

## 2013 7.03 Exam 1 Review Sheet

### Crosses, genotypes and phenotypes

- How to set up a test cross to test if an allele is dominant/recessive
  - o in haploid organism (yeast)?
  - o In diploid organism (drosophila, mice, etc.)?

### Complementation Test

- How does it work in haploid organisms (yeast)?
- How does it work in diploid organisms (drosophila, mice, etc.)?
- What does a complementation test tell you about the mutations?
  - o recessive or dominant.
  - o in same gene or different genes.

### Modes of inheritance in diploid organism (assuming genes unlinked)

- Autosomal/ X-linked; Dominant or recessive?
- Genotypic/ phenotypic pattern of inheritance of single gene with 2 alleles.
- Genotypic/ phenotypic pattern of inheritance of 2 genes, with 2 alleles per gene.
- How to use Chi-squared test to test mode of inheritance:  
high Chi-sq value  $\rightarrow$  low p-value  $\rightarrow$  observation is different from expected model of inheritance  $\rightarrow$  reject expected model.
- Given a mode of inheritance and the phenotype/ genotype of a child, how to calculate P(mother carrier) using **Bayes' Theorem**, and thereby calculate P(next child is affected).

### Genetic linkage in experimental diploid organisms (drosophila, mice, etc.)

- For two linked genes (or two nearby mutations in the same gene), how can a crossover event happen between them in meiosis?
- How to calculate genetic distance (cM) between 2 linked genes (or 2 nearby mutations in the same gene)
  - o in a 2 factor cross
  - o in a 3 factor crossby setting up appropriate crosses and identifying recombinant/parental F2 progeny.
- Genetic distance = physical distance X recombination rate

### Genetic linkage in haploid organism (yeast) - Tetrad analysis

- In sporulation, a 2n yeast undergoes DNA replication and meiosis to form a tetrad, each with 4 gametes/ spores (1n).
- Identify PD, NPD, TT from given genotype/ phenotype of a tetrad.
- Determine if 2 genes are linked or unlinked based on observed PD, NPD, TT.  
If unlinked, PD:NPD:TT = 1:1:4
- If linked, how to calculate genetic distance using PD, NPD, TT.

### Genetic linkage in human

- How to calculate LOD score for a given pedigree
  - o if phase is known?
  - o if phase is unknown?
  - o if marker (SSR) and trait is completely linked ( $\theta = 0$ )?
  - o if marker (SSR) and trait is loosely linked ( $\theta > 0$ )?