Worksheet 4: Chinese Remainder Theorem

1. Let a by the day (of the month) you were born and b the month. Find $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that

$$x \equiv a \mod 31$$
 and $x \equiv b \mod 12$.

2. Suppose $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ are relatively prime, and $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$. Prove that

$$x \equiv a \mod m$$
 and $x \equiv b \mod n$

has a solution $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ and that x is unique modulo mn.

- 3. Generalize the statement (and your proof) of 2. to a system of *k* congruences.
- 4. Andrews 5.3.1. (Feel free to use sage.)
- 5. Write down a precise statement for each definition we have given this week. For each definition, give an example and a non-example.

¹If a = 26 and b = 9... happy birthday!!