Assignment 2 Problem 1 Matthew Gardner (106880794) ComSci 557

- 1. Line 1 includes C++'s standard library for input and output with the system, iostream.
 - Line 2 declares use of the namespace that iostream is defined in. From here on we do not have to specify std:: before any methods, but the program is now at risk of encountering ambiguity between std and some other namespace when calling a function.
 - Line 4 declares the main function, which is the entry point of the program. Parameters include the count and values of arguments passed in from the command line.
 - Line 6 declares an int, p, and calls the myFunction with argument 10 (int). The value returned by myFunction is a double which is automatically casted to an int, and assigned as the value of p.
 - Line 7 calls the << operator on std::cout twice, once to output the p int, and once to output the newline character.
 - Line 10 declares myFunction with input of an int n, and output of a double.
 - Line 12 declares 4 int's i, j, t, k and initializes i with 0, j with 1.
 - Line 13 declares a loop that iterates n+1 times by initializing k as 0, and incrementing k while checking whether $k \leq n$ (input value n).
 - Line 15 adds i + j and assigns the value to t.
 - Line 16 assigns the value of j to i.
 - Line 17 assigns the value of t to j.
 - Line 19 returns j after automatically casting it to double.
- 2. The program does not compile because *myFunction* is not defined before it is called in main. This is fixed by either moving the function to before main, or keeping it after and inserting the declaration *double myFunction(int)*; before main.
 - Also, there is no reason for myFunction to be declared with a double return type. This could be changed to int.
- 3. This function returns the (n+2)th number of the fibonacci sequence (where 0 is the 0th number). Thus, you could define it as $double\ fibonacci(int)$;.
- 4. The int value of 144 is stored in p after the function returns. This is the 12th number of the fibonacci sequence