It felt like my arms were about to fall off and my heart was going to beat out of my chest as years of practice were put to the test. Every time I changed my bearing to follow the athletics’ track’s curves, the wind turbulence battered my 5-ball juggling pattern differently. As minutes went by, it became increasingly difficult to accurately throw the balls without mid-air collisions. As sweat collected on the juggling balls and in my eyes, it became increasingly more difficult to make catches. Nevertheless, six minutes and 34 seconds after the gun went off, I became the world record holder for the fastest mile while juggling five objects.

“Joggling” has become an inseparable part of my identity. Not only has it been a way to challenge myself physically and mentally, but it has also given me a unique opportunity to help people worldwide. I used the publicity from my three joggling world records to raise support for the primary school and children’s home in Rhotia Valley, Tanzania. The community is introducing One-Laptop-Per-Child devices into the education system to allow young kids to connect with the world and gain experience with computers, to pursue their own interests and become members of the global community in the 21st century. From a cultural perspective, I found this program fascinating and inspiring and wanted to support it. From a technological standpoint, I was excited to see low cost, efficient, and well-designed technology be applied constructively to solve problems, as I studied electrical engineering as an undergraduate.

However, I see this project in Rhotia Valley as merely the tip of the iceberg of the much broader and intricate challenge around which I plan to build a career. It is a fact that we are approaching the physical limit on the miniaturization of CMOS transistors and it will soon be necessary to design innovative architectures and technologies in order to keep up with Moore’s Law. As stated by the influential computer pioneer, Alan Kay, “the best way to predict the future is to invent it.” I anticipate that neurosynaptic computing architecture will be a significant player in the future of computing, and I plan to be involved in the invention of this technology.

From a reductionist point of view, my training as a joggler is analogous to the way neurosynaptic architecture functions. Just as my training is a subconscious challenge of improving throws, predicting the trajectories of objects, and minimizing physical exertion, neurosynaptic architecture inherently seeks to build shortcuts and recognize patterns to optimize efficiency in performing specific tasks. My studies as an electrical engineer have given me a deep understanding of today’s CPUs work, from the most basic level of PN junctions to the processes involved in handling gigabytes of data, but it was my personal curiosity that led me to branch out to other paradigms that force me to question every aspect about conventional electronic design. Neurosynaptic architecture has huge advantages over the modern CPU, such as low power consumption and massively parallel and redundant processing, that make it a potentially powerful vehicle for enabling the two changes in the world that are most important to me; making humans an interplanetary species and advancing personalized education.

According to the National Academy of Engineering, one of the greatest engineering challenges of the future is advanced personalized learning. Although the proliferation of education through the One-Laptop-Per-Child program inspired me to use my talents to get involved, I believe that much larger revolutions in education are on the horizon as technology advances. Equipping children worldwide with the internet, or essentially the collective knowledge of the human species, is important, but personalizing each student’s education in order to maximize his/her potential is the grandest feat. While a human teacher can presumably provide a student with a very powerful and customized education, it is not logistically feasible to have one teacher for every student. Machine learning and neurosynaptics will be the key to cracking this global challenge.

On another note, it is nearly impossible to intern at SpaceX twice and not dream about the future of space. Being around the brightest engineers and cutting-edge space technology has only intensified my long-term goal of helping humans become an interplanetary species. One of the current challenges with deep space exploration is that radiation has the ability to flip bits and corrupt data. Modern CPUs are highly susceptible to errors in the way data is bottlenecked through the processor without much redundancy. However, neurosynaptic architecture has an inherent advantage in the way that it processes data in massive, parallel networks and data is stored redundantly, in addition to consuming a fraction of the power that modern CPUs use.

The Machine Learning Research Group in the Department of Engineering Science is currently researching how to design more efficient and effective machine decision-making algorithms. This research focuses on using decisions of individuals or partial systems to drive decisions of the collective group. In this case, why is it necessary that I attend Oxford University to study machine intelligence from the computer science perspective? To quote the computer scientist, Alan Kay, again, “those who are serious about software should build their own hardware.” The Machine Learning Research Group does work that is the software implementation of neurosynaptic hardware architecture. Working alongside these internationally influential researchers in the field would greatly enhance my ability to grow in the area and gain the knowledge necessary to tackle the problem at the mathematical, computational, software, and hardware levels. In order to truly use computing technology to its maximum potential, it is necessary to understand the coupling between hardware and software. I would be an ideal fit in the interdisciplinary and diverse culture at Oxford University, as I would both immerse myself in activities that would help me grow as an individual and share my perspectives and personality with the community.