St. Isaac the Syrian: Homily 2

St. Isaac The Syrian: Isaac-the-syrian-homily-51 Isaac-the-Syrian-Homily-51 St Isaac the Syrian, Homily 51. doc 14 12 18 11 49 54 Page 1 St Isaac the Syrian (ca. 650 AD) HOMILY FIFTY-ONE From The Ascetical Homilies of Saint Isaac the Syrian (Holy Transfiguration Monastery: Boston, 1984) pp 243-248 Page 243 On the Harm of Foolish Zeal That Has the Guise of Being Divine, and on the Help That Comes of Clemency and on Other Subjects A ZEALOUS MAN never achieves peace of mind. But he who is a stranger to peace is a stranger to joy. If, as it is said, peace of mind is perfect health, and zeal is opposed to peace, then the man who has a wrong1 zeal is ill with a grievous disease. Though you presurne, O man, to send forth your zeal against the infirmities of other men, you have expelled the health of your own soul; be assid- uous, rather, in labouring for your own soul's health. If you wish to heal the infirm, know that the sick are in greater need of loving care than of rebuke. Therefore, although you do not help others, you expend labour to bring grievous illness upon yourself. Zeal is not reckoned among men to be a form of wisdom, but as one of the illnesses of the soul, namely narrow-mindedness and deep ignorance. The beginning of divine wisdom is clemency and gentleness, which arise from greatness of soul and the bearing of the infirmities of men. For, he says, 'Let the strong bear the infirmities of the weak',2 and 'Restore him that has fallen in the spirit of meek- ness.'3 The Apostle numbers peace and patience among the fruits of the Spirit.4 A heart full of sorrow on account of its feebleness and impotence regarding outward physical deeds takes the place of all physical works. Deeds of the body performed without sorrow of mind are like a body without a soul. The man who is sorely grieved in his heart but gives rein to his senses, is like a sick man who suffers physically but who opens his mouth to every kind of harmful food. The man who is sorely grieved in his heart but 1 The Syriac omits this word. 2 Cf. Rom. 15:1. 3 Cf. Gal. 6:1. 4 Vide Gal. 5:22. 244 gives rein to his senses is like a man with an only son, whom he slaughters with his own hands, little by little. Sorrow of mind is a precious gift before God, and the man who bears this gift as he ought is like a man who bears holiness in his members. A man who unleashes his tongue against other men for good or for evil is unwor- thy of this grace. Repentance joined with conversations is a shattered vessel. Liberality joined with blows is a knife fixed and concealed in honey. Chastity and conver- sation with a woman is like a lioness and a lamb in one dwelling. Good works and mercilessness are before God like a man slaughtering a son before his father. The man who corrects his companions while his soul is infirm is like a blind man who shows others the way. Mercy and justice5 in one soul is like a man who wor- ships God and the

idols in one house. Mercy is opposed to justice. Justice is the equality of the evenscale, for it gives to each as he deserves; and when it makes recompense, itdoes not incline to one side or show respect of persons. Mercy, on the otherhand, is a sorrow and pity stirred up by goodness, and it compassionately inclines a man in the direction of all; it does not requite a man who is deserving of evil, and to him who is deserving of good it gives a double portion. If, therefore, it isevident that mercy belongs to the portion of righteousness, then justice belongs to the portion of wickedness. As grass and fire cannot coexist in one place, sojustice and mercy cannot abide in one soul. As a grain of sand cannotcounterbalance a great quantity of gold, so in compari- son God's use of justicecannot counterbalance His mer- cy. As a handful of sand thrown into the greatsea, so are the sins of all flesh in comparison with the mind of God.6 And just as astrongly flowing spring is not obstructed by a handful of dust, so the mercy of the Creator is not stemmed by the vices of His creatures. As a man who sows in thesea and expects to reap a harvest, so is he who remembers wrongs7 and prays. As the flame of fire cannot be checked from rising upward, so the prayers of StIsaac the Syrian, Homily 51. doc 14 12 18 11 49 54 Page 2 the merciful are nothindered from ascending to Heaven. The current of a stream runs swiftly in anarrow place, and likewise the force of anger whenever it finds a place in ourmind. The man who has acquired humility in his heart is dead to this world. Hewho is dead to the world has died to the passions. For tothe man who has died inhis heart to his kinsmen, the devil is dead. He who has foundmalice, with it hasfound him who originally found it.8 There is a humility that comes from the fear ofGod, and there is a humility that comes from the fervent love of God. One manishumbled because of his fear of God; 5 Gk. dikaiokrisia. This can also betranslated justjudgement. 6 This is the Syriac reading. The word mind has thesense of way of thinking. The Greek reads here the providence and mercy of God.7 Or bears a grudge. 8 I. e. thedevil. 245 another is humbled because of his joy. The man hum-bled from fear of God ispossessed of modesty in his members, aright ordering of his senses, and a heart con-trite at all times. But the manhumbled because of joy is possessed of great exuberanceand an open and in-suppressible heart. Love does not know shame, and for this reasonshe does notknow to give a form of propriety to her members. Love is naturally unabashed andoblivious to her meas- ure. Blessed is the man who has found thee, thehaven ofall joy! The assembly of the humble is beloved of God like the assembly of the Seraphim. A chaste body is more precious before God than a pure offering. These two, humility and chastity, prepare in the soul a tabernacle9 for the HolyTrinity. Walk with your friends circumspectly. When you do this you will profit bothyourself and them, for oftenthe soul casts off the bridle of watchfulness under thepretext of love. Keep yourself fromconversations, for they are not alwaysprofitable. Honour silence in assemblies, for this will keep you from much harm. Watch over your belly, but still more over your sight. Unquestionably, conflict athome is easier than conflict abroad. Do not believe, brother, that innerthoughtscan be checked unless the body is brought into a good and orderlystate. Fearhab- its more than enemies. He who nourishes a habit within himself is likeamanwho feeds a fire, for the degree of the strength of each is determined by thefuelwithwhich it is supplied. Once a habit demands something and its request isnotfulfilled, thenext time you will find it weaker. But if you fulfill its desire justonce, the next time you willfind its assault against you to be much stronger. Maythememory of this remain with youwith respect to all things, for the helpreceivedfrom watchfulness is bet- ter than the helpreceived from works. He who isfond oflaughter and of making a show before menshould be no friend of yours, forhe willlead you into loose habits. Do not allow yourcountenance to be glad withjoy in thecompany of a man who has relaxed his discipline; but keep yourselffromdespising him. If he desires to stand up, give him your hand, andtill deathtakeconcern for him. But if you are still infirm, shun the work of healing. 'Givehim', hesays, 'the end of your staff', and so on.10 Speak circumspectlybeforetheconceited and envious man. For while you are speaking he isinterpreting yourwords ashe pleases, and gathers fuel from what is good in you tomake othersstumble. And in hismind he changes your words to suit the substanceof hisillness. As soon as he begins tospeak evil of his brother in your presence, show agloomy countenance. When you dothis, you will be found prudent beforeGod andbefore him. 9 There are two words in Syriac with identical spelling, onemeaning apledge, the other a tent, a tabernacle. The Greek translators chose apledge, butthe meaning here points to a tabernacle. 10 See Budge, The Sayingsof the HolyFathers, 1:331. 'If thou seest a man who hath fallen intothe water, andthou cansthelp him, stretch out thy staff to him and draw him out, lest, ifthoustretchest outthy hand to him, and thou art not able to bring him up, he dragtheedown and bothof you perish.' 246 If you give something to one in need, let thecheerful-ness ofyour face precede your gift, and comfort his sor- row with kindwords. Whenyoudo this, by your gift the gladness of his mind surpasses even theneeds of hisbody.11 Onthe day when you open your mouth and speak ill ofsomeone, eventhough your thoughturged you to say something that seemedcorrect and for edifi-cation, reckon yourself asdead to God and void of all yourworks. For what needhas a man to demolish his ownhouse and set aright that ofhis companion? Onthe day when you are pained in someway, either physically ormentally, for thesake of any man, be he good or evil, reckonyourself as a martyron that day, andas one who suffers for Christ's sake and is deemedwor- thy ofconfession. Forremember that Christ died for sin- ners, not for the just. Seehowgreat a thing it isto grieve for wicked men and to benefit sinners even more thantherighteous! The Apostle brings this to mind, as some-thing worthy of wonder.12lf you areable toacquire with- in yourself righteousness of soul, do not take painsto pursueotherrighteousness. Let all your works be preceded by bodily chastityandpurityofconscience, for without them every act is

empty before God. Knowthatevery workyoudo without reflection and examinationis St Isaac the Syrian, Homily 51. doc 14 12 181149 54 Page 3 empty even if it becomely, for Godreckonsrighteous- ness in proportiontodiscernment and not inproportion toundiscerningeffort. An unwise righteous man isalamp in the sun. Theprayer of one whoremembers wrongs is a seed upon a stone. Anunmerciful asceticis abarren tree. A rebuke springing from envy is a poisonedarrow. The praise of acrafty man is a hidden snare. A foolish counsellor is a blindwatchman. Sittingwithsenseless menis the shattering of the heart. Conversation withwise men is as weet foun-tain. Awise counsellor is a wall of hope. A foolish and imprudent friend is a treasury of ruin. It is better to see a house full of mourners than awiseman whoclings toafool. It is better to dwell with beasts than with the envi- ous. Itisbetter toinhabit atombthan to dwell with de- praved men. Sit with vultures ratherthanwiththe covet-ous andinsatiate. Be friends with a murderer rather than with a glutton, for theswine'stroughis betterthan the mouth of agourmet and glutton. Sit amid lions13ratherthan amidtheproud. Be persecuted, butperse-cute not; be crucified, butcrucifynot; bewronged, butwrong not; be slandered, but slander not. Have clemen-cy,not zeal, with respect to evil. [Lay hold of goodness, not justice.] Justice14 doesnotbelongto the Christian way of lifeand there is no mention of it in 11 This istheSyriacreading. The Greek has the gladnessof his mind surpassesyour gift, even more than the needs of his body. 12 Vide Rom. 5:7,8. 13 Gk. lepers, i.e. $\lambda\omega\beta$ lvfor $\lambda\epsilon$ lv $\tau\omega\nu$. β often had a form similar to ν . 14 Orrectitude.247Christ'steaching.Rejoice with the joyous and weep with those whoweep; for thisisthesign of limpidpurity. Suf- fer with those who are ill and mournwith sinners; with those who repent, rejoice. Be every man's friend, but in your mindremainalone. Be a partakerin thesufferings of all men, but keep your body distantfromall.Rebuke no one, revile noone, not even men who live very wickedly. Spreadyour cloak over the man who is falling and cover him. And if you cannottakeuponyourself his sins and receive his chastisementinhis stead, then atleastpatientlysuffer his shame and do not disgrace him. [Do notstrivewith men forthesake of the belly. And do not hate for the sake of honour. And donotfindpleasureinjudging.] Know, brother, that the reason why we must remainwithinthe doorofourcell is to be ignorant of the wicked deeds of men, and thus, seeing allasholyandgood, we shall attain to purity of mind. But if webecomecastigators, chastisers, judges, investigators, vindicators, and faultfinders, in whatrespect doesour life differ from the lifein the towns? And if we do not giveup thesethings, whatcould be more miserablethansuch a life in the desert, falselyquiet? Ifyou cannotbe still within your heart, then atleastmake still your tongue. Ifyoucannot giveright ordering to your thoughts, at leastgiveright ordering toyoursenses. If youcannot be solitary in your mind, at least besolitary inbody. Ifyoucannot labourwith your body, at least be afflicted in mind. If youcannotkeepyourvigil standing, keep vigil sitting on your pallet, or lying down. If

youcannotfastfortwo days at atime, at least fast till evening. And if you cannotfastuntilevening, thenat leastkeep yourself from satiety. If you are not holy inyourheart, at leastbeholy inbody. If you do not mourn in your heart, at least coveryourface withmourning. If you cannot be merciful, at least speak as though you areasinner. Ifyou arenotapeacemaker, at least do not be a troublemaker. If youcannotbeassidu- ous, at leastinyour thought be like a sluggard. 15 If you arenotvictorious, do not exaltyourself overthevan-quished. 16 If you cannot closethemouth of aman whodisparages hiscompanion, at least refrain from joining himinthis. Knowthat if firegoes forth from youandconsumes oth- er men, Godwilldemand fromyour handsthe souls which your firehasburned. And if youyourselfdo not put forththe fire, but are in agreement with himwhodoes, and arepleased byit, in thejudgementyou will be reckoned as his accomplice. If you lovegentleness, bepeaceful. If you are deemed worthy of peace, you will rejoiceatalltimes. Seekunderstanding, notgold. Clothe yourself with humility, notfinelinen. Gainpeace, not a kingdom. Noman has understanding if he is nothumble, and hewholackshumility is devoid ofunderstanding. No man is humble ifhe isnotpeaceful, and hewho isnot peacefulis not humble. And no man ispeacefulwithoutrejoicing. In all thepathsupon whichmen 15 I. e. consider yourselflazy. 16Gk. theguilty. In Syriac thesamewordmeans both vanquished and guilty.248journey inthis world they willfind nopeace, untilthey draw nigh to hope in God. The heartfinds no peace from to illand from stumbling-blocks, until hope enters it, make sit peaceful, and pours joyintoit. That worshipful and all-holy mouth spoke ofthiswhenit said, 'Come untoMe, all yethatlabourand are heavy laden, and I willgiveyourest.'17 Draw nigh, He says, and hopein Me, and find rest from labourandfear. Divine hope uplifts theheart, but fearof Gehennacrush- es it. The light ofthemindgives birth to faith; faith gives St Isaacthe Syrian, Homily 51. doc 14 12 181149 54Page 4 birth tothe consolation of hope; hopefortifies the heart. Faith istheunveilingof theunderstanding.18 When the mindisdarkened, faithis hidden, fearholds swayoverus, and our hope is cut off. It is not the faith whichcomesfrominstructionwhichfrees a man from pride and doubt, but thefaithwhich isbeheldanddawns intheunderstanding; this is called knowledge andtherevelation oftruth. As longastheintellect perceives God as God, by His beingrevealedtotheunderstanding,fearwillnot approach the heart. When we are permitted to be indarkness and welose this perception, then fear will assail us untilwe arehumbled andwedraw nightohu- milityand repentance. The Son of Godenduredthe Cross, thereforeletussin-ners boldy relyon repentance. If the formofrepentance averted God'swrathfromAhaab, surely oursincere repentance willnotnow be unprofitable to us. If aformofhumility turned aside Di-vine wrath fromhimwho was insincere, howmuchmore willitfrom us who sincerelygrieve overourfalls? Sorrow of mindsuffices totake the place of all bodily labour. SaintGregorysays, 'He is a temple ofgrace whois unit- ed with God, and is constantinhisconcern over Hisjudgement.'19 What isconcern over

God'sjudgement?It is:acontinualquest afterHis rest;19a mourningat all times andacontritemeditationonaccount ofthosethings which alwaysremainimperfectbecause ofthewretchedness ofournature; constant sadness ontheiraccount whichthe mindretainsthroughpowerfulthoughts andwhich in prayerit offersup beforeGod as anofferingwithhumblecompunction; and,inasmuch asis possibleand iswithin aman'spower, to holdsolici-tude for the bodyindisdain.20 Such is themanwho car-ries inhis soul thecontinuousmemory of God. As Saint Basil says, 'Undistracted prayer is that which produces in the soul adistinct reflection on God.AndGod'sindwell- ingis this: to have God establishedinus by[unceasing]memory[ofHim].'21 In thismanner we become temples ofGod. Thisisconcern withacontriteheart in prepara-tion for the Lord's rest.17Matt. 11:28. 18Orinsight. The Syriac printed text reads aplural, which gives of the intuitions. 19 The Syriac printed texthas over that which pertains to Him (orhim), The change in asingleletter(nuntolamadh) gives thisreading. 19a Orconstant reflectionupon thatwhichpleasesHim.20 This sentenceis considerablyabbreviated in the Greek.21Letter 2. ToGregory.