Solutions - Practical Lesson 7

Matteo Sani matteosan1@gmail.com

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1 Solutions

1.1 Exercises

1.1.1 Exercise 7.2

Applying a bootstrapping technique (outlined in lesson 5) derive the a credit curve from the following CDS market quotes:

Hint

- create a CDS contract for each input market quote;
- implement an objective function to minimize the squared sum of the CDS npvs, the function has to implement also a CreditCurve with the unknown (to be detrmined by the bootstrap survival probabilities) and a list of pillars corresponding to the CDS maturities;
- remember to set initial guesses and boundary conditions for the unknown parameters (the first survival probability has to be set to 1 since no default happened!, the others free to move between [0.01 to 1]);
- using the scipy.optimize.minimize find the curve.

```
[1]: from finmarkets import generate_swap_dates, CreditDefaultSwap, CreditCurve
   from curve_data import discount_curve
   from datetime import date
   from scipy.optimize import minimize

pricing_date = date(2019, 11, 6)
```

```
cds_pillar_dates = [pricing_date]
cds_quotes = [
    {'maturity': 12, 'spread':0.0149},
    {'maturity': 24, 'spread':0.0165},
    {'maturity': 36, 'spread':0.0173},
    {'maturity': 69, 'spread':0.0182},
    {'maturity': 120, 'spread':0.0183},
    {'maturity': 240, 'spread':0.0184},
creditdefaultswaps = []
for quote in cds_quotes:
    creditdefswap = CreditDefaultSwap(
        pricing_date,
        quote['maturity']//12,
        quote['spread']
    )
    creditdefaultswaps.append(creditdefswap)
    cds_pillar_dates.append(creditdefswap.payment_dates[-1])
cds_pillar_dates = sorted(cds_pillar_dates)
n_cds_vector = len(cds_pillar_dates)
def obj_function(unknown_ndps):
    curve_c = CreditCurve(
        cds_pillar_dates,
        unknown_ndps
    )
    sum_sq = 0.0
    for creditdefswap in creditdefaultswaps:
        sum_sq += creditdefswap.npv(discount_curve, curve_c) ** 2
    return sum_sq
x0_guess = [0.001 for i in range(n_cds_vector)]
bounds_credit_curve = [(0.01, 1) for i in range(n_cds_vector)]
bounds_credit_curve[0]=(1,1)
results = minimize(obj_function, x0_guess, bounds=bounds_credit_curve)
print (cds_pillar_dates)
print (results.x)
```

[datetime.date(2019, 11, 6), datetime.date(2020, 11, 6), datetime.date(2021, 11,

```
6), datetime.date(2022, 11, 6), datetime.date(2024, 11, 6), datetime.date(2029, 11, 6), datetime.date(2039, 11, 6)]
[1. 0.90681257 0.80416782 0.70889095 0.54479309 0.29706549 0.08665777]
```

1.1.2 Exercise 7.3

Using the above Credit Curve and the DiscountCurve already defined in lesson 5, price the following CDS:

```
cds_to_price = [
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 18, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 30, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 42, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 72, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 108, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 132, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 160, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 184, 'spread': 0.02},
        {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 210, 'spread': 0.02}
    ]
[2]: from curve_data import discount_curve
     from finmarkets import CreditDefaultSwap, CreditCurve
     import datetime
     pricing_date = datetime.date(2019, 11, 6)
     curve_pillar_dates = [datetime.date(2019, 11, 6), datetime.date(2020, 11, 6),
      →datetime.date(2021, 11, 6), datetime.date(2022, 11, 6), datetime.date(2024, ⊔
      \rightarrow11, 6), datetime.date(2029, 11, 6), datetime.date(2039, 11, 6)]
     surv_prob = [1, 0.90681256, 0.80416782, 0.70889095, 0.54479309, 0.29706549, 0.
      →08665777]
     cds_to_price = [
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 18, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 30, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 42, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 72, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 108, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 132, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 160, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 184, 'spread': 0.02},
         {'nominal': 5000000, 'maturity': 210, 'spread': 0.02},
     ]
     credit_curve = CreditCurve(curve_pillar_dates, surv_prob)
```

```
npv_cds_to_price = []
for quote in cds_to_price:
    creditdefswapprice = CreditDefaultSwap(
        quote['nominal'],
        pricing_date,
        quote['maturity']//12,
        quote['spread']
)

    npvcdstoprice = creditdefswapprice.npv(discount_curve, credit_curve)
    npv_cds_to_price.append(npvcdstoprice)

print (npv_cds_to_price)
```

```
[-96879.21494231955, -125875.49083899031, -137489.2485942383, -150388.56810656283, -184387.14756564656, -199054.44398897374, -208689.7770410725, -216150.51575594302, -221690.38180709025]
```