FASTER CODE; MORE TIME FOR



How to try to avoid writing the slowest code possible

Repo: https://github.com/mattg23/csharp_perf_talk



- Optimization vs. not writing the slowest code possible
 - When? From the beginning?
 - **Be aware** of the *context* you are in!
- Tradeoffs:
 - Dev time
 - Readability
 - [Portability] (mostly non-issue in .NET)
- Learning by doing!

What to think about when programming?

- Stack vs. Heap
- Value vs. Reference Types
- Loops vs. Linq
- Process data while its loading (Streaming vs. Non-Streaming)
- Parallel processing
- Batching / Chunking

```
var bytes = new byte[...some large byte array..];
var currentTS = BitConverter.ToDouble(
    bytes.Skip(SOME_INDEX).Take(TS_SIZE_IN_BYTES).Reverse().ToArray(), 0);
```

Less slide more code pls



Take aways:

- Measure do not optimize blindly
- Use the knowledge you have!
 - what do you know about the values you work with?
 - contraints of the data format you are parsing?
- Think about bottlenecks:
 - Network, DB, SSD/HDD
 - external systems
 - cpu speed, memory throughput
- Span<T> is your friend in .NET
- Think before use:
 - Linq
 - Reflection

Other .NET Classes to checkout:

- BinaryPrimitives
- MemoryMarshal
- CollectionsMarshal
- ArrayPool<T>
- MemoryExtensions

Other Resources:

- Paper: What every programmer should know about Memory
- Casey Muratori
- BenchmarkDotNet
- .NET Performance Tips