

A) equilibrium points are where all equations equal zero:

1) $0 = 10(y-x)$

2) $0 = -xz + 28x - y$ with $R = 28$

3) $0 = xy - \frac{8}{3}z$

equation 1 solves to $y = x$. Plugging into equation 3,

$0 = x^2 - \frac{8}{3}z \rightarrow z = \frac{3}{8}x^2$. Plugging both into equation 2,

$0 = -x^3 \frac{3}{8} + 28x - x \rightarrow 0 = \frac{3}{8}x^3 + 27x$, giving $x = \pm 6\sqrt{2} = y$.

From this we find $z = 27$. equilibrium points are then
 $(x \ y \ z) = (0 \ 0 \ 0), (6\sqrt{2} \ 6\sqrt{2} \ 27)$, and $(-6\sqrt{2} \ -6\sqrt{2} \ 27)$

B) see attached matlab