Assignment 2

Fall 2016 CS834 Introduction to Information Retrieval Dr. Michael Nelson

Mathew Chaney

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1 Question 4.1

1.1 Question

Plot rank-frequency curves (using a log-log graph) for words and bigrams in the Wikipedia collection available through the book website (http://www.search-engines-book.com). Plot a curve for the combination of the two. What are the best values for the parameter c for each curve?

1.2 Resources

The textbook Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice [1], the Python programming language [2], the R programming language [?] and the BeautifulSoup python library [3] were used to answer this question.

1.3 Answer

The wc.py script 1 was used to locate each file of the Wikipedia collection obtained from the book download page, available at http://www.search-engines-book.com. The BeautifulSoup library was used to strip out the HTML tags and then the nltk library [?] was used to tokenize the text. The individual words were counted manually and the nltk library [?] was used to count the bigrams.

The word count graph can be found in Figure 1 and the bigram count graph can be found in Figure 2.

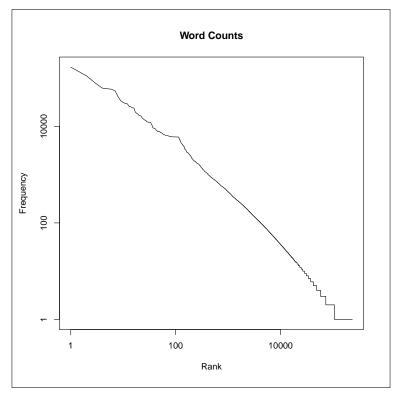


Figure 1: Word Counts for Small Wikipedia Corpus

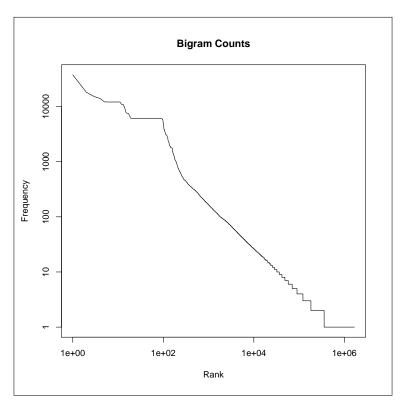


Figure 2: Bigram Counts for Small Wikipedia Corpus

2 Appendix A

```
\#!/usr/bin/python
  3 import argparse
  4 import os
  5
      import operator
  6 import sys
      import nltk
  8 from os.path import isdir, isfile
  9
      from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
10
11
      class WordCounter(object):
                def __init__(self , root):
    self.tokenizer = nltk.RegexpTokenizer(r'\w+')
12
13
14
                          \mathtt{self.root} \, = \, \mathtt{root}
15
                          self.wmap = \{\}
                          self.bgmap = \{\}
16
                          self.filelist = []
17
                          {\tt self.visited} \, = \, 0
18
19
20
                 def getfiles(self, folder=','):
21
                          items = os.listdir(self.root + folder)
22
                          for item in items:
23
                                    filepath = self.root + folder + os.sep + item
                                    if isfile (filepath):
25
                                              self. filelist.append(filepath)
                                     elif isdir (filepath)
26
                                              self.getfiles(folder + os.sep + item)
27
28
29
                 def count(self, filepath):
30
                          sys.stdout.write("\rprocessing document #%i" % self.visited)
                          sys.stdout.flush()
31
32
                          with open (filepath) as infile:
33
                                    text = BeautifulSoup(infile.read(), 'html.parser').get_text()
                                    tokens = self.tokenizer.tokenize(text)
34
35
                          for s in tokens:
                                    if not self.wmap.has_key(s):
36
                                             self.wmap[s] = 0
37
                          self.wmap[s] - 0
self.wmap[s] + 1
for b in nltk.bigrams(tokens):
if not self.bgmap.has_key(b):
38
39
40
                                             self.bgmap[b] = 0
41
                          self.bgmap[b] = self.bgmap[b] + 1

self.visited = self.visited + 1
42
43
44
                 def writeresults(self):
45
                          with open('wordcount', 'w') as outfile:
    for k, v in sorted(self.wmap.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1), reverse=True):
        outfile.write(str(v) + '\t' + k.encode('utf-8') + '\n')
with open('bigramcount', 'w') as outfile:
46
47
48
49
50
                                    for k, v in sorted (self.bgmap.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1), reverse=True)
                                              outfile.write(str(v) + '\t' + k[0].encode('utf-8') + '\t' + k[1].encode('utf-8') + '\t' + k[1]
51
                                                        -8') + '\n')
53
                 def run(self):
                          print 'delving into "{0}"'.format(self.root)
54
55
                           self.getfiles()
56
                          print 'found {0} documents'.format(len(self.filelist))
                          map(self.count, self.filelist)
print '\nfound {0} words'.format(len(self.wmap))
print 'found {0} bigrams'.format(len(self.bgmap))
57
58
59
60
                          self.writeresults()
61
                _name__ == '__main__':
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser('word count')
62
63
                 parser.add_argument('-root', '-r', help='the root directory for parsing', default='en')
64
                 args = parser.parse args()
66
                 wc = WordCounter(args.root)
                 wc.run()
```

Listing 1: wc.py

Listing 2: buildgraphs.R

3 References

- [1] Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler, and Trevor Strohman. Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice. Pearson, first edition, February 2009.
- [2] The Python Programming Language. Available at: https://www.python.org/. Accessed: 2016/09/17.
- [3] Leonard Richardson. Beautiful Soup. Available at: https://www.crummy.com/software/beautifulsoup/. Accessed: 2016/09/20.