Master in Data Science

Language Detection

General Structure

Detailed

Structure

Core task

Deliverables

Mining Unstructured Data

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Session 1 - Language Detection

Assignment

Study the impact of different preprocessing techniques on NLP task. To do so, we will perform **Language Detection** over the provided csv file *data.csv* and will detect in which language each sentence is written.

	Text	language	
0	klement gottwaldi surnukeha palsameeriti ning	Estonian	
1	sebes joseph pereira thomas på eng the jesuit	Swedish	
2	ถนนเจริญกรุง อักษรโรมัน thanon charoen krung เ	Thai	
3	விசாகப்பட்டினம் தமிழ்ச்சங்கத்தை இந்துப் பத்திர	Tamil	
4	de spons behoort tot het geslacht haliclona en	Dutch	
21995	hors du terrain les années et sont des année	French	
21996	ใน พศ หลักจากที่เสด็จประพาสแหลมมลายู ชวา อินเ	Thai	
21997	con motivo de la celebración del septuagésimoq	Spanish	
21998	年月,當時還只有歲的她在美國出道,以mai-k名義推出首張英文《baby i like》,由	Chinese	
21999	aprilie sonda spațială messenger a nasa și-a	Romanian	
22000 rows × 2 columns			

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General Structure - Main function

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The program (langdetect.py) expects three arguments: Path to the input data, vocabulary size and analyzer granularity (words or chars)

General Structure - Main function II

Then, it reads all files in the given directory, and splits the data in train and test splits

```
raw = pd.read_csv(args.input)
# Languages
languages = set(raw['language'])
print ('======')
print('Languages', languages)
print('======')
# Split Train and Test sets
X=raw['Text']
v=raw['language']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
  random state=seed)
print ('======')
print('Split sizes:')
print('Train:', len(X_train))
print('Test:', len(X_test))
print('======')
```

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General Structure - Main function III

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Then, it preprocesses the data, computes its features and the coverage of the vocabulary over the test data

```
# Preprocess text (Word granularity only)
   if args.analyzer == 'word':
        X_train, y_train = preprocess(X_train, y_train)
        X_test, y_test = preprocess(X_test, y_test)

#Compute text features
   features, X_train_raw, X_test_raw = compute_features(X_train, X_test, analyzer=args.analyzer, max_features=args.voc_size)

print('=======')
   print('Number of tokens in the vocabulary:', len(features))
   print('Coverage: ', compute_coverage(features, X_test.values, analyzer=args.analyzer))
   print('=======')
```

General Structure - Main function IV

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Finally, it trains a classifier model, predicts over the test set, reports its performance and plots its PCA dimensionality reduction

```
#Apply Classifier
X_train, X_test = normalizeData(X_train_raw, X_test_raw)
y_predict = applyNaiveBayes(X_train, y_train, X_test)

print('======')
print('Prediction Results:')
plot_F_Scores(y_test, y_predict)
print('======')
plot_Confusion_Matrix(y_test, y_predict, "Greens")

#Plot PCA
print('=======')
print('PCA and Explained Variance:')
plotPCA(X_train, X_test,y_test, languages)
print('=======')
```

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Functions - Tokenize text

This function is currently empty, you can apply all preprocessing steps. Resources you may use: NLTK, Spacy

```
#Tokenizer function. You can add here different
   preprocesses.
def preprocess(sentence, labels):
    , , ,
    Task: Given a sentence apply all the required
   preprocessing steps
    to compute train our classifier, such as sentence
    splitting,
    tokenization or lemmatization.
    Input: Sentence in string format
    Output: Preprocessed sentence either as a list or a
    string
    # Place your code here
    # Keep in mind that sentence splitting affectes the
   number of sentences
    # and therefore, you should replicate labels to match
    return sentence.labels
```

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Functions - Classifier models

You may add more classifier methods replicating this function Language def applyNaiveBayes(X_train, y_train, X_test): Detection General Task: Given some features train a Naive Bayes Structure classifier Detailed and return its predictions over a test set Structure Input; X_train -> Train features Core task y_train -> Train_labels Deliverables X_test -> Test features Output: y_predict -> Predictions over the test set , , , trainArray = toNumpyArray(X_train) testArray = toNumpyArray(X_test) clf = MultinomialNB() clf.fit(trainArray, y_train) y_predict = clf.predict(testArray) return y_predict

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Language Detection - First baseline

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Without modifying the code run the following configurations and compare their vocabulary coverage and performance. Explain why they show different error patterns.

- Character level:
 - python langdetect.py -i dataset.csv -v 1000 -a char
- Word level:
 - python langdetect.py -i dataset.csv -v 1000 -a word

1st Exercise - First Baseline

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Focus on the following elements to explain the behavior:

- How well does the vocabulary cover the data?
- Which languages produce more errors? What do they have in common (family, script, etc)?
- How languages overlap on the PCA plot? What could that overlapping mean?

2nd Exercise - Document Structure

Language Detection General

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Core task

- Try different vocabulary sizes and preprocessing steps to analyze the behavior of this kind of data.
- Improving F1 score is NOT the objective of the task. Focus on understanding how different parameters affect the results.

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Write a report describing the work carried out in this exercise.

The report must be a **single self-contained PDF document**, under 10 pages, containing:

- Introduction: What is this report about. What is the goal of the presented work.
- Preprocess: Describe the preprocessing steps tried and the rationale to employ them.
- Code: Include your preprocessing functions as well as classifiers in the document Do not include any other code.
- Experiments and results: Results obtained on the test datasets, for different rule combinations you deem relevant.
 Keep result tables in the format produced by the program. You can just donwnload them and use them in your document.
- Conclusions: Final remarks and insights gained in this task.