Lab 2: Basic Matrix Multiplication

<u>Due Date:</u> February 13 (Thursday) at 11:59PM <u>Required for ALL students</u>

1. Objective

The purpose of this lab is to implement a basic dense matrix multiplication routine without using tiling technique.

2. Procedure

Step 1: Download the lab 2 materials from blackboard to your home folder at the Karpinski GPU cluster. Unzip it.

```
unzip lab2-sgemm.zip
```

Step 2: Edit the file main.cu to implement the following where indicated:

- a) Allocate device memory
- b) Copy host memory to device
- c) Copy results from device to host
- d) Free device memory
- Step 3: Edit the file kernel.cu to initialize the thread block and kernel grid dimensions and invoke the CUDA kernel, and to implement the matrix multiplication kernel code.
- **Step 4:** Compile and test your code.

```
make
./sgemm  # Uses the default matrix sizes
./sgemm m  # Uses square m × m matrices

./sgemm m k n  # Uses (m × k) and (k × n) input matrices
```

It is a good idea to test and debug initially with small input dimensions. Your code is expected to work for various input dimensions – which may or may not be divisible by your block size – so don't forget to pay attention to boundary conditions.

Step 5: Answer the following questions in a new file named answers.txt:

- 1. How many times is each element of each input matrix loaded during the execution of the kernel?
- 2. What is the memory-access to floating-point computation ratio (i.e., the total number of memory accesses divided by the total number of floating-point operations) in each thread? Consider multiplication and addition as separate operations, and ignore the global memory store at the end. Only count global memory loads when calculating the total number of memory accesses.

Step 6: Submit your assignment to the blackboard. You should only submit the following files:

- main.cu
- kernel.cu
- answers.txt

Compress the files and name them as following:

tar -cvf lab2 <your lastname>.tar main.cu kernel.cu answers.txt

3. Grading:

Your submission will be graded based on the following criteria.

- Functionality/knowledge: 80%
 - o Correct code and output results
 - o Correct usage of CUDA library calls and C extensions
 - o Correct handling of boundary cases
 - o Check return values of CUDA APIs
- Answers to questions: 20%
 - o Correct answer to questions in Step 5
 - Sufficient work is shown
 - Neatness and clarity