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SCUOLA DI INGEGNERIA INDUSTRIALE
E DELL'INFORMAZIONE

IOT Homework - Exercise 2

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1 | Exercise 2

1.1. 1

Setting $X \sim \text{Pois}(\lambda = 0.15)$ as the number of people in a frame, the PMF is:

$$P(X = k) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k}{k!}$$

In each of the 3 cases, the PMF is:

- $P(r = r_0) = P(X = 0) = e^{-0.15} = 0.86071$
- $P(r = r_1) = P(X = 1) = e^{-0.15} * 0.15 = 0.12911$
- $P(r = r_2) = P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X = 0) - P(X = 1) = 0.01018$
(considering all the cases in which there are more than 1 people in the frame)

1.2. 2

The slowest output rate comes from sending the smallest 1 KB frame every 10 s:

$$\frac{1000 * 8 \text{ b}}{10 \text{ s}} = 800 \text{ bps}$$

To calculate the beacon interval, we divide the packet length in bits by the slowest output rate:

$$BI = \frac{128 * 8 \text{ b}}{800 \text{ bps}} = 1.28 \text{ s}$$

The maximum number of slots a single camera may require corresponds to the worst-case scenario, in which a 6 KB payload must be transmitted. Since each 128 B packet fits exactly into one slot, this results in $\frac{6 \text{ KB}}{8 * 128 \text{ B}} \approx 6$ slots.

To ensure that every camera can always transmit its largest possible message within the CFP, we reserve 6 slots per camera. With 3 camera nodes in the system, the total number of CFP data slots is:

$$N_{CFP} = 3 * 6 = 18$$

Including 1 beacon slot, the active period is given by:

$$T_{\text{active}} = (N_{CFP} + 1) * T_s = 19 * 4.096 \text{ ms} = 77.824 \text{ ms}$$

The inactive period is:

$$T_{\text{inactive}} = BI - T_{\text{active}} = 1280 \text{ ms} - 77.824 \text{ ms} = 1202.176 \text{ ms}$$

And the duty cycle is given by:

$$DC = \frac{T_{\text{active}}}{BI} = \frac{77.824 \text{ ms}}{1280 \text{ ms}} \approx 6.08\%$$

1.3. 3

Setting x as the number of cameras and allocating 6 slots per camera and adding one beacon slot gives the following active time:

$$T_{\text{active}}(x) = (6x + 1) * T_s = (6x + 1) * 4.096 \text{ ms}$$

The duty cycle is:

$$DC(x) = \frac{T_{\text{active}}}{BI} = \frac{(6x+1)*4.096 \text{ ms}}{1280 \text{ ms}}$$

To get $DC < 0.10$:

$$\frac{(6x+1)*4.096}{1280} < 0.10 \implies 6x + 1 < 0.10 * \frac{1280}{4.096} \implies x < \frac{30.25}{6} \approx 5$$

Since we already have 3 cameras, we can add up to 2 cameras to keep the duty cycle below 10%.