Econ Problem Set 4

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1 DSGE

Problem 1. The first step is to substitute the form of the policy function $(K_{t+1} = e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha})$ into the euler equation. We see that on the left side:

$$\frac{1}{e^{z_t}K_t^{\alpha} - K_{t-1}} = \frac{1}{e^{z_t}K_t^{\alpha}(1-A)} \tag{1}$$

And on the right side, we have

$$\beta \mathbb{E} \left(\frac{\alpha e^{z_{t+1}} K_{t+1}^{\alpha - 1}}{e^{z_t + 1} K_{t+1}^{\alpha} - K_{t+2}} \right) = \beta \mathbb{E} \left(\frac{\alpha e^{z_{t+1}} (e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha})^{\alpha - 1}}{e^{z_{t+1}} (e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha})^{\alpha} - (e^{z_t + 1} A (e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha}))^{\alpha}} \right)$$
(2)

$$= \beta \mathbb{E} \left(\frac{\alpha e^{z_{t+1}} (e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha})^{\alpha - 1}}{e^{z_{t+1}} (e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha^2}) (1 - A)} \right)$$
 (3)

$$= \beta \mathbb{E} \left(\frac{\alpha}{(e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha})(1 - A)} \right) \tag{4}$$

Since we are in period t and there is no uncertainty about anything inside the expected value, we can say

$$\frac{1}{e^{z_t} K_t^{\alpha} (1 - A)} = \frac{\alpha \beta}{(e^{z_t} A K_t^{\alpha}) (1 - A)}$$
 (5)

Which is true if and only if $\alpha\beta = A$.

Problem 2. The characterizing equations are:

Household

$$w_t(1-\tau)\frac{1}{c_t} = \frac{a}{1-l_t}$$
 (6)

$$\frac{1}{c_t} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{1}{c_{t+1}} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right]$$
 (7)

• Firm

$$R_t = \alpha e^{z_t} K^{\alpha - 1} L^{1 - \alpha} \tag{8}$$

$$W_t = (1 - \alpha)e^{z_t}K^{\alpha}L^{-\alpha} \tag{9}$$

• Government

$$\tau[w_t l_t(r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \tag{10}$$

• Market Clearing and Price Equivalence

$$l_t = L_t \tag{11}$$

$$k_t = K_t \tag{12}$$

$$w_t = W_t \tag{13}$$

$$r_t = R_t \tag{14}$$

We can't use the same tricks to solve for A, because the functional form from problem 1 does not yield the same nice cancellation.

Problem 3. Characterizing equations:

Household

$$w_t(1-\tau)c_t^{-\gamma} = \frac{a}{1-l_t}$$
 (15)

$$c_t^{-\gamma} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[c_{t+1}^{-\gamma} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right]$$
 (16)

• Firm

$$R_t = \alpha e^{z_t} K_t^{\alpha - 1} L_T^{1 - \alpha} \tag{17}$$

$$W_t = (1 - \alpha)e^{z_t} K_t^{\alpha} L_t^{-\alpha} \tag{18}$$

• Government

$$\tau[w_t l_t(r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \tag{19}$$

• Market Clearing and Price Equivalence

$$l_t = L_t \tag{20}$$

$$k_t = K_t \tag{21}$$

$$w_t = W_t \tag{22}$$

$$r_t = R_t \tag{23}$$

Problem 4. Characterizing Equations:

• Household

$$w_t(1-\tau)c_t^{-\gamma} = -a(1-l_t)^{-\xi}$$
(24)

$$c_t^{-\gamma} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[c_{t+1}^{-\gamma} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right]$$
 (25)

• Firm

$$R_t = e_t^z [\alpha K_t^{\eta} + (1 - \alpha) L_t^{\eta}]^{\frac{1}{\eta} - 1} \alpha K_t^{\eta - 1}$$
(26)

$$W_t = e_t^z [\alpha K_t^{\eta} + (1 - \alpha) L_t^{\eta}]^{\frac{1}{\eta} - 1} (1 - \alpha) L_t^{\eta - 1}$$
(27)

• Government

$$\tau[w_t l_t(r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \tag{28}$$

• Market Clearing and Price Equivalence

$$l_t = L_t \tag{29}$$

$$k_t = K_t \tag{30}$$

$$w_t = W_t \tag{31}$$

$$r_t = R_t \tag{32}$$

Problem 5. Characterizing Equations:

• Household

$$c_t^{-\gamma} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[c_{t+1}^{-\gamma} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right]$$
(33)

• Firm

$$R_t = \alpha e^{\alpha z_t} K_t^{\alpha - 1} L_T^{1 - \alpha} \tag{34}$$

$$W_t = (1 - \alpha)e^{\alpha z_t} K_t^{\alpha} L_t^{-\alpha} \tag{35}$$

• Government

$$\tau[w_t(r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \tag{36}$$

• Market Clearing and Price Equivalence

$$1 = L_t \tag{37}$$

$$k_t = K_t \tag{38}$$

$$w_t = W_t \tag{39}$$

$$r_t = R_t \tag{40}$$

In steady state we get:

$$c^{-\gamma} = \beta \left[c^{-\gamma} [(r - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right] \tag{41}$$

$$r = \alpha k^{\alpha - 1} \tag{42}$$

$$w = (1 - \alpha)k^{\alpha} \tag{43}$$

$$\tau[w(r-\delta)k] = T \tag{44}$$

Solving analytically, we see that

$$r = \frac{\frac{1}{\beta} - 1}{1 - \tau} + \delta = 7.287\tag{45}$$

$$k = \left(\frac{r}{\alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha - 1}} = .121\tag{46}$$

$$w = (1 - \alpha)k^{\alpha} = 1.328 \tag{47}$$

$$Y = k^{\alpha} = .729 \tag{48}$$

$$I = \delta k = 2.213 \tag{49}$$

The values of r, w, k, and c are solved numerically in the jupyter notebook, and they confirm these numbers.

Problem 6. Characterizing Equations (household from problem 4, firm from problem 5):

• Household

$$w_t(1-\tau)c_t^{-\gamma} = -a(1-l_t)^{-\xi}$$
(50)

$$c_t^{-\gamma} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[c_{t+1}^{-\gamma} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right]$$
 (51)

• Firm

$$R_t = \alpha e^{\alpha z_t} K_t^{\alpha - 1} L_T^{1 - \alpha} \tag{52}$$

$$W_t = (1 - \alpha)e^{\alpha z_t} K_t^{\alpha} L_t^{-\alpha} \tag{53}$$

• Government

$$\tau[w_t l_t(r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \tag{54}$$

• Market Clearing and Price Equivalence

$$l_t = L_t \tag{55}$$

$$k_t = K_t \tag{56}$$

$$w_t = W_t \tag{57}$$

$$r_t = R_t \tag{58}$$

Steady state gives us:

$$w(1-\tau)c^{-\gamma} = -a(1-l)^{-\xi} \tag{59}$$

$$c^{-\gamma} = \beta \left[c^{-\gamma} [(r - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right] \tag{60}$$

$$r = \alpha k^{\alpha - 1} l^{1 - \alpha} \tag{61}$$

$$w = (1 - \alpha)k^{\alpha}l^{-\alpha} \tag{62}$$

$$\tau[wl(r-\delta)k] = T \tag{63}$$

These are solved numerically in the Jupyter notebook.

2 Linearization

Problem 1. I am very confused about how to log-linearize, so I didn't manage this or number 2.

Problem 3. I shifted everything up a period since this made more sense to me. The epsilons can disappear because they turn to 0 in expected value. Also every variable is supposed to have a tilde, but I might have missed some.

$$\mathbb{E}\{F\tilde{X}_{t+2} + G\tilde{X}_{t+1} + H\tilde{X}_t + L\tilde{Z}_{t+2} + M\tilde{Z}_{t+1}\} = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}\{F(P\tilde{X}_{t+1} + Q\tilde{Z}_{t+2}) + G(P\tilde{X}_t + Q\tilde{Z}_{t+1}) + H\tilde{X}_t + L(N\tilde{Z}_{t+1} + \epsilon_{t+1}) + M\tilde{Z}_{t+1}\} = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}\{((FP)\tilde{X}_{t+1} + FQ\tilde{Z}_{t+2} + (GP + H)\tilde{X}_t + (GQ + LN + M)\tilde{Z}_{t+1}\} = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}\{(FP)(P\tilde{X}_t + Q\tilde{Z}_{t+1}) + FQ(N\tilde{Z}_{t+1} + \epsilon_{t+1}) + (GP + H)\tilde{X}_t + (GQ + LN + M)\tilde{Z}_{t+1} = 0$$

$$((FP + G)P + H)X_t + [(FQ + L)N + (FP + G)Q + M]\tilde{Z}_{t+1} = 0$$