Homework 1

Part I

Basic Concepts in Linear Algebra and Calculus

1. We have two vectors, x_1 and x_2

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix}$

What is the distance between x_1 and x_2 ?

- (1) if the distance measure is based on L2 norm (a.k.a Euclidean norm)
- (2) if the distance measure is based on L1 norm
- (3) if the distance measure is based on L∞ norm (a.k.a infinity norm)

Assuming there are two feature components $x = \begin{bmatrix} income \\ spend \end{bmatrix}$ in an application, does the L ∞ norm-based distance measure make sense for the application of customer segmentation?

2. We define a scalar valued function of a vector variable

$$f(x) = x^T A x$$

Here, x is a column vector, x^T is the transpose of x, and A is a symmetric matrix

To simplify this question, let's assume x has only two elements $x = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$, and $A = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & c \\ c & b \end{bmatrix}$

The derivative of f with respect to x is a vector defined by $\frac{df}{dx} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{df}{d\alpha} \\ \frac{df}{d\beta} \end{bmatrix}$

Show that $\frac{df}{dx} = 2Ax$

Hint: calculate f(x), 2Ax, $\frac{df}{d\alpha}$ and $\frac{df}{d\beta}$

K-means clustering

- 3. Briefly describe the two key steps in one iteration of the k-means algorithm.
- 4. What is the distance measure used in k-means (implemented in sk-learn)?
- 5. The k-means algorithm can converge in a finite number of iterations. Why?
- 6. The clustering result of k-means could be random. Why?
- 7. The minimum value of the objective/loss function is zero for any dataset. What is the clustering result when the objective function is zero?

Note: for questions 3,4,5,6,7, you only need to write a few words (bullet points) for each one.

You may write the answers on a piece of paper, take a photo using your cell phone, and upload the picture to Blackboard. **Make sure that your handwriting is human-readable**.

You may use MS-word to write the answers, convert the file to PDF, and upload it to Blackboard.

Part 2: Programming

Complete the tasks in the files:

H1P2T1 kmeans.ipynb

If you want to get some bonus points, try this task:

H1P2T2 kmeans compression.ipynb

Grading: the number of points

	Undergraduate Student	Graduate Student
Basic Concepts in Linear Algebra	10	10
and Calculus		
K-means clustering	10	10
H1P2T1	30	30
H1P2T2	10 (bonus)	10 (bonus)
Total number of points	50 + 10	50+10

Upload your files (* your name.ipynb) to blackboard

Do NOT covert the ipynb files to pdf.