown in Listing 1. All of the code used can be found in Appendix A, which contains Listing 17.

```
tabulate (tuples, caption, label, colnames, output):
        output.write('\\begin{table}[h!]\n')
237
        output.write('\\centering\n')
opts = '| ' + ' | '.join(['1'
238
                          | '.join(['1' for i in xrange(len(tuples[0]))]) + ' |'
239
        output.write('\\begin{{tabular}}{{{0}}}\n'.format(opts))
240
241
        output.write('\\hline\n')
        header = ' & '.join([',{}', for i in xrange(len(tuples[0]))]).format(*colnames)
242
        output.write(header + ' \\\\n\\hline\n')
243
244
        for item in tuples:
             temp = ' & '.join(['{}', for i in xrange(len(item))])
245
             output.write(temp.format(*item) + '\\\n')
246
        output.write('\\hline\n\\end{tabular}\n')
output.write('\\caption{{{0}}}\n'.format(caption))
247
248
249
        output.write('\\label{{tab:{0}}}\n'.format(label))
        output.write('\\end{table}\n\n')
```

Listing 1: tabulate function

1. What 5 movies have the highest average ratings?

Question 1 was solved using the code in Listing 2, which utilizes the added get_avg and get_top functions, which are found in Listing 3. The get_avg function uses the mean function from the numpy python library [1].

```
question1 = '1. What 5 movies have the highest average ratings?'
averages_all = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
sorted_avg_all = sorted(averages_all.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
top_all = get_top(sorted_avg_all)
tabulate(top_all, 'Question 1: Highest Average Rating', 'hiavgrat', ('Title', '
Rating'),
outfile)
print "done with 1"
```

Listing 2: Question 1 code

```
203
          get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: True):
204
           ratings = []
           for user, user_ratings in prefs.iteritems():
    if user_filter(users[user]) and user_ratings.has_key(movies[mid]):
        ratings.append(user_ratings[movies[mid]])
205
206
207
208
           if not ratings:
209
                return 0.0
210
           return mean(ratings)
211
212
          get\_top(sorted\_list, key=lambda x, i: x[i][1], n=5):
213
           top = key(sorted_list, 0)
214
           top_items = []
215
           i = 0
216
           while i < n or key(sorted_list, i) == top:
                top_items.append(sorted_list[i])
if i < n and key(sorted_list, i) != top:
    top = key(sorted_list, i)</pre>
217
218
219
220
                i += 1
           return top_items
```

Listing 3: get_avg and get_top functions

The results for Question 1 are shown in Table 1.

Title	Rating
They Made Me a Criminal (1939)	5.0
Someone Else's America (1995)	5.0
Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993)	5.0
Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story (1996)	5.0
Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996)	5.0
Star Kid (1997)	5.0
Aiqing wansui (1994)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Great Day in Harlem, A (1994)	5.0
Santa with Muscles (1996)	5.0

Table 1: Question 1: Highest Average Rating

2. What 5 movies received the most ratings? Show the movies and the number of ratings sorted by number of ratings.

Question 2 was solved using the count_movie_ratings and get_top functions. The code used is shown in Listings 4, 5 and 3.

```
question 2 = "2. What 5 movies received the most ratings? Show the movies and the
number of ratings sorted by number of ratings."
movie_counts = {movie: count_movie_ratings(prefs, mid) for mid, movie in movies.
iteritems()}
sorted_counts = sorted(movie_counts.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
top_movie_counts = get_top(sorted_counts)
tabulate(top_movie_counts, 'Question 2: Most Ratings', 'mratings', ('Title', '
Ratings Count'), outfile)
print "done with 2"
```

Listing 4: Question 2 code

Listing 5: count movie ratings function

The results for Question 2 are shown in Table 2.

Title	Ratings Count
Star Wars (1977)	583
Contact (1997)	509
Fargo (1996)	508
Return of the Jedi (1983)	507
Liar Liar (1997)	485

Table 2: Question 2: Most Ratings

3. What 5 movies were rated the highest on average by women? Show the movies and their ratings sorted by ratings.

Question 3 was solved using the code in Listing 6 and the get_avg and get_top functions from Listing 3.

```
averages_w = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='F') for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
sorted_avg_w = sorted(averages_w.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
top_avg_w = get_top(sorted_avg_w)
tabulate(top_avg_w, 'Question 3: Highest Ratings by Women', 'hwratings', ('Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 3"
```

Listing 6: question 3 code

The results of Question 3 are shown in Table 3.

Title	Rating
Stripes (1981)	5.0
Someone Else's America (1995)	5.0
Faster Pussycat! Kill! Kill! (1965)	5.0
Everest (1998)	5.0
Visitors, The (Visiteurs, Les) (1993)	5.0
Maya Lin: A Strong Clear Vision (1994)	5.0
Year of the Horse (1997)	5.0
Foreign Correspondent (1940)	5.0
Telling Lies in America (1997)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Mina Tannenbaum (1994)	5.0

Table 3: Question 3: Highest Ratings by Women

4. What 5 movies were rated the highest on average by men? Show the movies and their ratings sorted by ratings.

Question 4 was solved using the code in Listing 7 and the get_avg and get_top functions from Listing 3.

```
question4 = "4. What 5 movies were rated the highest on average by men? Show the
movies and their ratings sorted by ratings."

averages_m = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='M') for
mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}

sorted_avg_m = sorted(averages_m.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)

top_avg_m = get_top(sorted_avg_m)

tabulate(top_avg_m, 'Question 4: Highest Ratings by Men', 'hmratings', ('Title', '
Rating'), outfile)

print "done with 4"
```

Listing 7: question 4 code

The results of Question 4 are shown in Table 4.

Title	Rating
They Made Me a Criminal (1939)	5.0
Letter From Death Row, A (1998)	5.0
Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993)	5.0
Quiet Room, The (1996)	5.0
Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story (1996)	5.0
Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996)	5.0
Star Kid (1997)	5.0
Little City (1998)	5.0
Aiqing wansui (1994)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Love Serenade (1996)	5.0
Leading Man, The (1996)	5.0
Great Day in Harlem, A (1994)	5.0
Santa with Muscles (1996)	5.0
Delta of Venus (1994)	5.0

Table 4: Question 4: Highest Ratings by Men

5. What movie received ratings most like Top Gun?

Question 5 was solved using the code from Listing 8 and the get_sim_ratings function from Listing 9.

```
{\it question5} = "5. What movie received ratings most like Top Gun?"
288
          sim_top_gun = get_sim_ratings("Top Gun (1986)", similar=True, top_key=lambda x, i: x
289
              [i][0])
                         \_{
m gun}\,, 'Question 5: Most like Top Gun', 'mltg', ('Pearson\'s r', '
290
          tabulate(sim_top
              Title'), outfile)
291
          print "done with 5"
292
          {
m question}55= "5 cont'd. Which movie received ratings that were least like Top Gun (
293
              negative correlation) "
          294
                                 'Question 5.5: Least like Top Gun', 'lltg', ('Pearson\'s r'
295
          tabulate (dissim_top_gun,
                'Title'), outfile)
          print "done with 5.5"
296
```

Listing 8: question 5 code

```
def get_sim_ratings(title, similar, top_key=lambda x, i: x[i][1], n=2000):
    itemPrefs = transformPrefs(prefs)
    matches = topMatches(itemPrefs, title, n=n, similarity=sim_pearson)
    sorted_m = sorted(matches, key=itemgetter(0), reverse=similar)
    return get_top(sorted_m, key=top_key, n=20)
```

Listing 9: get_sim_ratings function

The results for Question 5 are shown in Tables 5, 6 and 7.

Pearson's r	Title
1.0	Shiloh (1997)
1.0	King of the Hill (1993)
1.0	Bhaji on the Beach (1993)
1.0	Wild America (1997)
1.0	Wedding Gift, The (1994)
1.0	Underground (1995)
1.0	Two or Three Things I Know About Her (1966)
1.0	Two Bits (1995)
1.0	Total Eclipse (1995)
1.0	The Innocent (1994)
1.0	That Old Feeling (1997)
1.0	Stars Fell on Henrietta, The (1995)
1.0	Stalker (1979)
1.0	Spirits of the Dead (Tre passi nel delirio) (1968)
1.0	Show, The (1995)
1.0	Shooter, The (1995)
1.0	Selena (1997)
1.0	Schizopolis (1996)
1.0	Scarlet Letter, The (1926)
1.0	Run of the Country, The (1995)
1.0	Ponette (1996)
1.0	Perfect Candidate, A (1996)
1.0	Outlaw, The (1943)
1.0	Old Lady Who Walked in the Sea, The (Vieille qui marchait dans la mer, La) (1991)
1.0	Nothing to Lose (1994)
1.0	New Jersey Drive (1995)
1.0	Mr. Jones (1993)
1.0	Metisse (CafÃl' au Lait) (1993)
1.0	Maybe, Maybe Not (Bewegte Mann, Der) (1994)
1.0	Manny & Lo (1996)

Table 5: Question 5: Most like Top Gun

Pearson's r	Title
1.0	Man of the Year (1995)
1.0	Love Serenade (1996)
1.0	Last Time I Saw Paris, The (1954)
1.0	Killer (Bulletproof Heart) (1994)
1.0	Jerky Boys, The (1994)
1.0	I Like It Like That (1994)
1.0	Horse Whisperer, The (1998)
1.0	Hear My Song (1991)
1.0	Grosse Fatigue (1994)
1.0	Gone Fishin' (1997)
1.0	Glass Shield, The (1994)
1.0	Germinal (1993)
1.0	Gabbeh (1996)
1.0	Four Days in September (1997)
1.0	Flower of My Secret, The (Flor de mi secreto, La) (1995)
1.0	Fausto (1993)
1.0	Even Cowgirls Get the Blues (1993)
1.0	Enfer, L' (1994)
1.0	Dream With the Fishes (1997)
1.0	Dream Man (1995)
1.0	Dangerous Ground (1997)
1.0	Collectionneuse, La (1967)
1.0	Clean Slate (Coup de Torchon) (1981)
1.0	Calendar Girl (1993)
1.0	Blood For Dracula (Andy Warhol's Dracula) (1974)
1.0	Bliss (1997)
1.0	Best Men (1997)
1.0	American Dream (1990)
1.0	Albino Alligator (1996)
1.0	8 Seconds (1994)

Table 6: Question 5 cont'd: Most like Top Gun

5. cont'd. Which movie received ratings that were least like Top Gun (negative correlation)

Pearson's r	Title
-1.0	Babysitter, The (1995)
-1.0	Telling Lies in America (1997)
-1.0	Year of the Horse (1997)
-1.0	World of Apu, The (Apur Sansar) (1959)
-1.0	Two Much (1996)
-1.0	Tetsuo II: Body Hammer (1992)
-1.0	Switchback (1997)
-1.0	Safe Passage (1994)
-1.0	Roseanna's Grave (For Roseanna) (1997)
-1.0	Romper Stomper (1992)
-1.0	Nil By Mouth (1997)
-1.0	Nico Icon (1995)
-1.0	Naked in New York (1994)
-1.0	Midnight Dancers (Sibak) (1994)
-1.0	Meet Wally Sparks (1997)
-1.0	Lover's Knot (1996)
-1.0	Love and Death on Long Island (1997)
-1.0	Loch Ness (1995)
-1.0	Lamerica (1994)
-1.0	Joy Luck Club, The (1993)
-1.0	Heidi Fleiss: Hollywood Madam (1995)
-1.0	Frisk (1995)
-1.0	Everest (1998)
-1.0	Carried Away (1996)
-1.0	Carpool (1996)
-1.0	Caro Diario (Dear Diary) (1994)
-1.0	Broken English (1996)
-1.0	Bitter Sugar (Azucar Amargo) (1996)
-1.0	Bewegte Mann, Der (1994)
-1.0	Beat the Devil (1954)
-1.0	Bad Moon (1996)

Table 7: Question 5.5: Least like Top Gun

6. Which 5 raters rated the most films? Show the raters' IDs and the number of films each rated.

Question 6 was solved using the code from Listing 10 and the get_top function shown in Listing 3.

Listing 10: question 6 code

The results of Question 6 are shown in Table 8.

Rater ID	Ratings Count
405	736
655	678
13	632
450	538
276	516

Table 8: Question 6: Most Opinionated Viewers

7. Which 5 raters most agreed with each other? Show the raters' IDs and Pearson's r, sorted by r.

Question 7 was solved using the code shown in Listing 11, with the calcSimilarUsers and the get_top functions from Listings 12 and 3, respectively. The flatten function from Listing 13 was used to flatted the oddly arranged tuple that was created from the calcSimUsers function.

```
question 7 = "7. Which 5 raters most agreed with each other? Show the raters' IDs and Pearson's r, sorted by r."

raters_sim = calcSimilarUsers(prefs, n=1, similarity=sim_pearson)

sorted_sim = sorted(raters_sim.items(), key=lambda x: x[1][0], reverse=True)

top_sim_raters = get_top(sorted_sim, key=lambda x,i: x[i][1][0])

top_sim_raters = [flatten(rater) for rater in top_sim_raters]

tabulate(top_sim_raters, 'Question 7: Bandwagoners', 'band', ('User 1 ID', 'User 2 ID', 'Pearson\'s r'), outfile)

print "done with 7"
```

Listing 11: question 7 code

```
calcSimilarUsers(prefs, n=10, similarity=sim_distance):
144
        result = \{\}
145
146
        itemPrefs = prefs
147
        c = 0
148
        for item in itemPrefs:
149
             \mathbf{c} + = 1
             if c%100==0: print "%d / %d" % (c, len(itemPrefs))
150
151
             scores = topMatches(itemPrefs, item, n=n, similarity=similarity)
             result [item] = scores
152
        return result
```

Listing 12: calcSimilarUsers function

```
254 def flatten(tup, f=lambda x: (x[0], x[1][0][1], x[1][0][0])):
return f(tup)
```

Listing 13: flatten function

The results for Question 7 are shown in Table 9.

User 1 ID	User 2 ID	Pearson's r
772	889	1.0
889	772	1.0
828	98	1.0
231	942	1.0
846	941	1.0

Table 9: Question 7: Bandwagoners

8. Which 5 raters most disagreed with each other (negative correlation)? Show the raters' IDs and Pearson's r, sorted by r.

Question 8 was solved using the code from Listing 14 and the get_top function from Listing 3.

```
question8 = "8. Which 5 raters most disagreed with each other (negative correlation)
? Show the raters' IDs and Pearson's r, sorted by r"

sorted_dissim = sorted(raters_sim.items(), key=lambda x: x[1][0])

top_dissim_raters = get_top(sorted_dissim, key=lambda x,i: x[i][1][0])

top_dissim_raters = [flatten(rater) for rater in top_dissim_raters]

tabulate(top_dissim_raters, 'Question 8: Nemeses', 'cont', ('User 1 ID', 'User 2 ID', 'Pearson\'s r'), outfile)

print "done with 8"
```

Listing 14: question 8 code

The results for Question 8 are shown in Table 10.

User 1 ID	User 2 ID	r Value
655	384	0.683130051064
13	46	0.687746384953
130	511	0.725423370905
327	816	0.77151674981
796	205	0.791384015377

Table 10: Question 8: Nemeses

9. What movie was rated highest on average by men over 40?

Question 9 was solved using the code from Listing 15 with the get_avg and get_top functions from Listing 3.

```
320
                                                   What movie was rated highest on average by men over 40?"
321
                    averages mo = {movie: get avg(prefs, mid, user filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='M' and
                              int(x['age'])>40) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
                    sorted_avg_mo = sorted(averages_mo.items(), key=itemgetter(1),
322
                    solved_avg_mo = solved_averages_mo.htems(), Rey=itemgetter(1), reverse=file)
top_avg_mo = get_top(sorted_avg_mo)
tabulate(top_avg_mo, 'Question 9: Highest Ratings by Men aged > 40', 'hrbom', ('
    Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 9"
323
324
325
326
                    question95 = "9 cont'd. By men under 40?"
327
                    averages_mu = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='M' and int(x['age']) < 40) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
328
                    int(x['age'])<40) for mid, movies.iteritems();
sorted_avg_mu = sorted(averages_mu.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
top_avg_mu = get_top(sorted_avg_mu)
tabulate(top_avg_mu, 'Question 9.5: Highest Ratings by Men aged < 40', 'hrbaom', ('Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 9.5"</pre>
329
330
331
332
```

Listing 15: question 9 code

The results for Question 9 are shown in Tables 11 and 12.

Title	Rating
Aparajito (1956)	5.0
They Made Me a Criminal (1939)	5.0
Two or Three Things I Know About Her (1966)	5.0
Faithful (1996)	5.0
Ace Ventura: When Nature Calls (1995)	5.0
Strawberry and Chocolate (Fresa y chocolate) (1993)	5.0
Indian Summer (1996)	5.0
Grateful Dead (1995)	5.0
Boxing Helena (1993)	5.0
Double Happiness (1994)	5.0
Poison Ivy II (1995)	5.0
Spice World (1997)	5.0
World of Apu, The (Apur Sansar) (1959)	5.0
Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996)	5.0
Unstrung Heroes (1995)	5.0
Star Kid (1997)	5.0
Little City (1998)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Leading Man, The (1996)	5.0
Little Princess, The (1939)	5.0
Great Day in Harlem, A (1994)	5.0
Late Bloomers (1996)	5.0
Rendezvous in Paris (Rendez-vous de Paris, Les) (1995)	5.0
Solo (1996)	5.0
Hearts and Minds (1996)	5.0

Table 11: Question 9: Highest Ratings by Men aged >40

9. cont'd. By men under 40?

Title	Rating
Letter From Death Row, A (1998)	5.0
Perfect Candidate, A (1996)	5.0
Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993)	5.0
Quiet Room, The (1996)	5.0
Magic Hour, The (1998)	5.0
Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story (1996)	5.0
Maya Lin: A Strong Clear Vision (1994)	5.0
Angel Baby (1995)	5.0
Star Kid (1997)	5.0
Love in the Afternoon (1957)	5.0
Aiqing wansui (1994)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Love Serenade (1996)	5.0
Leading Man, The (1996)	5.0
Crossfire (1947)	5.0
Santa with Muscles (1996)	5.0
Delta of Venus (1994)	5.0

Table 12: Question 9.5: Highest Ratings by Men aged $<40\,$

10. What movie was rated highest on average by women over 40?

Question 10 was solved using the code from Listing 16 with the get_avg and get_top functions from Listing 3.

```
334
           {
m question}10= "10. What movie was rated highest on average by women over 40?"
          335
336
337
338
339
340
           {
m question}105 = "10. cont'd. By women under 40?"
341
           averages_wu = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='F' and int(x['age'])<40) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()} sorted_avg_wu = sorted(averages_wu.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
342
343
           344
345
346
```

Listing 16: question 10 code

The results for Question 10 are shown in Tables 13 and 14.

Title	Rating
Tombstone (1993)	5.0
Shall We Dance? (1937)	5.0
Quest, The (1996)	5.0
Top Hat (1935)	5.0
Safe (1995)	5.0
In the Bleak Midwinter (1995)	5.0
Grand Day Out, A (1992)	5.0
Letter From Death Row, A (1998)	5.0
Band Wagon, The (1953)	5.0
Funny Face (1957)	5.0
Ma vie en rose (My Life in Pink) (1997)	5.0
Visitors, The (Visiteurs, Les) (1993)	5.0
Pocahontas (1995)	5.0
Angel Baby (1995)	5.0
Wrong Trousers, The (1993)	5.0
Best Men (1997)	5.0
Foreign Correspondent (1940)	5.0
Swept from the Sea (1997)	5.0
Mary Shelley's Frankenstein (1994)	5.0
Shallow Grave (1994)	5.0
Nightmare Before Christmas, The (1993)	5.0
Gold Diggers: The Secret of Bear Mountain (1995)	5.0
Mina Tannenbaum (1994)	5.0
Bride of Frankenstein (1935)	5.0
Balto (1995)	5.0
Great Dictator, The (1940)	5.0

Table 13: Question 10: Highest Ratings by Women aged > 40

10. cont'd. By women under 40?

Title	Rating
Stripes (1981)	5.0
Don't Be a Menace to South Central While Drinking Your Juice in the Hood (1996)	5.0
Someone Else's America (1995)	5.0
Grace of My Heart (1996)	5.0
Horseman on the Roof, The (Hussard sur le toit, Le) (1995)	5.0
Faster Pussycat! Kill! Kill! (1965)	5.0
Wedding Gift, The (1994)	5.0
Heaven's Prisoners (1996)	5.0
Everest (1998)	5.0
Nico Icon (1995)	5.0
Maya Lin: A Strong Clear Vision (1994)	5.0
Year of the Horse (1997)	5.0
Umbrellas of Cherbourg, The (Parapluies de Cherbourg, Les) (1964)	5.0
Telling Lies in America (1997)	5.0
Prefontaine (1997)	5.0
Mina Tannenbaum (1994)	5.0
Backbeat (1993)	5.0

Table 14: Question 10.5: Highest Ratings by Women aged $<40\,$

2 Appendix A

```
\# A dictionary of movie critics and their ratings of a small
    # set of movies
 3 critics={'Lisa Rose': {'Lady in the Water': 2.5, 'Snakes on a Plane': 3.5, 'Just My Luck': 3.0, 'Superman Returns': 3.5, 'You, Me and Dupree': 2.5, 'The Night Listener': 3.0},
 6 'Gene Seymour': {'Lady in the Water': 3.0, 'Snakes on a Plane': 3.5, 'Just My Luck': 1.5, 'Superman Returns': 5.0, 'The Night Listener': 3.0, 'You, Me and Dupree': 3.5},
9 'Michael Phillips': {'Lady in the Water': 2.5, 'Snakes on a Plane': 3.0, 10 'Superman Returns': 3.5, 'The Night Listener': 4.0},
11 'Claudia Puig': {'Snakes on a Plane': 3.5, 'Just My Luck': 3.0,
    'The Night Listener': 4.5, 'Superman Returns': 4.0,
    'You, Me and Dupree': 2.5,
13
14 'Mick LaSalle': {'Lady in the Water': 3.0, 'Snakes on a Plane': 4.0, '5 'Just My Luck': 2.0, 'Superman Returns': 3.0, 'The Night Listener': 3.0, 'You, Me and Dupree': 2.0},
   'Jack Matthews': {'Lady in the Water': 3.0, 'Snakes on a Plane': 4.0, 'The Night Listener': 3.0, 'Superman Returns': 5.0, 'You, Me and Dupree': 3.5}
19 'Toby': {'Snakes on a Plane': 4.5, 'You, Me and Dupree': 1.0, 'Superman Returns': 4.0}}
22 from math import sqrt
   from numpy import mean
   from operator import itemgetter
   from pprint import pprint
26 from sys import stdout
27
    # Returns a distance-based similarity score for person1 and person2
   def sim_distance(prefs, person1, person2):
# Get_the_list_of_shared_items
30
31
       si = \{\}
32
       for item in prefs[person1]:
         if item in prefs[person2]: si[item]=1
33
34
      \# if they have no ratings in common, return 0 if len(si)==0: return 0
35
36
37
       # Add up the squares of all the differences
38
      sum_of_squares=sum([pow(prefs[person1][item]-prefs[person2][item],2)
for item in prefs[person1] if item in prefs[person2]])
39
40
41
       \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{return} & 1/(1 \!+\! \texttt{sum\_of\_squares}) \end{array}
42
43
    \# Returns the Pearson correlation coefficient for p1 and p2
44
   def sim_pearson(prefs, p1, p2):
    # Get the list of mutually rated items
45
46
          si = \{\}
47
48
          for item in prefs[p1]:
               if item in prefs[p2]:
49
50
                     si[item]=1
51
         \# if they are no ratings in common, return 0 if len(si)==0: return 0
52
53
54
55
          # Sum calculations
56
          n=len(si)
57
           \# \ Sums \ of \ all \ the \ preferences \\ sum1=sum([prefs[p1][it] \ for \ it \ in \ si]) \\ sum2=sum([prefs[p2][it] \ for \ it \ in \ si]) 
58
59
60
61
62
63
         64
65
66
         pSum=sum([prefs[p1][it]*prefs[p2][it] for it in si])
67
68
69
          # Calculate r (Pearson score)
70
         num=pSum-(sum1*sum2/n)
          den = sqrt((sum1Sq-pow(sum1,2)/n)*(sum2Sq-pow(sum2,2)/n))
71
          r=num/den
```

```
75
76
        return r
77
78
   # Returns the best matches for person from the prefs dictionary.
79
    # Number of results and similarity function are optional params.
80 def topMatches(prefs, person, n=5, similarity=sim_pearson):
81 scores=[(similarity(prefs, person, other), other)
82
                       for other in prefs if other!=person]
83
      scores.sort()
84
      scores.reverse()
85
      return scores [0:n]
86
    # Gets recommendations for a person by using a weighted average
   # of every other user's rankings
89
   def getRecommendations (prefs, person, similarity=sim pearson):
90
      totals = \{\}
91
      simSums={}
92
      for other in prefs:
        # don't compare me to myself
93
        if other person: continue
95
        sim=similarity (prefs, person, other)
96
97
        # ignore scores of zero or lower
        if sim <=0: continue
98
99
        for item in prefs [other]:
100
101
          # only score movies I haven't seen yet
          if item not in prefs[person] or prefs[person][item]==0:
102
103
             # Similarity
104
             totals.setdefault(item,0)
105
             totals [item] += prefs [other] [item] * sim
106
107
             simSums.setdefault(item,0)
            simSums[item]+=sim
108
109
      # Create the normalized list
110
      rankings = [(total/simSums[item], item) for item, total in totals.items()]
111
112
      # Return the sorted list
113
      rankings.sort()
114
      rankings.reverse()
115
      return rankings
116
117
118
    def transformPrefs(prefs):
119
      result = \{\}
      for person in prefs:
120
        for item in prefs[person]:
  result.setdefault(item, {})
121
122
123
          # Flip item and person
124
125
          result [item] [person] = prefs [person] [item]
126
      return result
127
128
    {\tt def \ calculateSimilarItems (prefs, n=10, similarity=sim\_distance):}
129
      # Create a dictionary of items showing which other items they
130
      # are most similar to
131
      result = \{\}
132
               the preference matrix to be item-centric
133
      itemPrefs=transformPrefs(prefs)
134
      c=0
135
      for item in itemPrefs:
136
        # Status updates for large datasets
137
138
        if c%100==0: print "%d / %d" % (c,len(itemPrefs))
139
        # Find the most similar items to this one
140
        scores=topMatches(itemPrefs, item, n=n, similarity=similarity)
141
        result [item] = scores
142
      return result
143
144
    def calcSimilarUsers(prefs, n=10, similarity=sim_distance):
        \mathtt{result} \ = \ \{\}
145
146
        itemPrefs = prefs
        c\!=\!0
147
148
        for item in itemPrefs:
149
             c+=1
             if c%100==0: print "%d / %d" % (c, len(itemPrefs))
150
             scores = topMatches(itemPrefs, item, n=n, similarity=similarity)
```

```
152
             result [item] = scores
        return result
153
154
155
   def getRecommendedItems(prefs,itemMatch,user):
156
      userRatings=prefs [user]
157
      scores=\{\}
158
      totalSim={}
159
      # Loop over items rated by this user
160
      for (item, rating) in userRatings.items():
161
162
        # Loop over items similar to this one
        for (similarity, item2) in itemMatch[item]:
163
164
165
           # Ignore if this user has already rated this item
166
           if item2 in userRatings: continue
          # Weighted sum of rating times similarity
167
           scores.setdefault(item2,0)
168
169
           scores [item2]+=similarity*rating
170
           # Sum of all the similarities
171
           totalSim.setdefault(item2,0)
172
           totalSim [item2]+=similarity
173
174
      # Divide each total score by total weighting to get an average
      rankings = [(score/totalSim[item], item) for item, score in scores.items()]
175
176
177
      # Return the rankings from highest to lowest
      rankings.sort()
178
      rankings.reversé()
179
      return rankings
180
181
    def loadMovieLens():
182
183
        # Get movie titles
        movies={}
184
        for line in open('u.item'):
185
             (id, title)=line.split(',')[0:2]
186
187
             movies [id] = title
188
189
        # Load data
190
        prefs = \{\}
        for line in open('u.data'):
191
             (user , movieid , rating , ts)=line . split(' \t'
192
193
             prefs.setdefault(user,{})
194
             prefs [user] [movies [movieid]] = float (rating)
195
196
        users=\{\}
        for line in open('u.user'):
197
             (user, age, gender, job, zipcode) = line.split('!')
users.setdefault(user, {})
users[user] = {'age': age, 'gender': gender, 'job': job, 'zipcode': zipcode}
198
199
200
201
        return prefs, movies, users
202
203
    def get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: True):
204
         ratings = []
205
        for user, user
                         ratings in prefs.iteritems():
             if \ user\_fi\overline{l}ter(users[user]) \ and \ user\_ratings.has\_key(movies[mid]):
206
207
                 ratings.append(user_ratings[movies[mid]])
208
        if not ratings:
209
             return 0.0
210
        return mean(ratings)
211
212
        get\_top(sorted\_list, key=lambda x, i: x[i][1], n=5):
213
        top = key(sorted_list, 0)
214
        top_items = []
215
        i = 0
216
         while i < n or key(sorted_list, i) == top:
             top_items.append(sorted_list[i])
if i < n and key(sorted_list, i) != top:
217
218
219
                 top = key(sorted_list, i)
220
             i += 1
221
        return top_items
222
223
   def count movie ratings(prefs, mid, transform=False):
        num = 0
224
225
        for user, user ratings in prefs.iteritems():
             if user ratings. has key(movies[mid]):
226
                 num += 1
227
228
        return num
```

```
229
matches = topMatches(itemPrefs, title, n=n, similarity=sim_pearson)
232
                    sorted_m = sorted(matches, key=itemgetter(0), reverse=similar)
233
                    return get_top(sorted_m, key=top_key, n=20)
234
235
236
         def tabulate(tuples, caption, label, colnames, output):
                    output.write('\\begin{table}[h!]\n')
output.write('\\centering\n')
opts = '| ' + ' | '.join(['1' for i in xrange(len(tuples[0]))]) + ' |'
237
238
239
                    output.write('\\begin{{tabular}}{{(0}}}\n'.format(opts))
240
                    output.write('\\hline\n')
header = ' & '.join(['{}' for i in xrange(len(tuples[0]))]).format(*colnames)
241
242
                    output.write(header + ' \\\\n\\hline\n')
243
244
                    for item in tuples:
                              temp = ' & '.join(['{}', for i in xrange(len(item))])
245
                               output.write(temp.format(*item) + '\\\\n')
246
247
                    output.write('\\hline\n\\end{tabular}\n')
248
                    output.write('\\caption{{{0}}}\n'.format(caption))
                    output.write('\\label{{tab:{0}}}\n'.format(label))
249
250
                    output.write('\\end{table}\n\n')
251
         print "Parsing data"
252
         prefs, movies, users = loadMovieLens()
253
254
         def flatten (tup, f=lambda x: (x[0], x[1][0][1], x[1][0][0])):
255
                    return f(tup)
256
257
                      name
                                       == ' main ':
                    with open ('output.tex', 'w') as outfile:
258
259
                               question1 = 1. What 5 movies have the highest average ratings?
                              question = '1. what 5 movies have the fighest average ratings?'
averages_all = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
sorted_avg_all = sorted(averages_all.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
top_all = get_top(sorted_avg_all)
tabulate(top_all, 'Question 1: Highest Average Rating', 'hiavgrat', ('Title', '
260
261
262
263
                                         Rating')
                                                      outfile)
264
                               print "done with 1"
265
266
                               {
m question 2} = "2. What 5 movies received the most ratings? Show the movies and the
267
                              number of ratings sorted by number of ratings."

movie_counts = {movie: count_movie_ratings(prefs, mid) for mid, movie in movies.
268
                                         iteritems()}
269
                               sorted_counts = sorted(movie_counts.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
                              top_movie_counts = get_top(sorted_counts)
tabulate(top_movie_counts, 'Question 2: Most Ratings', 'mratings', ('Title', '
Ratings Count'), outfile)
print "done with 2"
270
271
272
273
                               {
m question 3} = "3. What 5 movies were rated the highest on average by women? Show the
274
                                         movies and their ratings sorted by ratings.
275
                               averages\_w = \{movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter = lambda \ x: \ x['gender'] == 'F') \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter) = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid, user\_filter)) \ for \ x = (movie: get\_avg(prefs , mid,
                                            mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
276
                               sorted_avg_w = sorted(averages_w.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
                              top_avg_w = get_top(sorted_avg_w)
tabulate(top_avg_w, 'Question 3: Highest Ratings by Women', 'hwratings', ('Title', '
277
                               tabulate(top_avg_w, 'Q
Rating'), outfile)
278
279
                               print "done with 3"
280
281
                               {
m question 4} = "4. What 5 movies were rated the highest on average by men? Show the
                                         movies and their ratings sorted by ratings.
282
                               averages_m = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='M') for
                                            mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
283
                               sorted_avg_m = sorted(averages_m.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
284
                               top_avg_m = get_top(sorted_avg_m)
tabulate(top_avg_m, 'Question 4: Highest Ratings by Men', 'hmratings', ('Title', '
285
                                         Rating; , outfile)
286
                               print "done with 4"
287
288
                               {\tt question5} = {\tt "5.} What movie received ratings most like Top Gun?"
                              \sin _{p} = get_{i} = get_{
289
                               tabulate(sim_top_gun, 'Question 5: Most like Top Gun', 'mltg', ('Pearson\'s r', 'Title'), outfile)
290
                               print "done with 5"
292
```

```
{
m question} 55 = "5 cont'd. Which movie received ratings that were least like Top Gun (
293
                                         negative correlation) "
                              294
295
                              tabulate(dissim_top_gun, 'Question 5.5: Least like Top Gun', '11tg', ('Pearson\'s r'
                                              'Title'), outfile)
206
                              print "done with 5.5"
297
298
                              {
m question 6} = "6. Which 5 raters rated the most films? Show the raters, IDs and the
                                        number of films each rated."
299
                              counts = {user: len(user ratings) for user, user ratings in prefs.iteritems()}
                              sorted_counts = sorted(counts.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
300
301
                              top rater counts = get top(sorted counts)
302
                              tabulate(top_rater_counts, 'Question 6: Most Opinionated Viewers', 'opinion', ('
                                         Rater ID, 'Ratings Count'), outfile)
                              print "done with 6"
303
304
                              \mathrm{question} 7 = "7. Which 5 raters most agreed with each other? Show the raters, IDs and
305
                                           Pearson's r, sorted by r.'
                              306
307
                             308
309
310
                              print "done with 7"
311
312
                              {\it question 8} = "8. Which 5 raters most disagreed with each other (negative correlation)
313
                              ? Show the raters' IDs and Pearson's r, sorted by r" sorted_dissim = sorted(raters_sim.items(), key=lambda x: x[1][0])
314
                             top_dissim_raters = get_top(sorted_dissim, key=lambda x,i: x[i][1][0])
top_dissim_raters = [flatten(rater) for rater in top_dissim_raters]
tabulate(top_dissim_raters, 'Question 8: Nemeses', 'cont', ('User 1 ID', 'User 2 ID',
, 'Pearson\'s r'), outfile)
315
316
317
                              print "done with 8"
318
319
320
                              question 9 = "9. What movie was rated highest on average by men over 40?"
                              averages\_mo = \{movie: get\_avg(prefs\ , mid\ , user\_filter=lambda\ x:\ x['gender']=='M', and averages\_mo' = lambda\ x:\ x['gender']=='M', and lambda\ x['gender']=='M', and l
321
                                           int(x['age'])>40) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
322
                              sorted_avg_mo = sorted(averages_mo.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
                             top_avg_mo = get_top(sorted_avg_mo)
top_avg_mo = get_top(sorted_avg_mo)
tabulate(top_avg_mo, 'Question 9: Highest Ratings by Men aged > 40', 'hrbom', ('
Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 9"
323
324
325
326
                              {\it question}95 = "9 cont'd. By men under 40?"
327
                              averages\_mu = \{movie: get\_avg(prefs\ ,\ mid\ ,\ user\_filter=lambda\ x\colon\ x['gender']=='M'\ and\ reflection for the second of th
328
                                           int(x['age']) < 40) for mid, movie in movies. iteritems()}
                              sorted_avg_mu = sorted(averages_mu.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
329
330
                              top_avg_mu = get_top(sorted_avg_mu)
                              tabulate(top_avg_mu, 'Question 9.5: Highest Ratings by Men aged < 40', 'hrbaom', ('
    Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 9.5"</pre>
331
332
333
334
                              question 10 = "10. What movie was rated highest on average by women over 40?"
                              averages_wo = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='F' and int(x['age'])>40) for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()} sorted_avg_wo = sorted(averages_wo.items(), key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
335
336
                             top_avg_wo = get_top(sorted_avg_wo)
tabulate(top_avg_wo, 'Question 10: Highest Ratings by Women aged > 40', 'hrbow', ('
Title', 'Rating'), outfile)
print "done with 10"
337
338
339
340
341
                              question 105 = "10. cont'd. By women under 40?"
                              averages_wu = {movie: get_avg(prefs, mid, user_filter=lambda x: x['gender']=='F' and
342
                                            \operatorname{int}(x[,age,])<40)
                                                                                         for mid, movie in movies.iteritems()}
                             343
344
345
346
```

Listing 17: all code used

3 References

[1] Numpy Developers. Python numpy Module. http://www.numpy.org/, 2013.