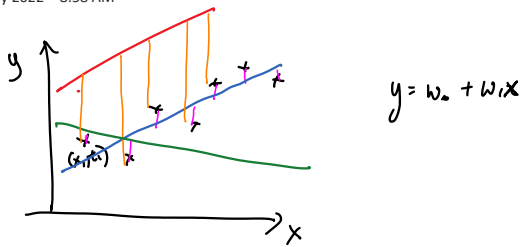


Lecture 1: Linear to Nonlinear Regression

Monday, 9 May 2022 8:58 AM

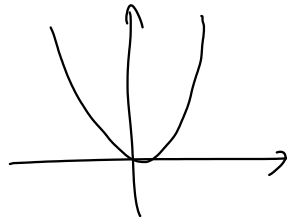


Formal Defn of Linear Reg Problem

Given $D = \{(x_n, t_n)\}_{n=1}^H$
 $x_n = [z_1, z_2, z_3, \dots, z_D]$ $x \in \mathbb{R}^D$

Want: $y(x; w) = w_0 + w_1 x_1$ to D

minimize $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^H (y(x_n, w) - t_n)^2$
 e_n



$E(w)$ (error function)

$y = 1 \cdot w_0 + w_1 x_1$

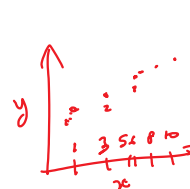
let $x_0 = 1$ then $y(x, w) = \sum_{i=0}^D w_i x_i = w^T x$ $[1 \ x]$

minimize $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^H (w^T x_n - t_n)^2$

How:

let $X = \begin{bmatrix} -x_1 & \dots & -x_N \\ -x_1 & \dots & -x_N \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ -x_N & \dots & -x_N \end{bmatrix}$ $t = \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \\ \vdots \\ t_N \end{bmatrix}$

$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} (t - Xw)^T (t - Xw)$
 $= \frac{1}{2} [t^T t - t^T Xw - (Xw)^T t + (Xw)^T (Xw)]$
 $= \frac{1}{2} [t^T t - 2w^T X^T t + w^T X^T Xw]$
 $= \frac{1}{2} t^T t - w^T X^T t + \frac{1}{2} w^T X^T Xw$



$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$

$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_{1,1} & x_{1,2} \\ x_{2,1} & x_{2,2} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{N,1} & x_{N,2} \end{bmatrix}$

$\nabla_w E(w) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow -X^T t + (X^T X)w = 0$

$\Rightarrow (X^T X)w = X^T t$

$w = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T t$

pseudo inverse

polynomial regression

$$y(x, w) = w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_1^2 + w_3 x_1^3 + \dots + w_p x_1^p$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^p w_i x_i$$

$$x \rightarrow [1, x_1, x_1^2, x_1^3, \dots, x_1^p]$$

$$\phi(x) = [\underbrace{\phi_0(x)}_{\phi_0(x)=1}, \phi_1(x), \dots, \phi_{m-1}(x)]$$

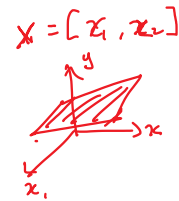
$$y(x, w) = \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} w_i \phi_i(x) = w^T \phi(x) \quad \left. \vphantom{\sum_{i=0}^{m-1}} \right\} m \text{ parameters}$$

$$y(x, w) = w^T \phi(x)$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_1 & x_1^2 & \dots & x_1^p \\ 1 & x_2 & x_2^2 & \dots & x_2^p \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_N & x_N^2 & \dots & x_N^p \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi = \begin{bmatrix} \phi(x_1) \\ \phi(x_2) \\ \vdots \\ \phi(x_N) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_1 & x_1^2 & \dots & x_1^p \\ 1 & x_2 & x_2^2 & \dots & x_2^p \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_N & x_N^2 & \dots & x_N^p \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\phi(x) = [x_1^0, x_1^1, x_1^2, \dots, x_1^p]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1, x_1, x_2, x_1 x_2, x_1^2, x_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\min_w \tilde{E}(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N (y(x_n, w) - t_n)^2 + \underbrace{\frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2}_{\frac{\lambda}{2} w^T w} \rightarrow w_0^2 + w_1^2 + \dots + w_{m-1}^2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & x & x & x \\ [x, x], [x, x] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla_w \tilde{E}(w) = 0$$

$$-X^T t + (X^T X) w + \lambda w = 0$$

$$-X^T t + (X^T X) w + \lambda I w = 0$$

$$-X^T t + (X^T X + \lambda I) w = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$w_{ML} = (X^T X + \lambda I)^{-1} X^T t$$

