

Section 4.3 Notes

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EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

Terminology

Exponential functions f with base a
 \rightarrow Domain = $(-\infty, \infty)$
 \rightarrow Range = $(0, \infty)$

Definition 0.0.1

$f(x) = a^x$ for every x in R where $a > 0$ and $a \neq 1$

Theorem

The exponential function f given by $f(x) = a^x$ for $0 < a < 1$ or $a > 1$ is one-to-one. Thus, the following conditions are satisfied for real numbers x_1 and x_2 .

1. if $x_1 \neq x_2$, then $a^{x_1} \neq a^{x_2}$
2. if $a^{x_1} = a^{x_2}$, then $x_1 = x_2$

Recall: Laws of Exponents

1. $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$
2. $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$
3. $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$
4. $(a \cdot b)^n = a^n \cdot b^n$
5. $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{-n} = \frac{b^n}{a^n}$
6. $(a^m)^n = a^{m \cdot n}$
7. $a^0 = 1$

Example 1 Solve the equations.

$$\text{a) } 9^{(x^2)} = 3^{3x+2}$$

$$\text{b) } \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{6-2x} = 2$$

$$\text{c) } 9^{2x} \cdot 27^{x^2} = 3^{-1}$$

$$\text{d) } (e^4)^x \cdot e^{x^2} = e^{12}$$

Solution to Question 1:

⊗

$$(3x^2)^{x^2} = 3^{3x+2}$$

$$3^{2x^2} = 3^{3x+2}$$

$$2x^2 = 3x + 2$$

$$2x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, x = 2.$$

Soultion to Question 2:

⊗

$$(2^{-1})^{6-2x} = 2$$

$$2^{-6+2x} = 2^1$$

$$-6 + 2x = 1$$

$$2x = 7$$

$$x = \frac{7}{2}$$

Solution to Question 3:

⊗

$$(3^2)^{2x} \cdot (3^3)^{x^2} = 3^{-1}$$

$$3^{4x} \cdot 3^{3x^2} = 3^{-1}$$

$$3^{4x+3x^2} = 3^{-1}$$

$$4x + 3x^2 = -1$$

$$3x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$(3x + 1)(x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}, -1$$

Soultion to Question 4:

⊗

$$e^{4x} \cdot e^{x^2} = e^{12}$$

$$e^{4x+x^2} = e^{12}$$

$$4x + x^2 = 12$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x+6)(x-2) = 0$$

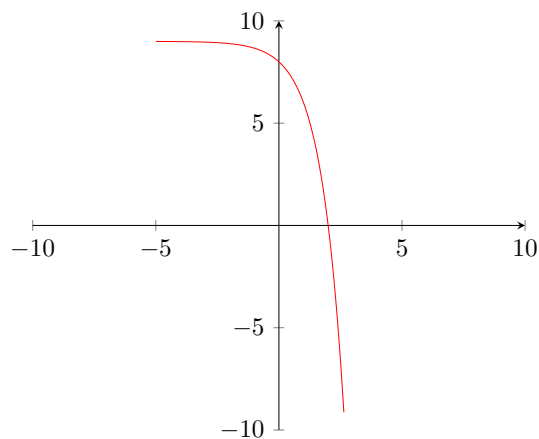
$$x = -6, 2$$

Example 2 Sketch the graph of f if

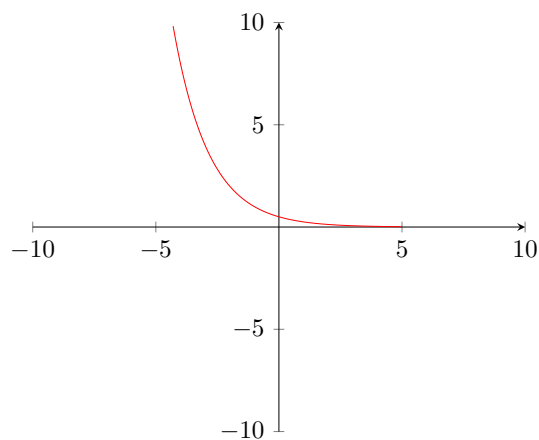
a) $f(x) = -3^x + 9$

b) $f(x) = 2^{-\{-(x+1)\}}$

Soultion to Question 1:



Soultion to Question 2:



Definition 0.0.2: number e

If n is a positive integer, then $\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n \rightarrow e \approx 2.71828$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

Note:-

The natural exponential function f is defined by $f(x) = e^x$ for every real number x .

Example 3 Graph $f(x) = e^x + 4$

Soultion:

