Proposition 2.9. If $m, x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$ satisfy the equations $m + x_1 = 0$ and $m + x_2 = 0$, then $x_1 = x_2$.

Proof. Suppose m, x_1 and x_2 are elements of \mathbb{Z} which satisfy the equation m + x = 0, that is,

$$m + x_1 = 0$$
 and $m + x_2 = 0$.

Equating both zeros yields $m + x_1 = m + x_2$, and we can add -m on both sides:

$$-m + (m + x_1) = -m + (m + x_2).$$

It remains to use Axioms 2.1(ii), 2.4, 2.1(i), and 2.2 on both sides of this equation:

$$(-m+m) + x_1 = (-m+m) + x_2$$
$$0 + x_1 = 0 + x_2$$
$$x_1 + 0 = x_2 + 0$$
$$x_1 = x_2.$$