

# EXERCISES - 3

### Weighted CSP

#### Consider a weighted CSP

- with three variables X, Y, Z
- $\square$  with domains  $D_X = \{a,b\}$ ,  $D_Y = \{c,d\}$ , and  $D_Z = \{f,g\}$
- with five weighted constraints

$$c1 =$$

$$c2 = < f_2, \{Y\} >$$

$$c4 = < f_4, \{X,Y\} >$$

$$c5 = < f_{5}, \{Y,Z\} >$$

where  $f_i$ , i=1,...5 are shown in the next slide

# Weighted CSP

#### weighted constraints

$$c1 =$$

$$c2 = < f_2, {Y}>$$

$$c3 = < f_3, \{Z\} >$$

$$-c4 =$$

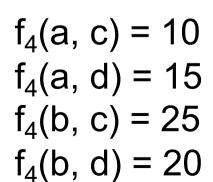
$$c5 = < f_5, {Y,Z} >$$

$$f_1(a) = 15$$
  
 $f_1(b) = 10$ 

$$f_2(c) = 20$$
  
 $f_2(d) = 25$ 

$$f_3(f) = 45$$
  
 $f_3(g) = 20$ 





$$f_5(c, f) = 30$$
  
 $f_5(c, g) = 40$   
 $f_5(d, f) = 45$   
 $f_5(d, g) = 60$ 

## Weighted CSP

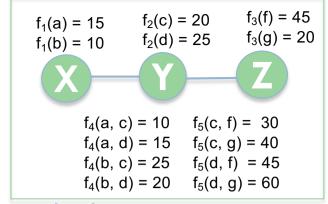
 Define the constraint obtained by combining the weighted constraints c1, c2, c3, c4, c5

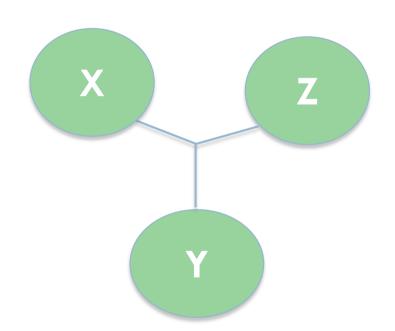
What is the optimal solution of the weighted CSP?

What is the preference value of the optimal solution?

1. Define the constraint obtained by combining the weighted constraints c1, c2, c3, c4, c5

$$S_{FCSP} = \langle R^+ \cup \{+\infty\}, \min, +, +\infty, 0 \rangle$$





The combined constraint is

c6= < f6, 
$$\{X,Y,Z\}$$
 >, where  $X Y Z$ 

$$f6(a, c, f) = f1(a) + f2(c) + f3(f) + f4(a,c) + f5(c,f)$$
  
= 15 + 20 + 45 + 10 + 30 = 120

$$f6(a, c, g) = 15 + 20 + 20 + 10 + 40 = 105$$

$$f6(a, d, f) = 15 + 25 + 45 + 15 + 45 = 145$$

$$f6(a, d, g) = 15 + 25 + 20 + 15 + 60 = 135$$

$$f6(b, c, f) = 10 + 20 + 45 + 25 + 30 = 130$$

$$f6(b, c, g) = 10 + 20 + 20 + 25 + 40 = 115$$

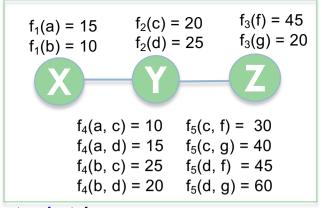
$$f6(b, d, f) = 10 + 25 + 45 + 20 + 45 = 145$$

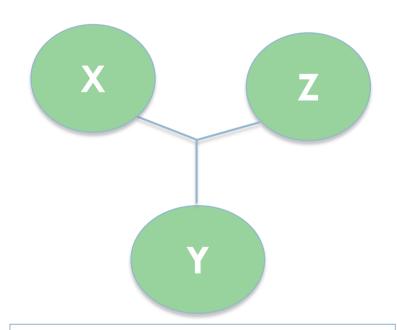
$$f6(b, d, g) = 10 + 25 + 20 + 20 + 60 = 135$$

- 2. What are the optimal solutions of the weighted CSP?
- 3. What is the preference value of the optimal solutions?

#### Weighted c-semiring

$$S_{FCSP} = \langle R^+ \cup \{+\infty\}, \min, +, +\infty, 0 \rangle$$





X Y Z

Optimal solution: s = (a, c, g)

Preference value of the optimal solution is 105

The combined constraint is

$$\times$$
 c6= < f6, {X,Y,Z} >, where

$$f6(a, c, f) = f1(a) + f2(c) + f3(f) + f4(a,c) + f5(c,f)$$
  
= 15 + 20 + 45 + 10 + 30 = 120

$$f6(a, c, g) = 15 + 20 + 20 + 10 + 40 = 105$$

$$f6(a, d, f) = 15 + 25 + 45 + 15 + 45 = 145$$

$$f6(a, d, g) = 15 + 25 + 20 + 15 + 60 = 135$$

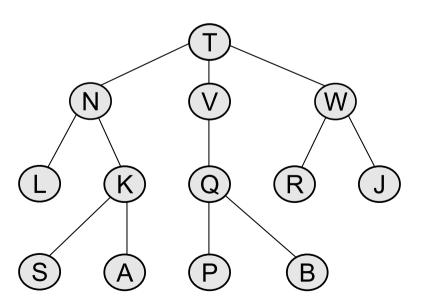
$$f6(b, c, f) = 10 + 20 + 45 + 25 + 30 = 130$$

$$f6(b, c, g) = 10 + 20 + 20 + 25 + 40 = 115$$

$$f6(b, d, f) = 10 + 25 + 45 + 20 + 45 = 145$$

$$f6(b, d, g) = 10 + 25 + 20 + 20 + 60 = 135$$

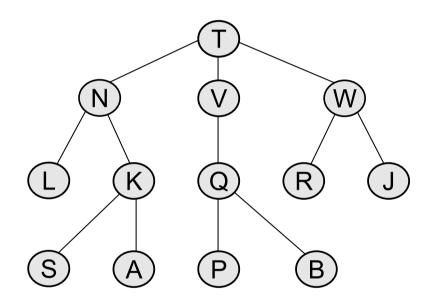
- Enumerate the order in which all nodes (of the tree below) are chosen for expansion by the following search strategies:
  - Depth First Search
  - Breadth First Search
  - Iterative Deepening Search



### Review: Search strategies

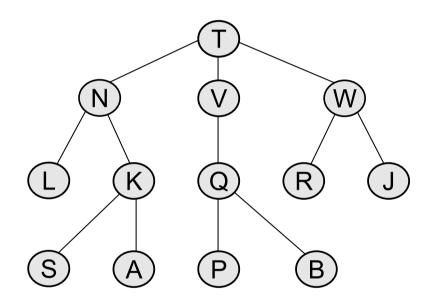
A search strategy is defined by picking the order of node expansion

- Breadth-first search expands the shallowest unexpanded node first
- Depth-first search expands the deepest unexpanded node first
- Iterative deepening search calls depth-first search
   with increasing depth limits until a goal is found



Depth First Search

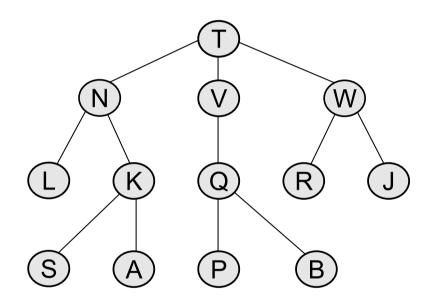
TNLKSAVQPBWRJ



■Breath First Search

TNVWLKQRJSAPB

Iterative deepening search calls depth-first search with increasing depth limits until a goal is found



Iterative Deepening Search

T; TNVW; TNLKVQWRJ; TNLKSAVQPBWRJ