

Layouts with Bootstrap

The following document is intended to give you a very simple overview of how to use Bootstrap's grid system. Everything here has been taken from the official Bootstrap documentation, and edited for brevity. Refer to the official documentation for full depth coverage. Let's begin!

What's a "Grid System"?

Grid systems provide developers with a row and column structure that can be used to arrange, align, and size HTML elements and content. Grid systems are built using CSS, and are a core feature of many different front-end frameworks in addition to Bootstrap. Bootstrap's grid system helps make creating responsive layouts very easy since the responsive CSS is built for you.

Other popular front-end frameworks that use Grid Systems:

- Semantic UI
- Foundation
- Skeleton
- Materialize
- ...and many, many more.

It is important to note that "Grid System" libraries and frameworks are NOT the same thing as native CSS3 Grid!

Creating Page Layouts Using Bootstrap

To use Bootstrap's grid system, you'll need to add pre-defined CSS classes to your HTML elements, and there are some Bootstrap-specific HTML structural conventions that must be followed.



Figure 1. Bootstrap's container and row HTML structure.

Containers

Containers provide the outer structure that houses the grid rows and columns. You can make any <div> a container by giving it a container class. There are two kinds of Bootstrap **container classes** that you can use: **container** and **container-fluid**.

- The **.container** class gives you a centered, fixed-width column with some margin on the left and right.
- The .container-fluid class will span the full width of the browser window, with only a small amount of padding on the left and right.

TL; DR: Containers provide a means to center your site's contents. Use **.container** for fixed width or **.container**—fluid for full width.

Rows

Rows are horizontal groups of columns. A container can house many rows. A row can house up to 12 columns. To create a row, apply the class of **row** to any <div>. Remember that rows must be placed inside a container.

Breakpoints

Bootstrap is designed to be fully responsive and "mobile-first". This functionality is CSS driven and uses @media queries to create a handful of screen "breakpoints" based on viewport width. It's important to understand these breakpoints before using columns.

There are 5 screen breakpoints in Bootstrap:

- xs (<576px)
- sm (576px 767px)
- md (768px 991px)



Note the 2 letter abbreviation for each breakpoint. You will need to know them for creating grid columns.

Columns

Your page content should be placed inside columns. Columns are used to size and align your page content within the grid. You create a column by adding a **column class** to any <div>. Remember that columns must be placed inside rows.

Column class options and syntax:

```
col - creates an auto sized column on all breakpoints
```

```
col-{size} - creates a column with a specific width span from 1-12
```

col-{breakpoint} - creates an auto sized column on a certain breakpoint on up

col-{breakpoint}-{size} - creates a column with a specific width span on a certain breakpoint on up*Adding {breakpoint} and/or {size} is optional.*

Auto Sized Columns

Simple columns distribute themselves evenly inside a row on all breakpoints.



Figure 2. Three columns inside a row. These columns expand evenly across the row.

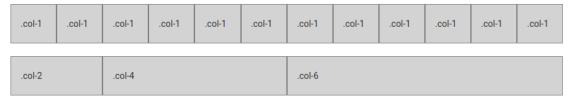
Columns With Size Added

Column size is a number from 1 - 12. Rows are divided into 12 columns. The size you set on a column class will set a width out of the 12 row columns.



For example, a div with a class of **col-6** will be 6 out of 12 columns wide, or 50% of the row width. A class of **col-3** will be 3 out of 12 row columns wide, or 25% of the row width. See the examples below.

Auto Sizing: **col-auto** will be sized according to the natural width of the content..col-1



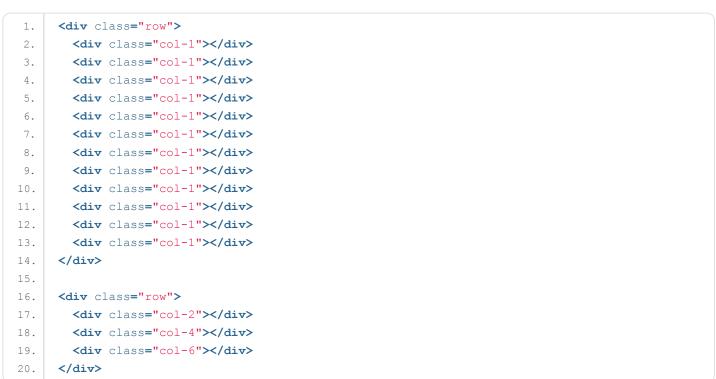


Figure 3. Rows and columns with different sizes. These columns will be sized accordingly across ALL breakpoints.

Columns With Breakpoint Added

Remember that Bootstrap is **mobile-first**, and the responsive behavior is applied from *small screens on up*. When you add a breakpoint to a column class, the columns will expand evenly on the breakpoint that you specify. On screen sizes smaller than the breakpoint, the columns will stack full width.



```
.col-lg
                     .col-la
                                            .col-lg
                                                                  .col-la
      <div class="row">
1.
2.
        <div class="col-lg"></div>
       <div class="col-lq"></div>
3.
4.
        <div class="col-lg"></div>
        <div class="col-lq"></div>
5.
     </div>
6.
```

Figure 4. These four columns will only be applied on Ig screens on up (≥992px). On xs, sm, and md screens these columns will automatically stack at full width.

Columns With Breakpoint & Size

Columns can have both a breakpoint AND a size specified. This sets a specific column size on a specific screen breakpoint. On screens smaller than the breakpoint the columns will stack full width..col-lg-3.col-lg-6.col-lg-3

Figure 5. These three columns will only be laid out and sized accordingly on Ig screens on up (≥992px). On xs, sm, and md screens these columns will stack at full width.

Visualizing the Grid



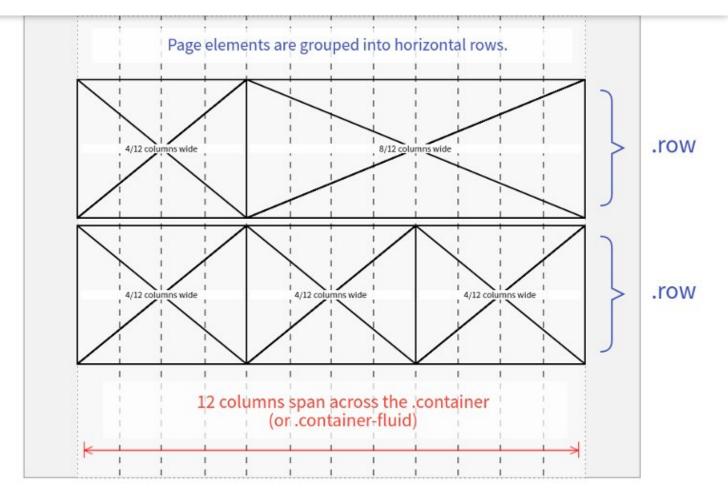


Figure 6. The Bootstrap grid.

Additional Grid Class Options

The above examples are only the beginning! After you are comfortable creating basic rows and columns of content, explore the official Bootstrap documentation for more advanced grid options, such as:

- Using more than one column class at a time for a very flexible layout that changes on different screen sizes.
- Vertically and horizontally align columns.
- Reordering and offsetting columns in a row.
- Nesting rows and columns.

Styling & Utility Classes

Bootstrap features an extensive set of pre-defined classes for styling UI elements, such as:



- Forms
- Alerts
- Buttons
- Borders
- Media Objects/Embeds (YouTube, Vimeo, etc.)
- ...and many more.

Bootstrap's built-in **utility classes** make it easy to make adjustments to your content and HTML elements without having to write the CSS yourself.

- Sizing
- Colors
- Display
- · Margins & Padding
- Float & Clear
- Position
- Alignment
- Visibility
- Flexbox

UI Components

Bootstrap features unique, reusable *User Interface Components* that can help you put together a front end rapidly. The UI Components combine HTML structure, predefined CSS classes, and Bootstrap's JavaScript.

- Navbars & Navigation Links
- Cards a multipurpose content display container
- Modal/Popup Windows
- Form Input Addons
- Jumbotron a "hero" unit for calls-to-action
- Collapse
- Image Slideshow/Carousel
- Tooltips & Popovers
- ...and more.



If you're moving from Bootstrap 3 to version 4, nere's a nanay guide on ivilgration.

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