Makeline System

Hot-reloadable configuration for food assembly hardware

Quick Start

```
just generate-makeline simulation
just simulate simulation

# Edit profiles/simulation.json
# Ctrl+S → reloads in 2.5s
```

Aliases: gm / s

Always use just generate-makeline (not just generate)

Where Files Live

```
generated/profiles/simulation/

├─ simulation.json  # Don't edit (gets regenerated)

├─ spawner.json  # Process launch config

└─ custom_layers.json  # Your customizations

profiles/  # Edit here

├─ simulation.json  # Active profile (watched)

└─ simulation/

├─ makeline.json  # Expanded result

└─ backups/  # Timestamped copies
```

Edit profiles/ for hot-reload | spawner.json launches processes

Profile Structure

Three sections define your makeline:

layouts: CabinetKind list (hardware topology)

```
{ "default": { "cabinets": ["Initial", "Denest", "Dispense",
   "Lift"] }}
```

layer_groups: Named edit collections (modifications)

- { "base": [layer1, layer2], "prod": [layer3] }
- Layers applied sequentially (order matters!)

line_builds: Combine layout + layer groups (final config)

Editing Workflow

Edit profiles/simulation.json \rightarrow Save \rightarrow 2.5s \rightarrow Changed modules reload

What happens: Diff → backup to backups/{timestamp}/ → reload affected modules

What keeps running: Planner, unchanged modules, active orders

Common Tasks

Change dispenser ingredient:

```
{ "EditSectionField": {
    "identity": { "owner": "dispenser-3", "subject": "self" },
    "section_name": "inputs",
    "field_key": "assigned_ingredient_id",
    "field_value": "black_beans"
}}
```

Adjust buffer motion timeout:

```
{ "EditSectionField": {
   "identity": { "owner": "buffer-1", "subject": "self" },
   "section_name": "configuration",
   "section_name": "configuration",
```

Layer Edit Types - Part 1

EditSectionField: Change single config field (most common)

```
{ "EditSectionField": {
   "identity": { "owner": "buffer-1", "subject": "self" },
   "section_name": "configuration",
   "field_key": "motion_timeout_ms",
   "field_value": 20000
}}
```

AssignSections: Replace entire sections (multiple related fields)

```
{ "AssignSections": {
    "identity": { "owner": "lifecycler-1", "subject": "self" },
    "sections": {
        "configuration": { "cooldown complete ms": 24000. "timeout fault ms": 600000 }.
```

Layer Edit Types - Part 2

AssignDispensers: Populate all dispensers for cabinets

OmitModules: Remove modules from graph (testing/debugging)

Module Sections Reference

Different modules have different section names. Common sections:

Buffer modules: configuration

Fields: motion_timeout_ms, homing_velocity, home_to_lower_mrad, etc.

Dispenser modules: inputs, outputs

- inputs: assigned_ingredient_id, dispenser_kind
- outputs: Runtime state (read-only)

Custom Layers

Dev tweaks without modifying preset profiles

```
just generate-makeline-custom simulation → creates
custom_layers.json
```

```
[{
    "metadata": { "name": "Faster Buffer Motion" },
    "edits": [{
        "EditSectionField": {
            "identity": { "owner": "buffer-1", "subject": "self" },
            "section_name": "configuration",
            "field_key": "motion_timeout_ms",
            "field_value": 10000
        }
}
```

Line Builds & Switching

One profile, multiple configs via different layer combinations

```
"line_builds": {
    "production": { "layer_groups": ["base", "prod_ingredients"] },
    "testing": { "layer_groups": ["base", "test_ingredients"] }
}
```

At generation: just generate-makeline simulation testing

At runtime (Explorer):

- AvailableLineBuilds → see options
- SelectLineBuild { line_build_name: "production" } \rightarrow switch (10-

How Targeting Works

Identity structure: { owner: "module-name", subject: "target" }

owner: Module instance name (numbered instances from graph expansion)

- "buffer-1", "buffer-2" (dispense cabinet buffers)
- "lifecycler-1" (system singleton)
- "lift-1" (lift cabinet)
- "dispenser-1" through "dispenser-12" (v5111) or "dispenser-18" (v5112)

Generator Expansion Process

Step 1: Read profiles/{preset}.json → get layouts, layer_groups, line_builds

Step 2: Select line_build (from CLI or "default") → determines layout + which layer_groups to apply

Step 3: Expand layout into graph:

```
For each CabinetKind:
    cabinet_kind.devices() → Vec<DeviceKind>
    For each DeviceKind:
    device_kind.modules() → Vec<ModuleKind>
    Create numbered instances (buffer-1, buffer-2, ...)
```

Generated Files Explained

spawner.json: Process launch configuration

- Executable paths, args, environment variables for each module
- generate-makeline: Includes makeline_server references (enables hot-reload)
- generate: Includes machine_config references only (legacy, no hot-reload)

makeline.json: Expanded module graph

- Lives in profiles/{preset}/makeline.json (not generated!)
- Contains all module instances with their sections

System Rules & Presets

Always use: just generate-makeline (not just generate)

Adds hot-reload support via makeline_server in spawner.json

Watch mechanism: Only profiles/{preset}.json triggers 2.5s autoreload

Spawner behavior: Smart restart - only kills/restarts processes with config changes

Never edit: generated/ directory - gets overwritten on every generation

Architecture Rationale

Why this design?

Hardware abstraction: Physical machines have cabinets → devices → hardware modules. Software mirrors this hierarchy so config matches physical reality.

Hot-reload requirement: Must change config without stopping production. Graph-based design allows:

- Diff detection (compare old vs new graph)
- Selective module restart (only changed modules)
- Process isolation (spawner manages independent processes)

System Architecture

Three-tier enum hierarchy: CabinetKind → DeviceKind → ModuleKind

Core, CabinetCore, CabinetScreen, Denester, Dispenser

Generator expands each tier: Types define requirements → instances get created

CabinetKind enum (4 variants):

• Initial, Denest, Dispense, Lift

DeviceKind enum (10 variants):

Cabinet → Device Mappings

Initial cabinet (system-wide services):

• Core device → 20 modules

Denest cabinet (bowl handling):

• CabinetCore, Conveyance, Denester, CabinetScreen

Dispense cabinet (ingredient dispensing):

- CabinetCore , Hvac , DispenseFillPositioner
- Plus N × Dispenser devices (12 for v5111, 18 for v5112)

Device \rightarrow **Module Details**

Core device (Initial cabinet only) - 20 system modules:

- Api-1, BowlRecovery-1, CabinetMonitor-1, Datalog-1
- Discovery-1, Echo-1, Fault-1, Follower-1
- Interlock-1, LifeCycler-1, MachineConfig-1, Makeline-1
- PartnerApi-1, PartnerWebhook-1, Planner-1, Preprocessor-1
- RfidClient-1, Sequencer-1, State-1, Telemetry-1, Tracker-1

DispenseFillPositioner device (one per dispense cabinet):

Buffer, Conveyance, Shutter, Duc

Physical Hardware Context

Real-world machine structure drives software design:

Cabinet = Physical enclosure unit

- Initial: System computer, no food hardware
- Denest: Unstacks bowls from dispenser
- Dispense: Contains ingredient hoppers (12-18 per cabinet)
- Lift: Presents finished bowls to customer

Device = Functional hardware subsystem within cabinet

Core: Software-only (system services)

Module Communication

IPC via ZeroMQ: Each module = separate process on pub/sub network

Identity for routing: Messages addressed by { owner, subject }:

- { owner: "buffer-1", subject: "self" } \rightarrow message to buffer-1 process
- { owner: "buffer-1", subject: "motor-1" } \rightarrow message to buffer-1's motor child
- Makeline server routes based on Identity

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Hot-Reload Mechanics

What triggers reload? Edit profiles/{preset}.json → watch_server detects → makeline_server reloads

Diff algorithm:

- 1. Load new profile, expand to graph
- 2. Compare new graph vs old graph (structure + sections)
- 3. Identify changed modules (section values differ)
- 4. Send SectionChanged events to affected modules
- 5. Modules reconfigure without restarting process

Core Modules Overview

System orchestration:

- Planner: Assembly planning (which dispenser, what order)
- Sequencer: Executes plans as bowl moves through system
- Follower: Tracks individual bowls (position, state)
- Preprocessor: Pre-processing incoming orders

Hardware control:

- Makeline: Central coordinator, config hot-reload
- MachineConfig: Provides config to other modules

- Cabinet → Devices
- Device → Modules
- Module → Child modules

Why parent-child?

- Config inheritance: Children can reference parent config
- Logical grouping: All modules in a device share context
- Traversal: Walk graph to find modules by type/location
- Validation: Ensure required modules exist in correct hierarchy

Graph traversal uses:

• Planner: Find all dispensers in cabinet 2

That's It

```
just generate-makeline simulation [line_build]
just simulate simulation
# Edit profiles/simulation.json
```

Key features:

- Hot-reload (2.5s, no restarts)
- Custom layers (dev tweaks)
- Line builds (test/prod switching)
- Auto backups (rollback ready)