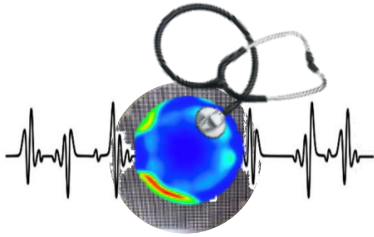


# Enhancement of existing ML pipeline via DL approaches for the detection of patterns in wafermaps



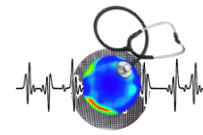


# Methodology

1. Machine Learning pipeline
2. Scope of the Master Thesis
3. Motivation for using Deep Learning

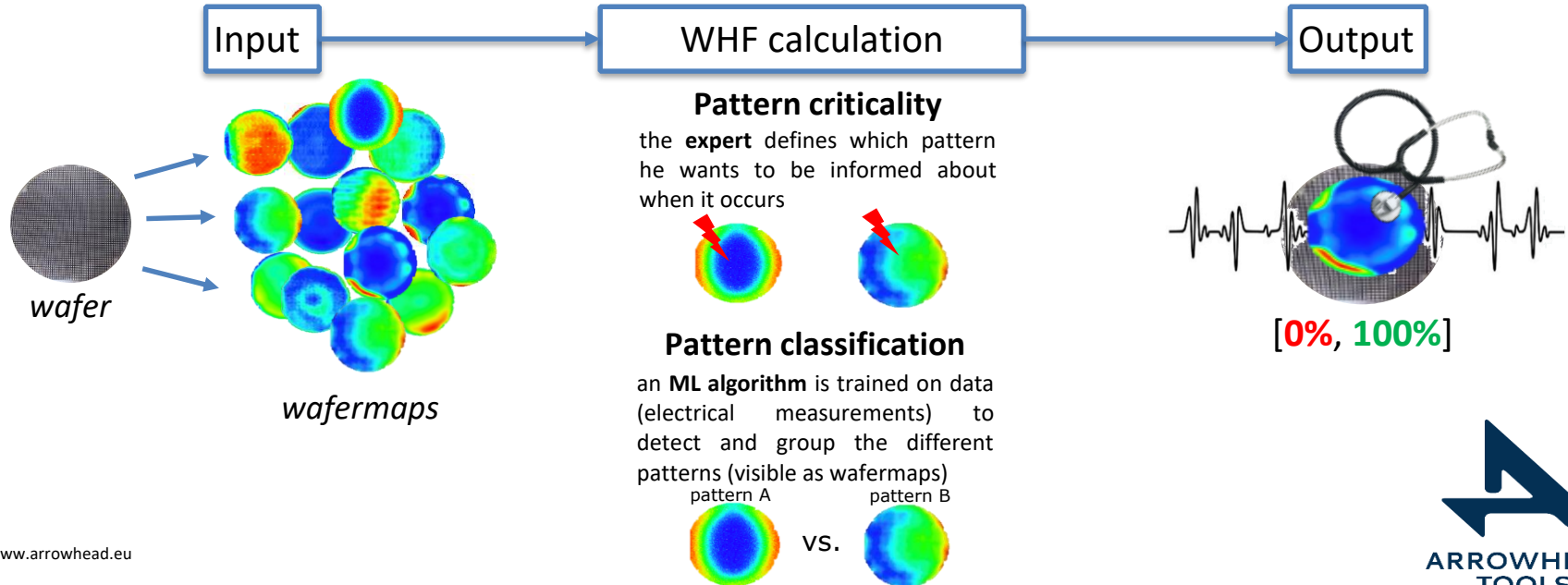


# Wafer Health Factor – Machine Learning pipeline

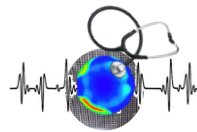


## Concept:

The wafer health factor informs you about the presence of pre-defined (critical) process patterns, based on analog wafer test data (before the yield is affected).



# Scope of the Master Thesis

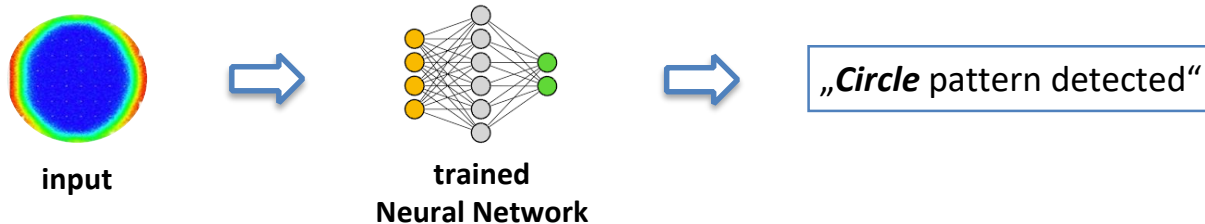


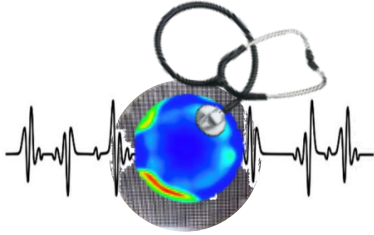
Already existing: **Machine-Learning** pipeline already *verified*...

- ... due to few **labelled** data available in real-world applications
- ... and **high variety** of pattern types
- ... with **good performance** for few training data

**Aim of master thesis:** Implementation of a Deep Learning pipeline under certain restrictions, e.g.

- few training data (~**20 wafermaps** per pattern type)
- as low computation time as possible
- better classification performance compared to Machine Learning pipeline



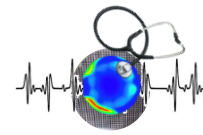


# Classification Task

1. Data Acquisition
2. Description of Data Set
3. Classification Task
4. Desired Outcome



# Data Aquisition



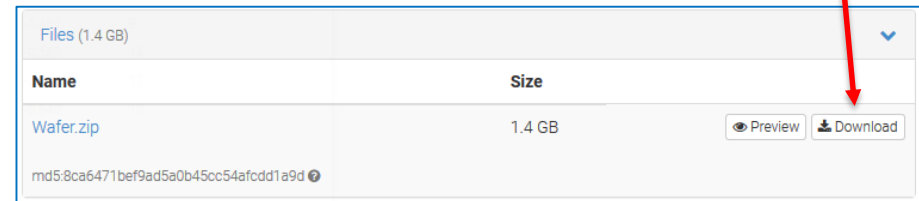
- The data set is publicly available: <https://zenodo.org/record/2542504#.X3rgiO2xXqY>
- Information on WHF methodology: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/8914309>

**Paper Title:** *A Health Factor for Process Patterns Enhancing Semiconductor Manufacturing by Pattern Recognition in Analog Wafermaps*

## Detailed information of the following points can be found on next slides

- Data set generation description
- Brief description of occurring pattern types
- All necessary files
  - Data Set: *Wafer.zip*
  - Data set description as text file
  - 4 files with training data sets (training\_x.csv)
  - 1 file with test data set (test.csv)

Download data set





**Available in file:** *Data Set Description.txt*

- NOTE\_1:** Labels (ground truth) are available in **column headers** !!

**NOTE\_2:** Pattern Types *xxx\_pure* not relevant for analysis (as they contain the same wafermaps without noise)!

[illegible]

## Description of Data Set (2)



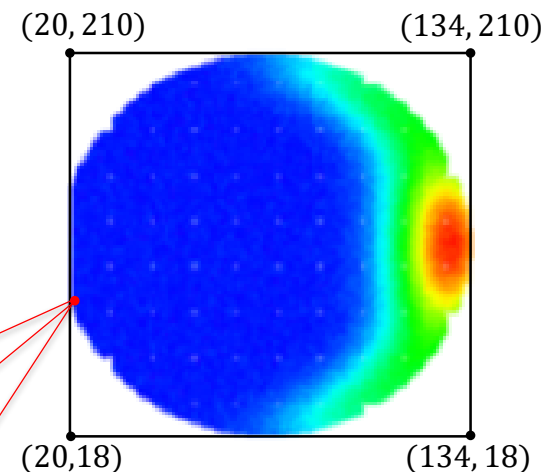
- How to get data of a specific wafermap, e.g. *Crescent* pattern of wafer 1

- get all rows where *Wafer*==1

Lot	Wafer	X	Y	Ring	Spot	Trend	Twospots	Crescent
Lot_1	1	20	84	0,033	6,48e-05	0,312	0,039	15,58
Lot_1	1	20	85	0,032	-4,66e-06	0,288	0,040	15,64
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lot_1	1	134	121	0,032	-4,09e-05	0,131	0,044	16,57

- get test values for each device by checking X/Y coordinates

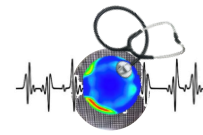
Lot	Wafer	X	Y	Ring	Spot	Trend	Twospots	Crescent
Lot_1	1	20	84	0,033	6,48e-05	0,312	0,039	15,58
Lot_1	1	20	85	0,032	-4,66e-06	0,288	0,040	15,64
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lot_1	1	134	121	0,032	-4,09e-05	0,131	0,044	16,57



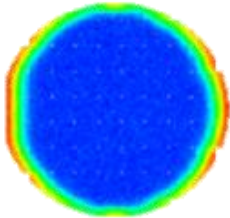
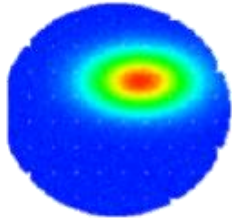
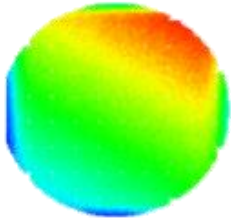
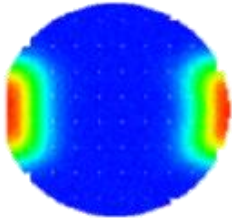
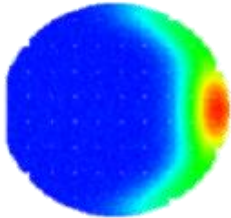
**Interpretation:** Wafer 1, value of 5<sup>th</sup> test of device with position (20,18) – the value 15,58 gets printed as a blue-ish color.



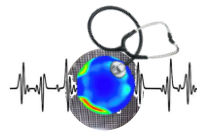
# Classification Task



- Pattern Types

	Ring	Spot	Trend	Twospots	Crescent
Example Wafermap					
Characteristics	Ring around wafermap <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Size can differ but not position</li></ul>	Single spot on wafermap <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Size, position and orientation can differ</li></ul>	Trend over whole wafermap	Two spots on opposite sides of wafermap <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Size can differ</li></ul>	Single spot on one side of wafermap with crescent <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Size can differ</li></ul>

# Desired Outcome



- **Tasks:**

1. Implementation of a **Neural Network model** which can reasonably distinguish between the pattern types *Ring*, *Spot*, *Trend*, *Twospots* and *Crescent* by using a *maximum of 20 wafermaps per pattern type* from *training\_x.csv* in the training phase
2. Incorporation of **Data Augmentation Techniques** in order to increase the number of **relevant** data samples. These techniques include, but are not limited to:
  - Flipping, Rotating, Translating the images
  - more sophisticated methods like SMOTE
3. Prediction of all pattern types on **all provided wafermaps** in file *test.csv* and compare these predicted labels to the provided labeling (respective column headers)
  - Evaluation measure(s): F1 score<sup>1</sup> (**mandatory**) and others (optional)

<sup>1</sup>[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/F1\\_score](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/F1_score):  $F1 = 2 * \frac{Precision * Recall}{Precision + Recall}$

# Enhancement of existing ML pipeline via DL approaches for the detection of patterns in wafermaps

