

EECS 127/227AT Optimization Models in Engineering

Spring 2020

Discussion 6

1. Simple constrained optimization problem with duality

Consider the optimization problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}} \quad & f(x_1, x_2) \\ \text{subject to} \quad & 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 1 \\ & x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 1 \\ & x_1 \geq 0, \ x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- Express the Lagrangian of the problem $\mathcal{L}(x_1, x_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4)$
- Show that \mathcal{L} is concave in $(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4)$.
- Express the dual function of the problem, and show that it is concave.
- Assume f is convex. Show that \mathcal{L} is convex in (x_1, x_2) .
- Denoting $\mathcal{X} = \{(x_1, x_2) \mid 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 1, \ x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 1, \ x_1 \geq 0, \ x_2 \geq 0\}$, show that

$$\max_{\lambda_1 \geq 0, \lambda_2 \geq 0, \lambda_3 \geq 0, \lambda_4 \geq 0} \mathcal{L}(x_1, x_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4) = \begin{cases} f(x_1, x_2) & \text{if } (x_1, x_2) \in \mathcal{X} \\ +\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Conclude that $\min_{(x_1, x_2) \in \mathcal{X}} \max_{\lambda_1 \geq 0, \lambda_2 \geq 0, \lambda_3 \geq 0, \lambda_4 \geq 0} \mathcal{L}(x_1, x_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4) = \min_{(x_1, x_2) \in \mathcal{X}} f(x_1, x_2)$
- Assuming f is convex, formulate the first order condition on \mathcal{L} as a function of ∇f and $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ and λ_4 to solve:

$$\min_{x_1, x_2} \mathcal{L}(x_1, x_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4)$$

2. Lagrangian Dual of a QP

Consider the general form of a convex quadratic program, with $Q \succ 0$:

$$\begin{aligned} \min_x \quad & \frac{1}{2} x^\top Q x \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & Ax \leq b \end{aligned}$$

- Write the Lagrangian function $\mathcal{L}(x, \lambda)$.
- Write the Lagrangian dual function, $g(\lambda)$.
- Show that the Lagrangian dual problem is convex by writing it in standard QP form. Is the Lagrangian dual problem convex in general?