

# SET English Module

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# Lesson 8

A) Countable/Uncountable

B) Present Perfect



#### UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO

## A) Countable / Uncountable

How much is used for uncountable nouns.

Eg

How much ice cream is there?

How much time have we got for the exam?

A lot / a lot of / lots of / quite a lot / much to express a large quantity not much is used to express a little none is used to express zero quantity





How many is used for countable nouns.

Eg.

How many students are in your class? How many people are invited to the party?

A lot/lots of/quite a lot/many to express a large quantity not many is used to express **a few** none is used to express zero quantity





## Eg.

```
John is extremely busy these days. He has ...... free time.

1) any 2) a little 3) a few 4) little 5) few
```

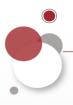




## Exercise: Complete the sentences below

information chair furniture hair job work advice

- 1) They will tell you what you want to know. They'll give you plenty of
- 3) We have no tylin. not even a bed or a table.
- 4) "What does he look like?" "He's got a beard and short..."."
- 5) John is unemployed. He can't get a.......





## Answers:

- 1) information
- 2) chairs
- 3) furniture
- 4) hair
- 5) job
- 6) work
- 7) advice





### Exercise: Translate the sentences into English.

```
1) C'è molto rumore in questo posto.

have go v lots of work to de ges, a lot

2) "Hai molto lavoro da fare?" "Sì molto"

have much milke we have in the triolge 2 liters

3) Quanto latte abbiamo nel frigorifero?" "Due litri"

I have seen a film yesterday i liked it a lot

4) Ho visto un film ieri. Mi è piaciuto molto.

the cats sleep a lot

5) I qatti dormono molto.
```





### Answers:

- 1) There's a lot of noise in this place.
- 2) "Have you got much work to do?" "Yes, a lot:"
- 3) "How much milk have we got in the fridge?" "2 litres"
- 4) I saw a film yesterday. I liked it a lot.
- 5) Cats sleep a lot.





## B) Present Perfect

This verb tense is used for general past experiences.

Don't use this tense with "when" or to talk about a specific time such as "last night" or "2 days ago" or "yesterday".

#### Affirmative

I/we/you/they have = 've + verb -ed if the verb is regular

he/she/it has = he's/she's/it's or past participle verb

if the verb is irregular





## Eg

We've contacted all the students.

They've gone to Paris.

She's already taken the exam.

### **Negative**

I/we/you/they haven't + verb -ed/p.p.(past participle)

he/she/it hasn't

### Eg

We haven't eaten yet.

She hasn't visited every European capital city yet.





## <u>Interrogative</u>

```
Have I/we/you/they

Has he/she /it + verb -ed/p.p (past participle)?
```

Have they already accepted the application? Has it expired?

Consult a grammar for a list of the irregular verbs.





## Sample question

A: Have you meet any old school friends lately?

B: Oh no....much time lately

- 1) hadn't
- 2) haven't had
- 3) didn't have
- 4) don't have
- 5) haven't got





## Exercise: Complete this letter using the present perfect.

Dear John,

Lots of things have happened since I last wrote to you.

- 1) I/buy/ a new car.
- 2) My father/start a new job.
- 3) I/give up smoking.
- 4) Charles and Sara/go to Brazil.
- 5) Suzanne/has a baby.





That is the end of lesson 8.

Next lesson: A) Modals
B) Acronyms
C) Reading signs



