

What is API?

In this lesson:

- What is API
- API methods, request and response codes
- What is Client-Server applications
- Why do we need to test API



API

(Application Programming Interface)

```
{ "cityName": "New-York" }
```

Request

Weather
API

Response

```
{  
  "currentTemperature": 70,  
  "humidity": "45%",  
  "forecast": {  
    "tomorrow": 75,  
    "dayAfterTomorrow": 60  
  }  
}
```



Types of API requests

GET — Get or request specific data from API

POST — Send data to a API to create/update a resource

PUT

DELETE — Removes specified resource



Typical API request

API URL

Https link to API. Usually called API End-point

Headers

Usually it's Content-Type or Authorization token

Method

GET, POST, PUT, DELETE

Body

JSON object with requested data



HTTP response status codes

2xx

(200, 201, 204, ...)

Success!

3xx

(300, 301, 302, ...)

Redirection

4xx

(400, 401, 404, ...)

Client Error

5xx

(500, 501, 502, ...)

Server Error



Client - Server



Client - Server

Web-browser
(client)

Login

API
(server)



Client - Server

Web-browser
(client)

John123

Karate1

Login

(click)

API
(server)



Client - Server

Web-browser
(client)

Loading...



```
{  
  "userName": "John123",  
  "password": "Karate1"  
}
```

Request

Response (Status 200)

```
{  
  "firstName": "John",  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "age": 35,  
  "accessToken": "AKD3862Dib@9347"  
}
```

API
(server)



Client - Server

Web-browser
(client)

Welcome,
John Smith

Your age is:
35

```
{  
  "userName": "John123",  
  "password": "Karate1"  
}
```

Request

Response (Status 200)

```
{  
  "firstName": "John",  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "age": 35,  
  "accessToken": "AKD3862Dib@9347"  
}
```

API
(server)



Why do we need to test APIs?

To verify that API follows
defined contract and the logic
of the API (server) is matching
the expected result



Contract

Web-browser
(client)

Valid request:

username: String
password: String

Valid response:

firstName: String
lastName: String
age: Number
accessToken: String

API
(server)



Server broke the contract

Web-browser
(client)

Welcome,
Smith

Your age is:
35

```
{  
  "userName": "John123",  
  "password": "Karate1"  
}
```

Request

API
(server)

Response (Status 200)

```
{  
  "firstName": null,  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "age": 35,  
  "accessToken": "AKD3862Dib@9347"  
}
```



Server broke the contract

Web-browser
(client)

Welcome,
John Smith

Your age is:
error

```
{  
  "userName": "John123",  
  "password": "Karate1"  
}
```

Request

Response (Status 200)

```
{  
  "firstName": "John",  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "age": "35",  
  "accessToken": "AKD3862Dib@9347"  
}
```

API
(server)



Server broke the contract

Web-browser
(client)



```
{  
  "userName": "John123",  
  "password": "Karate1"  
}
```

Request

Response (Status 200)

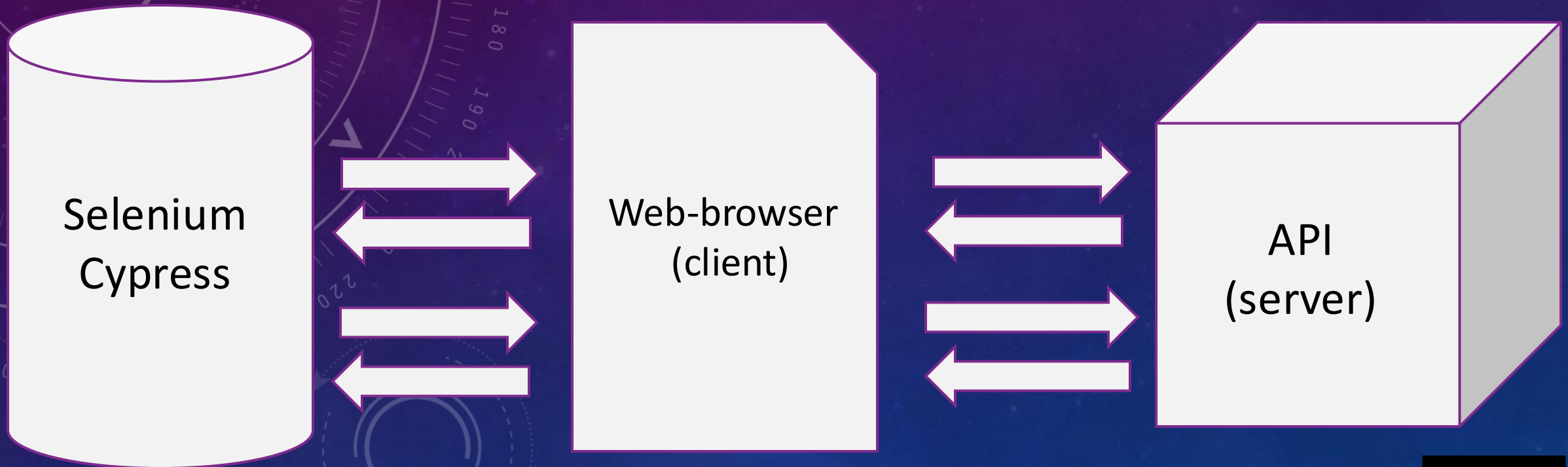
```
{  
  "firstName": "John",  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "age": "35"  
}
```

API
(server)



UI Automation

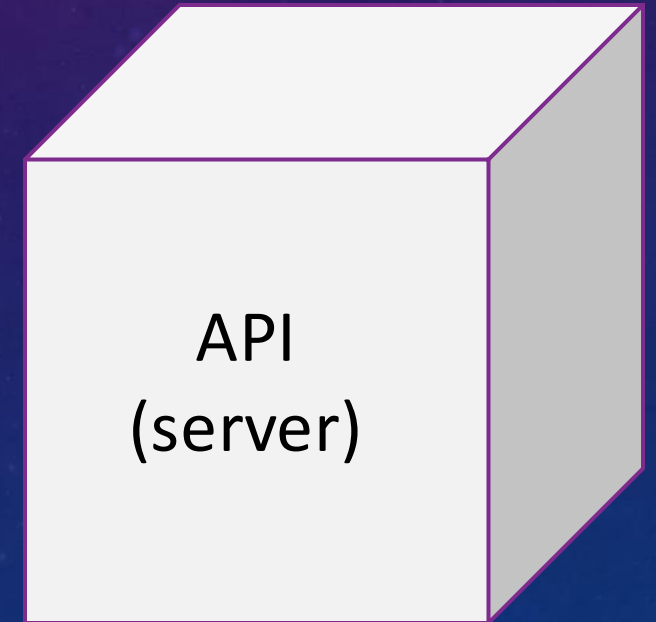
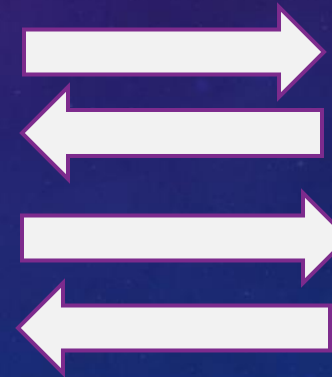
Functional end-to-end testing



VERY SLOW :(



API Automation



LIGHTNING SPEED 😊



Summary

- API – Application Programming Interface (black box)
- Method types: Get, Post, Put, Delete
- Typical request has: URL, Headers, Request type, Body
- Status codes: 2xx (Success), 3xx (Redirect), 4xx (Client error), 5xx (Server error)
- The purpose of API automation is to verify that API follows the defined contract and the logic of the API (server) is matching the expected result
- API automated tests are MUCH faster than UI automation

