SALUTE WEB-BASED MEDICAL MANAGEMENT MILESTONE 0

Matteo Musa Nada Aswhwin

February 4, 2011

Contents

1	Intr	duction 2		
	1.1	Overview		
	1.2	Tools and Technology		
2	Requirements 3			
	2.1	User Requirements		
	2.2	System Requirements		
	2.3	Current Status and Future Work		
3	Des	qn 4		
	3.1	High Level View		
		3.1.1 Database Design		
		3.1.2 MVC Design		
		3.1.3 Interface Design		
		3.1.4 Server Design		
	3.2	Implementation View		
	3.3	Tests		
		3.3.1 Controller Tests		
		3.3.2 Database Tests		
4	Operating Manual			
	-	4.0.3 How-to's		
		4.0.4 Screen-shots		
5	Cre	its 14		

Introduction

Bla bla bla...

1.1 Overview

Bla bla bla..

1.2 Tools and Technology

What tools and technology we used..

Requirements

- 2.1 User Requirements
- 2.2 System Requirements
- 2.3 Current Status and Future Work

Design

3.1 High Level View

3.1.1 Database Design

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{PostgreSQL} & \textbf{Salute uses PostgreSQL 8.4 as its database management software.} \end{tabular}$

Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) try to place the ER here

Entities Attributes Entities are represented in the ER diagram as rectangles. Each entity represents a table in the database that holds all of the information or attributes that represents that entity. In the ER diagram, each attribute is represented with a oval.

Messages Holds all of the information regarding messages sent from patient to hcp or vice versa. It has two total 1:N relationships with the Accounts entity.

Attribrutes: SERIAL message $_id-IDtouniquelyidentify the message from other messages. Satisfies TEXT subject- Subject of the message being sent. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters. Cannot be NULL.$

TEXT content- Where the sender can writte what they would like to send to the receiver. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters. Cannot be NULL.

TIMESTAMP date_time-Date and time of when the message is sent. TIMESTAMP data type is <math>MM:DDHH:MM:SS.Cannot be NULL.

 $\label{eq:boolean} \begin{aligned} & \text{BOOLEAN sender}_k ept-To determine if the sender would like to delete the message from their or \\ & \text{BOOLEAN receiver}_k ept-To determine if the receiver would like to delete the message from the delete the message from the delete the delete the message from the delete the delete$

Accounts Holds all of the primary information every patient and hcp account needs to log into Salute. The entities $Patient_{A}ccount$ and $HCP_{A}ccount$ both inherit from A 1 relationship with the Permission and $Medical_{R}ec$ or d sentities.

Attributes:

 ${\tt SERIAL\,account}_i d-ID to uniquely identify the account from other accounts. SERIAL data type authors a superior of the account from the$

VARCHAR(40) email- Email of the account holder. It is used to log into Salute along with the user password. VARCHAR(40) datatype allows for a maximum of 40 characters. Cannot be NULL.

VARCHAR(15) password- Password of the account holder. It is used to log into Salute along with the user email address. VARCHAR(15) datatype allows for a maximum of 15 characters. Cannot be NULL.

BOOLEAN active- To determine wheather the account is active or not. BOOLEAN datatype value is either TRUE or FALSE. By default it is TRUE. Changing the stauts to FALSE means the account gets deactivated.

Patient_Account Holds all of the personal information for every patient. It inherits from the Accounts entity with an IS A relationship. It has a partial N:1 relationship with the Medical_Recordsentity and the p_{dc} onnection relationship.

Attributes:

 ${\tt SERIAL\,account}_i d-ID to uniquely identify the account from other accounts. SERIAL data type authors a superior of the contract of the c$

 $VARCHAR(30) \ first_n ame-First name of the patient. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for a model of the patient of the patient$

VARCHAR(30) last_n ame-Last name of the patient. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for a maximum of the patient of the patien

 $VARCHAR(30) \ middle_n ame-Middle name of the patient. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for the patient of the pa$

NUMERIC(9,0) ssn- Social Security Number of the patient. NUMERIC(9,0) datatype allows exactly 9 numeric characters. Cannot be NULL.

DATE dob- Date of Birth of the patient. DATE datatype is of the format YY:MM:DD. Cannot be NULL.

CHAR(6) sex- Sex of the patient. CHAR(6) datatyep allows for a maximum of 6 characters. It has to be either "male" or "female". Cannot be NULL.

 $VARCHAR(11) tel_n umber - Primary telephonenumber of the patient. VARCHAR(11) dataty$

 $VARCHAR(11) \ fax_n umber - Fax number of the patient. VARCHAR(11) data type allows a maximum bereful for the patient of the$

TEXT address- Primary address of the patient. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters.

 $\mathbf{HCP}_{Account}$ Holds all of the personal information for every hcp. It inherits from the Accounts entity with an IS A relationship. It has a partial N:1 relationship with the Appointments entity and the \mathbf{d}_{dc} onnection relationship.

Attributes:

 ${\tt SERIAL\,account}_i d-ID to uniquely identify the account from other accounts. SERIAL data type and the account from the a$

 $VARCHAR(30)\ first_n ame-First name of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for a maximum of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) and the hope of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) and the hope of the hope of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) and the hope of the$

 $VARCHAR(30) last_n ame-Last name of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for a maximum of the hold of the hold$

 $VARCHAR(30) \ middle_n ame-Middle name of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) data type allows for amount of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) and the hold of the hcp. VARCHAR(30) and the hcp. VARCHAR(3$

NUMERIC(9,0) ssn- Social Security Number of the hcp. NUMERIC(9,0) datatype allows exactly 9 numeric characters. Cannot be NULL.

DATE dob- Date of Birth of the hcp. DATE datatype is of the format YY:MM:DD. Cannot be NULL.

CHAR(6) sex- Sex of the hcp. CHAR(6) datatyep allows for a maximum of 6 characters. It has to be either "male" or "female". Cannot be NULL.

 $VARCHAR(11) tel_n umber - Primary of fice telephonenum ber of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) dat$

 $VARCHAR(11) \ fax_number - Primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type allows a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number of the hcp. VARCHAR(11) data type a primary fax number o$

TEXT specialization- What the hcp specializes in. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters.

 ${\it VARCHAR}(30) \ {\it org}_n ame-Name of the organization for which the hcpworks for. VARCHAR$

TEXT address- Primary address of the hcp place of business. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters.

Appointments Holds all of the information for every appointment a patient makes with a hcp. It has a total 1:N relationship with the $HCP_{Account}$ and $Patient_{Account}$

Attributes:

 ${\bf SERIAL\ appoint} ment_i d-ID to uniquely identify the appointment from other appointments. SERIAL\ appointment from the appointmen$

 ${\tt SERIAL\ patient}{}_i d-Unique account ID of the patient that requests the appointment. This is the following the property of the patient of the patient$

 ${\tt SERIAL} \; \mathsf{hcp}_i d-Unique account ID of the hop that receives the appointment request. This is the following the properties of the$

TEXT description Description of the appointment that the patient requests to the hcp. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters. Cannot be NULL.

TIMESTAMP date_time-Time and day of the appointment the patient requestes to the hcp. TIMMM:DDHH:MM:SS.C annot be NULL.

BOOLEAN approved- Status of the appointment that the patient requests to the hcp. BOOLEAN datatype value is either TRUE or FALSE. By default it is FALSE. HCP can accept the appointment and change the status to TRUE.

 $\mathbf{Medical}_{Record}$ Holds all of the information for every medical record a patient has on Salute. ???

 ${\tt SERIAL\ medical}_rec_id-ID to uniquely identify the medical record from other medical records. Second from the contract of the contract o$

SERIAL patient_id-Unique account ID of the patient that owns the medical record. This is the form

 ${\tt SERIAL\ account}{}_i d-Unique account ID of the user (patient/hcp) that uploads the medical recording the patient of the$

TEXT issue- What the medical record deals with. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters. Cannot be NULL.

 ${\it TEXT suplementary} in fo-Any suplementary in formation that any body (patient/hcp) would we describe the contract of the$

 ${\it TEXT file}_p at h-Pathwhere the file can be found and downloaded from the server. TEXT dataty$

Payment Holds all of the information for every bill that a patient receives and a hcp issues. ???

 $SERIAL\ bill_i dSERIAL-ID to uniquely identify the bill from other bills. SERIAL data type automatically and the series of the$

SERIAL patient_id-UniqueaccountIDof the patient that received the bill. This is the foreign key SERIAL hcp_id-Uniqueaccount IDof the hcpt hat is sued the bill. This is the foreign key to the HC

DECIMAL(9,2) amount- The amount due to the hcp. DECIMAL datatype allows charge to be up to 9 digits long, with 2 digits of percision. Cannot be NULL.

TEXT descryption- Descryption of what the bill is being issued for. TEXT datatype allows unlimited number of characters. Cannot be NULL.

DATE due_d at e-D at e by which the bill must be paid by . <math>DATE date type of the form YY:MM:DD.C annot be NULL.

BOOLEAN cleared- States wheather the bill was paid or not. BOOLEAN datatype value is either TRUE or FALSE. By default it is FALSE. If patient pays the bill, its status is changed to TRUE.

Permission Holds information regarding which medical records a hcp that is connected with a patient can view. ???

 ${\bf SERIAL\ permission}_i d-ID to uniquely identify the permission from other permissions. SERI medical_{rec_i} d-UniqueID of the medical record that a hope an view. This is the foreign key to the Management of the permission o$

 $SERIAL account_i d-Unique ID of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record. This is a foreign key to the following the second of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the medical record of the hope that can view the hope that can view the hope that the hope that can view the hope that view$

 ${\it DATE\ date}_{c} reated-Date in which the patient allowed the hoptoview the medical record. DATE date and the patient allowed the hoptoview the medical record. DATE date and the patient allowed the hoptoview the medical record. DATE date are all the patients all the patient$

3.1.2 MVC Design

MM:DD.Cannot be NULL.

MVC stands for Model View Controller, and is a software architecture and an architectural pattern in software engineering. The purpose is to separate a system into parts, assigns responsibilities to each, and ensures that they can work together. This design method strives to anticipate for future changes. [Insert Diagram here]

Models The model [explain what it does]

Controllers The controller [explain what it does]

Views The view [explain what it does]

3.1.3 Interface Design

3.1.4 Server Design

3.2 Implementation View

3.3 Tests

3.3.1 Controller Tests

There are three types of users: non-members, patients, and health care providers. Each type have been tested individually.

A non-member should only be able to view the default home page, or register. All other functions were tested to assure that a non-member could not access any other functionalities.

A patient is able to do the following:

- Login, Logout
- Requesting a connection with a healthcare provider
- Delete a connection with their healthcare provider
- Viewing all, pending, or connected healthcare providers
- Viewing their medical records
- Make an appointment with a connected doctor

- Cancel an appointment
- View all, upcoming, or past appointments
- Change their email, or password
- Retrieve their password if forgotten via email
- Edit their information
- Deactivate, reactivate their account
- View all, current, or past bills.
- Pay their bills (Note: This is not linked to any credit card/bank system)
- Add or delete a medical record
- View all their medical records
- Set each medical record to hidden or public to specific healthcare providers

A health care provider is able to do the following:

- Login, Logout
- Requesting a connection with a healthcare provider
- Accept a connection request from another health care provider or patient
- Reject a connection request from another health care provider or patient
- Delete a connection with their patient or collegue
- Viewing all healthcare providers
- Viewing pending incoming requests with other healthcare providers
- Viewing pending outgoing requests with other healthcare providers

- Viewing connected collegues, and patients
- Accept a requested appointment from their patients
- Cancel an existing appointment
- View all, upcoming, and past appointments
- Change their email or password
- Retrieve their password if forgotten via email
- Edit their information
- Deactivate, and reactivate their account
- View all, current, or past bills.
- Issue bills to connected patients
- Add a medical record to a specific patient
- Viewing their patient's medical records (the ones they are authorized to see)
- Set each medical record to hidden or public to specific healthcare providers

3.3.2 Database Tests

Operating Manual

4.0.3 How-to's

Registration and login

Viewing a user profile

Connection management

4.0.4 Screen-shots

Credits