

Memo to: Randy Larimer
From: Matthew Handley
Date: April 15, 2014
Regarding: EE 465-01, Lab 5 – Real Time Clock and I2C

Summary:

This lab built on the previous ones, by an I2C Real Time Clock (RTC) to the system. The goal was to have the user enter a date and time with the keypad and LCD at startup, write that time to the RTC via I2C, then read back the time every few seconds from the RTC and display it on the LCD. Rather than using the built-in I2C hardware module a software bit-banging I2C module was written, based on AN1820.

Preliminary Solutions:

As before, the TPM module was used to toggle the heartbeat led. Additionally the TPM ISR handled polling the RTC for time and displaying that on the LCD, after it had been set. As shown in the block diagram of Figure 1 in Appendix A, all modules were initialized and the TPM interrupt was enabled before the RTC had been set, so that the heartbeat LED would flash while the user is setting the date and time.

Setup:

To begin programming, the DS1337 RTC was added to the breadboard along with the appropriate I2C pull-up and current limiting resistors, as shown in the Lab 5 Schematic. Because of the small and delicate nature of the 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator, it was soldered to a 2-pin 0.1 inch pitch header and covered in heat shrink tubing.

Solution:

The i2c_driver.asm file was written to implement the subroutines needed to communicate over I2C. This driver was very closely based on the sample code given in AN1820. One subroutine that was not given in AN1820 was i2c_rx_byte. This subroutine will receive a byte from the I2C bus.

The implantation of the rtc_driver.asm, which contains subroutines for writing and reading from the RTC, was fairly straightforward. This driver also contains the subroutines for prompting the user to enter a date and time as well as a subroutine for displaying the date and time on the LCD. This allows the main loop and TPM ISR to be very simple and high-level with regard to the RTC.

Summary Comments:

Having dealt with I2C before, and being given example code for implementing the I2C driver, there were no big hurdles for this lab. The final implementation worked as designed.

The following is a summary of the memory usage for this lab, as found in the project's .map file.

Flash Used: 1839 bytes

RAM Used: 98 bytes

Vectors Used:

 _Vtpmovf
 _Startup

Appendix A – Figures

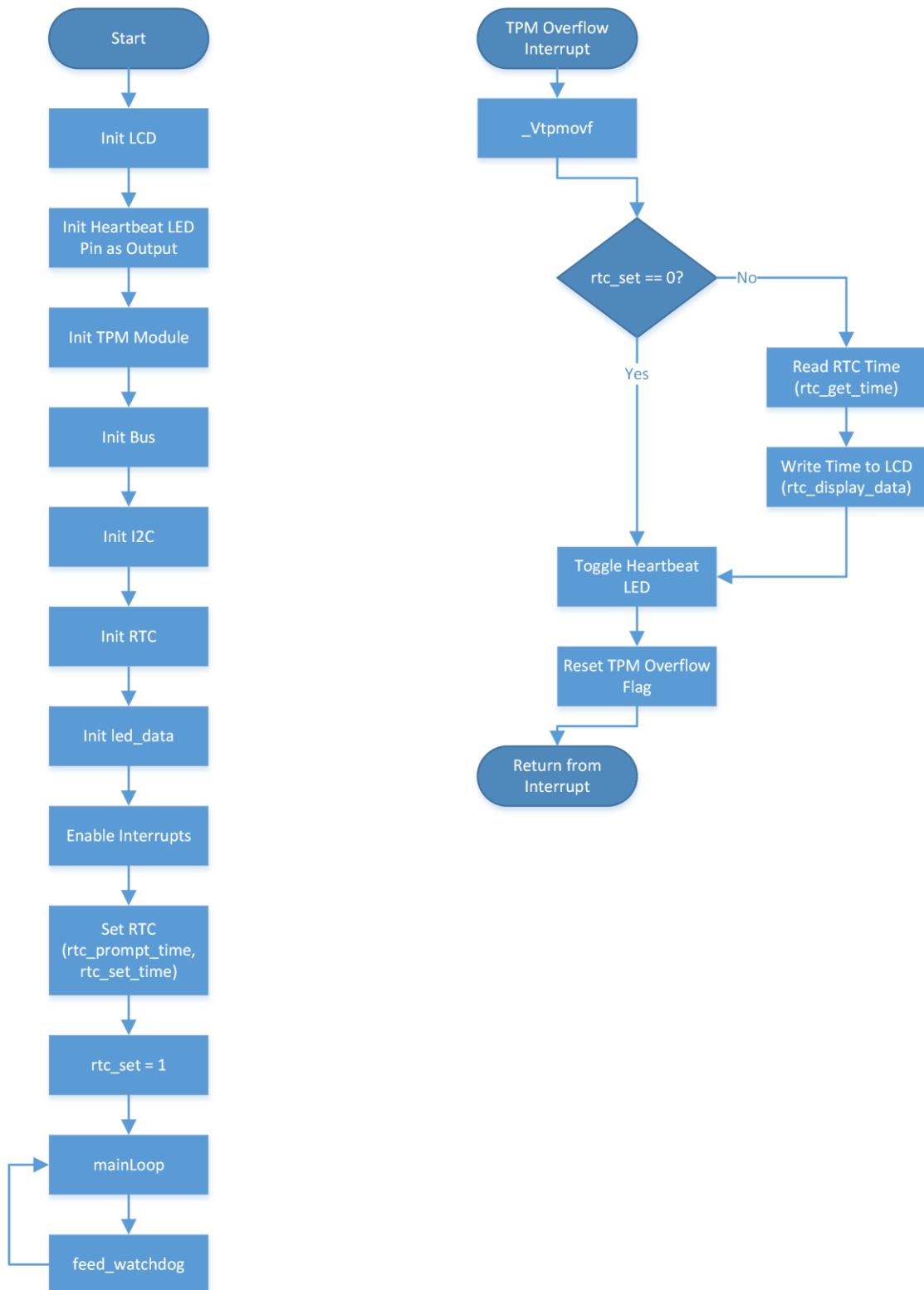


Figure 1: Top Level Flow Chart

Appendix B – Source Code

```

;*****
;* File Name       : main.asm
;* Program Name    : Lab#05 - RTC and I2C
;* Author Names    : Matthew Handley
;* Date            : 2014-04-03
;* Description     : Prompts user for a date and time, writes that
;*                   date and time to a DS1337 RTC, then reads the
;*                   time back every 1 second and displays the time
;*                   on an LCD.
;*
;*****

; Include derivative-specific definitions
    INCLUDE 'derivative.inc'

; export symbols
    XDEF _Startup, main, _Vtpmovf, SUB_delay, SUB_delay_cnt
    ; we export both '_Startup' and 'main' as symbols. Either can
    ; be referenced in the linker .prm file or from C/C++ later on

    XREF __SEG_END_SSTACK    ; symbol defined by the linker for the end of the
stack

    XREF bus_init, bus_read, bus_write, bus_addr, bus_data

    XREF led_write, led_data

    XREF keypad_interpret, keypad_scan, keypad_get_keypress
    XREF keypad_data_0, keypad_data_1

    XREF lcd_init, lcd_write, lcd_char, lcd_str, lcd_num_to_char, lcd_clear,
lcd_goto_addr, lcd_goto_row0, lcd_goto_row1
    XREF lcd_data, lcd_char_data, lcd_col_idx

    XREF adc_init, adc_read_ch26_avg, adc_read_ch2_avg, adc_read_avg,
adc_data_0, adc_data_1

    XREF math_mul_16
    XREF INTACC1, INTACC2

    XREF i2c_init, i2c_start, i2c_stop, i2c_tx_byte, i2c_rx_byte

    XREF rtc_init, rtc_set_time, rtc_get_time, rtc_display_data,
rtc_prompt_time
    XREF Sec, Min, Hour, Date, Month, Year

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

    SUB_delay_cnt:          DS.B 3          ; counter for SUB_delay
subroutine

    num_samples:          DS.B 1          ; number of samples to
take on the ADC

    temp:                  DS.B 1          ; some space to hold stuff

```

```

        temp_k:                                DS.B 1                ; some space to hold
stuff

        rtc_set:                               DS.B 1                ; 0x01 when the rtc has
been set, 0x00 otherwise

MY_CONST: SECTION
; Constant Values and Tables Section

        str_prompt:                           DC.B "Enter n: "
        str_prompt_length:                     DC.B 9

        str_TK:                               DC.B "T,K:"
        str_TK_length:                         DC.B 4
        str_TC:                               DC.B " T,C:"
        str_TC_length:                         DC.B 5

; code section
MyCode: SECTION
main:
_Startup:
        LDHX    #__SEG_END_SSTACK ; initialize the stack pointer
        TXS

; init bus
        JSR     bus_init

;*** init LCD and RS, RW pins ***
        JSR     lcd_init

        LDA     #$00
        STA     lcd_col_idx

;*** init TPM module - for heartbeat LED ***
; TPMMODH:L Registers
        LDA     #$00
        STA     TPMMODH
        LDA     #$00
        STA     TPMMODL
; TPMSC Register
        LDA     #$4E                ; TOIE clear, CLKS: Bus clock, Prescale: 128
        STA     TPMSC

;*** init led_data variable ***
        LDA     #$00
        STA     led_data

; init i2c
        JSR     i2c_init

; init rtc
        JSR     rtc_init
        LDA     #$01
        STA     rtc_set

        CLI                ; enable interrupts

; set rtc
        JSR     rtc_prompt_time
        JSR     rtc_set_time
        LDA     #$00
        STA     rtc_set

```

```

mainLoop:
    feed_watchdog

    BRA        mainLoop

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: _Vtpmovf
;* Description: Interrupt service routine for the TPM overflow
;*              interrupt. Toggles the heartbeat LED (PortA[0])
;*              and resets TPM overflow flag.
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
_Vtpmovf:

    ; check if rtc is ready
    LDA        rtc_set
    BNE        _Vtpmovf_heartbeat

    ; read rtc time
    JSR        rtc_get_time

    ; display RTC time on LCD
    JSR        rtc_display_data

    ; update heartbeat led
    JSR        led_write

_Vtpmovf_heartbeat:

    ; Toggle Heartbeat LED
    LDA        led_data                ; load current LED pattern
    EOR        #$80                    ; toggle bit 7
    STA        led_data                ; Store pattern to var

    ; clear TPM ch0 flag
    LDA        TPMSC                    ; read register
    AND        #$4E                    ; clear CH0F bit, but leav
others alone
    STA        TPMSC                    ; write back register

    ; Done, Return from Interrupt
    RTI

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: SUB_delay
;* Description: Decrements SUB_delay_cnt until it reaches zero.
;*              1 count in SUB_delay_cnt is approx 4.019 us
;*
;* Registers Modified: None.
;* Entry Variables: SUB_delay_cnt - 3 byte variable, determines length
;*                  of time the SUB_delay routine will take to execute.
;* Exit Variables: SUB_delay_cnt - will be zero at exit.
;*****
SUB_delay:
    ; save the existing values of registers
    PSHH
    PSHX
    PSHA

    ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
    LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

SUB_delay_loop_0:
    feed_watchdog

    ; if byte[0] == 0
    LDA    0, X
    BEQ    SUB_delay_loop_1        ; jump to SUB_delay_outer_loop

    ;else
    DECA                    ; decrement byte[0]
    STA    0, X

    ;repeat
    BRA    SUB_delay_loop_0

SUB_delay_loop_1:
    ; if byte[1] == 0
    LDA    1, X
    BEQ    SUB_delay_loop_2        ; branch to done

    ;else
    DECA                    ; decrement byte[1]
    STA    1, X

    LDA    #$FF                ; reset byte[0]
    STA    0, X

    ;repeat
    BRA    SUB_delay_loop_0

SUB_delay_loop_2:
    ; if byte[2] == 0
    LDA    2, X
    BEQ    SUB_delay_done        ; branch to done

    ;else
    DECA                    ; decrement byte[2]
    STA    2, X

    LDA    #$FF                ; reset byte[1]
    STA    1, X

```

```

        LDA        #$FF                                ; reset byte[0]
        STA        0, X

        ;repeat
        BRA SUB_delay_loop_0

SUB_delay_done:

        ; restore registers to previous values
        PULA
        PULX
        PULH

        RTS
;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      bus.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-04
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines for controlling the
;*                      bus.
;*
;*
;*****

; EQU statements
mDataBus      EQU    $F0          ; Mask for the data bus pins on PortB
mAddrBus      EQU    $0F          ; Mask for the address bus pins on PortB

; Include derivative-specific definitions
INCLUDE 'MC9S08QG8.inc'

; export symbols
XDEF bus_init, bus_write, bus_read, bus_addr, bus_data

; import symbols
XREF _Startup, main, _Vtpmov

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

                bus_addr:          DS.B 1      ; only use lower 3 bits
                bus_data:          DS.B 1      ; only use lower 4 bits

; code section
MyCode:        SECTION

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: bus_init
;* Description: Reads data from the device whose address is
;*              the lower 3 bits of bus_addr, and store the
;*              data to the lower 4 bits of bus_data.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
bus_init:
                ; preserve registers
                PSHA

                ;*** init Data & Address Busses ***
                LDA      mAddrBus          ; Set Address Bus pins as
output by default, leave data as input
                STA      PTBDD
                LDA      $00              ; Leave all of PortB
as input at start
                STA      PTBD

                ; restore registers
                PULA

;*****

```



```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: bus_read
;* Description: Reads data from the device whose address is
;*              the lower 3 bits of bus_addr, and store the
;*              data to the lower 4 bits of bus_data.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: bus_addr
;* Exit Variables: bus_data
;*****
bus_read:
                ; preserve accumulator A
                PSHA

                ; make address bus output, data bus an input
                LDA    #mAddrBus
                STA    PTBDD

                ; pull the address low
                LDA    bus_addr          ; load address
                AND    #$07              ; mask off the lower 3 bits to be
sure, will leave G2A low
                STA    PTBD              ; write data to address bus, and clear
data bus

                ; read data from the bus
                LDA    PTBD
                NSA
                AND    #$0F              ; shift data down to the lower 4 bits
                STA    bus_data          ; mask off the lower 4 bits to be sure
                ;

                ; pull the address high
                LDA    #$08              ; G2A_not high
                STA    PTBD              ; write, clears address bus

                ; restore accumulator A
                PULA

                ; return from subroutine bus_read
                RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: bus_write
;* Description: Writes the lower 4 bits of bus_data to the
;*              device on whose address is the lower 3 bits
;*              of bus_addr.
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: bus_addr, bus_data
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
bus_write:
                ; preserve accumulator A
                PSHA

                ; make data and address busses outputs
                LDA    #$FF
                STA    PTBDD

                ; prep data for the bus
                LDA    bus_data
                NSA
upper 4 bits    ; swap the lower 4 bits to be the
                AND    #$F0                ; mask off the upper 4 bits to be sure

                ; prep the addr, G2A_not low, Yx goes low
                ORA    bus_addr            ; add in the address
                STA    PTBD               ; write data and address bus, with
G2A_not low
                ORA    #$08                ; leave data and address, set G2A_not
high - Yx goes high
                STA    PTBD

                ; restore accumulator A
                PULA

                ; return from subroutine bus_write
                RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      i2c_driver.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-25
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines for a bit-banging
;*                      software I2C driver, based on AN1820.
;*
;*****

; EQU statements
SCL      EQU 3          ;Serial clock bit number
SDA      EQU 2          ;Serial data bit number

; Include derivative-specific definitions
INCLUDE 'MC9S08QG8.inc'

; export symbols
XDEF i2c_init, i2c_start, i2c_stop, i2c_tx_byte, i2c_rx_byte
;XDEF

; import symbols
;XREF

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

                BitCounter:      DS.B 1          ; Used to count bits in a Tx
                Value:           DS.B 1          ; Used to store rx data
value

; code section
MyCode: SECTION

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_init
;* Description: Initilizes the software I2C driver.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_init:
                ;Initialize variables
                CLR    Value                ;Clear all RAM variables
                CLR    BitCounter

                ;*** init SDA and SCL pins as outputs
                BSET   SDA, PTADD
                BSET   SCL, PTADD

                ;*** init SDA and SCL pins to high
                BSET   SDA, PTAD
                BSET   SCL, PTAD

                RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_start
;* Description: Generate a START condition on the bus.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_start:
        ; crate falling edge on SDA while SCL high
        BCLR  SDA, PTAD
        JSR   i2c_bit_delay
        BCLR  SCL, PTAD
        RTS

;*****

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_stop
;* Description: Generate a STOP condition on the bus.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_stop:
        ; crate rising edge on SDA while SCL high
        BCLR  SDA, PTAD
        BSET  SCL, PTAD
        BSET  SDA, PTAD
        JSR   i2c_bit_delay
        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_tx_byte
;* Description: Transmit the byte in Acc to the SDA pin
;*              (Acc will not be restored on return)
;*
;*              Must be careful to change SDA values only
;*              while SCL is low, otherwise a STOP or START
;*              could be implied.
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, X
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_tx_byte:
                ;Initialize variable
                LDX    #$08
                STX    BitCounter

tx_nextbit:
                ROLA                                ; Shift MSB into Carry
                BCC     tx_send_low                  ; Send low bit or high bit

tx_send_high:
                BSET    SDA, PTAD                    ; set the data bit value
                JSR     i2c_setup_delay                ; Give some time for data

tx_setup:
                BSET    SCL, PTAD                    ; clock in data
                JSR     i2c_bit_delay                  ; wait a bit
                BRA     tx_continue                    ; continue

tx_send_low:
                BCLR    SDA, PTAD                    ; set the data bit value
                JSR     i2c_setup_delay                ; Give some time for data
                BRA     tx_setup                      ; clock in the bit

tx_continue:
                BCLR    SCL, PTAD                    ; Restore clock to low state
                DEC     BitCounter                    ; Decrement the bit counter
                BEQ     tx_ack_poll                    ; Last bit?
                BRA     tx_nextbit                    ; Do the next bit

tx_ack_poll:
                BSET    SDA, PTAD
                BCLR    SDA, PTADD                    ; Set SDA as input
                JSR     i2c_setup_delay                ; wait

                BSET    SCL, PTAD                    ; clock the line
                JSR     i2c_bit_delay                  ; wait

                BRCLR   SDA, PTAD, tx_done            ; check SDA for ack

tx_no_ack:
                ; do error handling here

tx_done:
                BCLR    SCL, PTAD                    ; restore the clock line
                BSET    SDA, PTADD                    ; SDA back to output
                RTS                                     ; done
;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_rx_byte
;* Description: Recieves a byte from the I2C bus.
;*              Will Ack the byte if Accu A != 0
;*              Data returned in Accu A
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, X
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_rx_byte:

        ; clear output var
        CLR          Value

        ; set BitCounter
        LDX          #$08
        STX          BitCounter

        ; set SDA to input and pull clock low
        BCLR         SDA, PTADD
        BCLR         SCL, PTAD

rx_nextbit:

        ; wait for a bit
        JSR          i2c_bit_delay

        ; shift the last bit recieved left (and fill LSB with zero)
        LSL          Value

        ; clock the line and wait
        BSET         SCL, PTAD
        JSR          i2c_setup_delay

        ; grab bit from bus
        BRCLR        SDA, PTAD, rx_low

rx_high:

        ; store a 1 to Value
        BSET         0, Value
        BRA          rx_continue

rx_low:

        ; do nothing since LSL fills with 0

rx_continue:

        BCLR         SCL, PTAD                ; Restore clock to low state
        DEC          BitCounter              ; Decrement the bit counter
        BNE          rx_nextbit              ; More bits?

        ; set SDA back to output
        BSET         SDA, PTADD

        ; test Accu A == 0
        CBEQA        #$00, rx_nack
        BRA          rx_ack

rx_ack:

        ; clear data bit to acknowledge
        BCLR         SDA, PTAD
        BRA          rx_done

```

```

rx_nack:
        ; set data bit to not acknowledge
        BSET  SDA, PTAD

rx_done:
        ; let ack/nack settle
        JSR      i2c_setup_delay

        ;clock the ack/nack
        BSET  SCL, PTAD
        JSR      i2c_bit_delay

        ; return clock to low
        BCLR  SCL, PTAD

        ; load Value into Accu A
        LDA      Value

        RTS

;*****
;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_setup_delay
;* Description: Provide some data setup time to allow
;*              SDA to stabilize in slave device
;*              Completely arbitrary delay (10 cycles?)
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_setup_delay:
        NOP
        NOP
        RTS

;*****
;*****
;* Subroutine Name: i2c_setup_delay
;* Description: Bit delay to provide (approximately) the desired
;*              SCL frequency
;*              Again, this is arbitrary (16 cycles?)
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
i2c_bit_delay:
        NOP
        NOP
        NOP
        NOP
        NOP
        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      keypad.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-04
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines for reading the
;*                  keypad.
;*
;*****

; EQU statements

; Include derivative-specific definitions
INCLUDE 'derivative.inc'

; export symbols
XDEF keypad_interpret, keypad_scan, keypad_data_0, keypad_data_1,
keypad_data_0_old, keypad_data_1, keypad_data_cmp, keypad_get_keypress

; import symbols
XREF bus_read, bus_write, bus_addr, bus_data
XREF led_write, led_data
XREF lcd_char

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

                keypad_data_0:    DS.B  1      ; bit flags representing what keys are
pressed on they 4x4 keypad
                keypad_data_1:    DS.B  1

                keypad_data_0_old: DS.B  1      ; bit flags representing which
keys were pressed on the keypad, the last time it was scanned
                keypad_data_1_old: DS.B  1

                keypad_data_cmp:   DS.B  1      ; tempory holder for keypad data
comparison in keypad_interpret

; code section
MyCode: SECTION

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: keypad_scan
;* Description: Scans the greyhill 4x4 keypad, and saves the
;*             result to variable.
;*             Note that this method will overwrite values in
;*             the bus_addr and bus_data variables.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: keypad_data_0, keypad_data_1
;*****
keypad_scan:
                ; preserve registers
                PSHA

;*** save old value of keypad_data, before we overwrite it

                LDA                keypad_data_0

```



```

        STA      keypad_data_0_old
        LDA      keypad_data_1
        STA      keypad_data_1_old

;*** scan row 0 ***

        ;* set row 0 to low, other rows to high *

        ; set address of keypad driver DFF
        LDA      #$02
        STA      bus_addr

        ; set the data
        LDA      #%00001110
        STA      bus_data

        ; write the data
        JSR      bus_write

        ;* read data from row *

                ; set the address
        LDA      #$03
        STA      bus_addr

        ; read the data
        JSR      bus_read

        ;* save row data to variable *

                LDA      bus_data                ; load in data nibble
                COMA      bus_data                ; compliment bits, so 1=button press
                AND      #$0F                    ; mask off the lower 4 bits
                STA      keypad_data_0          ; store to vairable

;*** scan row 1 ***

        ;* set row 1 to low, other rows to high *

        ; set address of keypad driver DFF
        LDA      #$02
        STA      bus_addr

        ; set the data
        LDA      #%00001101
        STA      bus_data

        ; write the data
        JSR      bus_write

        ;* read data from row *

                ; set the address
        LDA      #$03
        STA      bus_addr

        ; read the data
        JSR      bus_read

        ;* save row data to variable *

```

```

nibble
        LDA          bus_data          ; load in data nibble
        COMA         ; compliment bits, so 1=button press
        NSA          ; swap our data to the upper

        AND          #$F0             ; mask off the data
        ORA          keypad_data_0    ; add the lower 4 bits in
        STA          keypad_data_0    ; store to vairable

;*** scan row 2 ***

        ;* set row 2 to low, other rows to high *

        ; set address of keypad driver DFF
LDA      #$02
STA      bus_addr

        ; set the data
LDA      #%00001011
STA      bus_data

        ; write the data
JSR      bus_write

        ;* read data from row *

        ; set the address
LDA      #$03
STA      bus_addr

        ; read the data
JSR      bus_read

        ;* save row data to variable *

        LDA          bus_data          ; load in data nibble
        COMA         ; compliment bits, so 1=button press
        AND          #$0F             ; mask off the lower 4 bits
        STA          keypad_data_1    ; store to vairable

;*** scan row 3 ***

        ;* set row 3 to low, other rows to high *

        ; set address of keypad driver DFF
LDA      #$02
STA      bus_addr

        ; set the data
LDA      #%00000111
STA      bus_data

        ; write the data
JSR      bus_write

        ;* read data from row *

        ; set the address
LDA      #$03
STA      bus_addr

```

```

; read the data
JSR      bus_read

;* save row data to variable *

nibble   LDA      bus_data      ; load in data nibble
          COMA      bus_data      ; compliment bits, so 1=button press
          NSA      bus_data      ; swap our data to the upper

          AND      #$F0          ; mask off the data
          ORA      keypad_data_1 ; add the lower 4 bits in
          STA      keypad_data_1 ; store to vairable

;*** done ***

; restore registers
PULA

; return from subroutine keypad_scan
RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: keypad_interpret
;* Description: Checks if a numeric key (1..9) was pressed.
;*
;*             When a key is pressed, it writes it to the LCD
;*             and returns the numeric value in Accu A.
;*             Returns 0xFF when (1..9) was not pressed.
;*
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: Accu A
;*****

```

keypad_interpret:

```

;*** was a key pressed in the first 2 rows ? ***

```

```

        LDA        keypad_data_0_old
        COMA
        AND        keypad_data_0
        CBEQA      #$00, keypad_interpret_lower_rows_jump

        ; key was pressed
        STA        keypad_data_cmp

```

keypad_interpret_1:

```

        ; was '1' pressed ?
        LDA        keypad_data_cmp
        AND        #%11111110
        BNE        keypad_interpret_2

        ; write a '1' to the LCD
        LDA        #'1'
        JSR        lcd_char

        ; return 0x01
        LDA        #$01
        RTS

```

keypad_interpret_2:

```

        ; was '2' pressed ?
        LDA        keypad_data_cmp
        AND        #%11111101
        BNE        keypad_interpret_3

        ; write a '2' to the LCD
        LDA        #'2'
        JSR        lcd_char

        ; return 0x02
        LDA        #$02
        RTS

```

keypad_interpret_3:

```

        ; was '3' pressed ?
        LDA        keypad_data_cmp
        AND        #%11111011
        BNE        keypad_interpret_A

```

```

; write a '3' to the LCD
LDA      #'3'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x03
LDA      #$03
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_A:

```

; was 'A' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11110111
BNE      keypad_interpret_4

; write a 'A' to the LCD
LDA      #'A'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x0A
LDA      #$0A
RTS

```

```

BRA      keypad_interpret_4

```

keypad_interpret_lower_rows_jump:

```

BRA      keypad_interpret_lower_rows

```

keypad_interpret_4:

```

; was '4' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11110111
BNE      keypad_interpret_5

; write a '4' to the LCD
LDA      #'4'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x04
LDA      #$04
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_5:

```

; was '5' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11011111
BNE      keypad_interpret_6

; write a '5' to the LCD
LDA      #'5'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x05
LDA      #$05
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_6:

```

; was '6' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%10111111
BNE      keypad_interpret_B

; write a '6' to the LCD
LDA      #'6'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x06
LDA      #$06
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_B:

```

; was 'B' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%01111111
BNE      keypad_interpret_lower_rows

; write a 'B' to the LCD
LDA      #'B'
;JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x0B
LDA      #$0B
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_lower_rows:

;*** was a key pressed in the second 2 rows ? ***

```

LDA      keypad_data_1_old
COMA
AND      keypad_data_1
CBEQA    #$00, keypad_interpret_done_jump

; key was pressed
STA      keypad_data_cmp

```

keypad_interpret_7:

```

; was '7' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11111110
BNE      keypad_interpret_8

; write a '7' to the LCD
LDA      #'7'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x07
LDA      #$07
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_8:

```

; was '8' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%1111101
BNE      keypad_interpret_9

; write a '8' to the LCD
LDA      #'8'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x08
LDA      #$08
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_9:

```

; was '9' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11111011
BNE      keypad_interpret_C

; write a '9' to the LCD
LDA      #'9'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x09
LDA      #$09
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_C:

```

; was 'C' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11110111
BNE      keypad_interpret_E

; write a 'C' to the LCD
LDA      #'C'
;JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x0C
LDA      #$0C
RTS

```

```

BRA      keypad_interpret_E

```

keypad_interpret_done_jump:

```

BRA      keypad_interpret_done

```

keypad_interpret_E:

```

; was 'E'/'*' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11101111
BNE      keypad_interpret_0

; write a 'E' to the LCD
LDA      #'E'
JSR      lcd_char

```

```

; return 0x0E
LDA      #$0E
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_0:

```

; was '0' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%11011111
BNE      keypad_interpret_F

; write a '0' to the LCD
LDA      #'0'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x00
LDA      #$00
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_F:

```

; was 'F'/'#' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%10111111
BNE      keypad_interpret_D

; write a 'F' to the LCD
LDA      #'F'
;JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x00
LDA      #$00
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_D:

```

; was 'D' pressed ?
LDA      keypad_data_cmp
AND      #%01111111
BNE      keypad_interpret_done

; write a 'D' to the LCD
LDA      #'D'
JSR      lcd_char

; return 0x0D
LDA      #$0D
RTS

```

keypad_interpret_done:

```

;*** done ***

```

```

; return $FF to indicate no key pressed
LDA      #$FF
RTS

```

```

;*****

```



```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: keypad_get_keypress
;* Description: Continuously scans and interprets the keypad
;*              until a key is pressed.
;*
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: Accu A
;*****
keypad_get_keypress:

    ; feed watchdog
    feed_watchdog

    ; update heartbeat led
    JSR      led_write

    ; scan the keypad
    JSR      keypad_scan

    ; check for keypress
    JSR      keypad_interpret

    ; if no key pressed, repeat
    CBEQA    #$FF, keypad_get_keypress

    ; key was pressed, so we're done
    RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      lcd.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-04
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines for controlling the
;*                  lcd.
;*
;*****

; EQU statements

; Include derivative-specific definitions
INCLUDE 'MC9S08QG8.inc'

; export symbols
XDEF lcd_init, lcd_write, lcd_char, lcd_str, lcd_num_to_char, lcd_clear,
lcd_goto_addr, lcd_goto_row0, lcd_goto_row1
XDEF lcd_data, lcd_char_data, lcd_col_idx

; import symbols
XREF SUB_delay, SUB_delay_cnt
XREF bus_read, bus_write, bus_addr, bus_data

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

        lcd_data:          DS.B 1      ; lower 4 bits = LCD data lines, bit 6
= RS, bit 5 = RW
        lcd_char_data:    DS.B 1      ; used by lcd_char subroutine to store
a character
        lcd_col_idx:      DS.B 1      ; index of the column of the LCD that
the cursor is currently in

        lcd_addr:         DS.B 1      ; holds an address for lcd_goto_addr

        str_length:       DS.B 1      ; holds the offset into a string for
lcd_str

; code section
MyCode: SECTION

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_init
;* Description: Initilizes the LCD.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
lcd_init:
        ; preserve registers
        PSHA

;*** init RS and RW pins as outputs
        LDA      PTADD
        ORA      #$03
        STA      PTADD

;*** wait for 15 ms
        ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt

```

```

        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA      #$00
        STA      2,X
        LDA      #$13
        STA      1,X
        LDA      #$88
        STA      0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR      SUB_delay

;*** Send Init Command

        LDA      #$03
        JSR      lcd_write

;*** Wait for 4.1 ms
        ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA      #$00
        STA      2,X
        LDA      #$13
        STA      1,X
        LDA      #$88
        STA      0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR      SUB_delay

;*** Send Init command

        LDA      #$03
        JSR      lcd_write

;*** Wait for 100 us
        ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA      #$00
        STA      2,X
        LDA      #$13
        STA      1,X
        LDA      #$88
        STA      0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR      SUB_delay

;*** Send Init command

        LDA      #$03
        JSR      lcd_write

```

```

;*** Send Function set command

        LDA        #$02
        JSR        lcd_write

        LDA        #$02
        JSR        lcd_write

        LDA        #$08
        JSR        lcd_write ; goes blank here

;*** Send display ctrl command

        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write

        LDA        #$0F
        JSR        lcd_write

;*** Send display clear command

        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write

;*** Wait for 5 ms
        ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA        #$00
        STA        2,X
        LDA        #$13
        STA        1,X
        LDA        #$88
        STA        0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR        SUB_delay

;*** Send display clear command

        LDA        #$01
        JSR        lcd_write

;*** Wait for 5 ms
        ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA        #$00
        STA        2,X
        LDA        #$13
        STA        1,X
        LDA        #$88
        STA        0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR        SUB_delay

;*** Send entry mode command

```

```

        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write

        LDA        #$06
        JSR        lcd_write

;*** done ***

        ; restore registers
        PULA

        ; return from subroutine lcd_init
        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_write
;* Description: Sends data to the LCD.
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: Accu A
;* Exit Variables:
;*****
lcd_write:
    ; preserve HX register
    PSHH
    PSHX

    ; store param to var for latter
    STA      lcd_data

    ; clear RS and RW pins on PTAD
    LDA     PTAD
    AND     #$FC
    STA     PTAD

    ; put RS an RW on PTAD
    LDA     lcd_data
    NSA
    AND     #$03
    ORA     PTAD
    STA     PTAD

    ; prep bus data
    LDA     lcd_data
    AND     #$0F
    STA     bus_data
    ; prep bus addr
    LDA     #$04
    STA     bus_addr
    ; write data to bus (and clock the addr)
    JSR     bus_write

;*** Wait for 40 us
    ; load address of SUB_delay_cnt
    LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

    ; configure loop delays: 0x00000A = 40 us
    LDA     #$00
    STA     2,X
    LDA     #$00
    STA     1,X
    LDA     #$0A
    STA     0,X

    ; jump to the delay loop
    JSR     SUB_delay

    ; restore HX register
    PULX
    PULH

    ; done
    RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_char
;* Description: Writes a character to the LCD.
;*               If lcd_col_idx is off of the first line, the
;*               LCD will be cleared and the new char will be
;*               written to the first column of row 0
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: Accu A
;* Exit Variables:
;*****
lcd_char:
    ; preserve registers
    PSHH
    PSHX

    ; save data
    STA     lcd_char_data

    ; write upper nibble
    NSA
    AND     #$0F
    ORA     #$20
    JSR     lcd_write

    ; write lower nibble
    LDA     lcd_char_data
    AND     #$0F
    ORA     #$20
    JSR     lcd_write

;*** Wait for 1 ms ***
    LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

    ; configure loop delays: 0x0000FA = 1 ms
    LDA     #$00
    STA     2,X
    LDA     #$00
    STA     1,X
    LDA     #$FA
    STA     0,X

    ; jump to the delay loop
    JSR     SUB_delay

    ; done
    PULX
    PULH
    RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_str
;* Description: Writes a 0x00 terminated string of bytes to
;*              the lcd, starting at the address in the HX
;*              register. Does not keep track of location
;*              on lcd.
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A, HX
;* Entry Variables: HX, A
;* Exit Variables: none
;*****
lcd_str:
                ; save str length
                STA      str_length

lcd_str_loop:
                ; get data
                LDA      0,X

                ; write data to lcd
                JSR      lcd_char

                ; increament lower byte X
                PSHX
                PULA
                ADD      #01
                PSHA
                PULX

                ; increment upper byte H
                PSHH
                PULA
                ADC      #$00
                PSHA
                PULH

                ; decrement str_length
                LDA      str_length
                DECA
                STA      str_length

                ; repeat if length != 0
                BNE      lcd_str_loop

lcd_str_done:

                RTS

;*****

```



```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_num_to_char
;* Description: Takes a number in Accu A and converts it to the
;*              ASCII representation of that number. Only works
;*              for lower for bits of Accu A.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None.
;* Entry Variables: Accu A
;* Exit Variables: Accu A
;*****
lcd_num_to_char:
        ; Add 0x30
        ADD        #$30
        RTS

;*****

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_clear
;* Description: Sends the clear command to the lcd and waits
;*              for it to clear (20 ms).
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, HX
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
lcd_clear:

;*** Wait for 20 ms ***
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA        #$00
        STA        2,X
        LDA        #$13
        STA        1,X
        LDA        #$88
        STA        0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR        SUB_delay

        ; Send display clear command
        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write
        LDA        #$01
        JSR        lcd_write

;*** Wait for 20 ms ***
        LDHX #SUB_delay_cnt

        ; configure loop delays: 0x001388 = 20 ms
        LDA        #$00
        STA        2,X
        LDA        #$13
        STA        1,X
        LDA        #$88
        STA        0,X

        ; jump to the delay loop
        JSR        SUB_delay

```

```

        ; done
        RTS

;*****

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_goto_addr
;* Description: Commands the LCD to put the cursor at the
;*              location given in Accu A.
;*
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, HX
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
lcd_goto_addr:

        ; store addr
        STA        lcd_addr

        ; write upper nibble
        NSA
        AND        #$0F
        JSR        lcd_write

        ; write lower nibble
        LDA        lcd_addr
        AND        #$0F
        JSR        lcd_write

        RTS

;*****

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_goto_row0
;* Description: Commands the LCD to put the cursor at colum 0
;*              of row 0.
;*
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, HX
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
lcd_goto_row0:

        ; go back to first column and row of LCD
        LDA        #$08
        JSR        lcd_write
        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write

        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: lcd_goto_row1
;* Description: Commands the LCD to put the cursor at colum 0
;*              of row 1.
;*
;* Registers Modified: A, HX
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
lcd_goto_row1:

        ; go back to first column and row of LCD
        LDA        #$0C
        JSR        lcd_write
        LDA        #$00
        JSR        lcd_write

        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      led.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-04
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines for controlling the
;*                      DFF-driven LEDs.
;*
;*****

; EQU statements


; Include derivative-specific definitions
      INCLUDE 'MC9S08QG8.inc'

; export symbols
      XDEF led_write, led_data

; import symbols
      XREF bus_read, bus_write, bus_addr, bus_data


; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

           led_data:          DS.B 1      ; 8 bit value for the 8 LEDs


; code section
MyCode:      SECTION

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: led_write
;* Description: Writes the 8 bits of led_data two the 8 LEDs
;*              on the DFFs at address 0 and 1 on the bus
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: led_data
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
led_write:
                ; preserve accumulator A
                PSHA

;*** write lower nibble LEDs ***
                ; set the address
                LDA    #$00
                STA    bus_addr

                ; set the data
                LDA    led_data
                AND    #$0F
                STA    bus_data

                ; write the data
                JSR    bus_write

;*** write upper nibble LEDs ***
                ; set the address
                LDA    #$01
                STA    bus_addr

                ; set the data
                LDA    led_data
                NSA
                AND    #$0F
                STA    bus_data

                ; write the data
                JSR    bus_write

;*** done ***
                ; restore accumulator A
                PULA
                RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* File Name      :      rtc_driver.asm
;* Author Names   :      Matthew Handley
;* Date          :      2014-03-27
;* Description    :      Contains subroutines talking to a DS1337
;*                  :      Real Time Clock, using i2c_driver.asm
;*
;*****

; EQU statements

RTC_ADDR_W      EQU $D0      ; Slave address to write to RTC
RTC_ADDR_R      EQU $D1      ; Slave address to read from RTC
RTC_REG_SEC     EQU $00      ; register address of the seconds register

; Include derivative-specific definitions
INCLUDE 'MC9S08QG8.inc'

; export symbols
XDEF rtc_init, rtc_set_time, rtc_get_time, rtc_display_data,
rtc_prompt_time
XDEF Sec, Min, Hour, Date, Month, Year

; import symbols
XREF i2c_init, i2c_start, i2c_stop, i2c_tx_byte, i2c_rx_byte

XREF lcd_init, lcd_write, lcd_char, lcd_str, lcd_num_to_char,
lcd_clear, lcd_goto_addr, lcd_goto_row0, lcd_goto_row1
XREF lcd_data, lcd_char_data, lcd_col_idx

XREF keypad_get_keypress

; variable/data section
MY_ZEROPAGE: SECTION SHORT

        Sec:                      DS.B 2
        Min:                      DS.B 2
        Hour:                    DS.B 2
        Date:                    DS.B 2
        Month:                   DS.B 2
        Year:                    DS.B 2

        Byte_counter:            DS.B 1

MY_CONST: SECTION
; Constant Values and Tables Section

        str_date:                 DC.B "Date is "
        str_date_length:          DC.B 8
        str_time:                 DC.B "Time is "
        str_time_length:          DC.B 8

        str_prompt_row0:          DC.B "Set   : MM/DD/YY"
        str_prompt_row0_length:   DC.B 16
        str_prompt_row1:          DC.B "Clock : HH:MM:SS"
        str_prompt_row1_length:   DC.B 16

; code section
MyCode: SECTION

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: rtc_init
;* Description: Initilizes the RTC driver.
;*
;* Registers Modified: None
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
rtc_init:

        ; load data into time vars
        MOV     #$00, Sec+0
        MOV     #$00, Sec+1

        MOV     #$05, Min+0
        MOV     #$03, Min+1

        MOV     #$00, Hour+0
        MOV     #$09, Hour+1

        MOV     #$00, Date+0
        MOV     #$01, Date+1

        MOV     #$00, Month+0
        MOV     #$04, Month+1

        MOV     #$01, Year+0
        MOV     #$04, Year+1

        ; set the time
        JSR     rtc_set_time

        RTS

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: rtc_set_time
;* Description: Set the RTC with the current time in the Sec,
;*             Min, etc var values
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****

```

rtc_set_time:

```

    ; start condition
    JSR      i2c_start

    ; send rtc write addr
    LDA      #RTC_ADDR_W
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send register address
    LDA      #RTC_REG_SEC
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send seconds data
    LDA      Sec+0
    NSA
    AND      #$70
    ORA      Sec+1
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send minutes data
    LDA      Min+0
    NSA
    AND      #$70
    ORA      Min+1
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send hours data
    LDA      Hour+0
    NSA
    AND      #$30
    ORA      Hour+1
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send day of week (not used)
    LDA      #$01
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send date data
    LDA      Date+0
    NSA
    AND      #$30
    ORA      Date+1
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

    ; send month data
    LDA      Month+0
    NSA
    AND      #$10
    ORA      #$80          ; set century bit
    ORA      Month+1
    JSR      i2c_tx_byte

```



```
; send year data
LDA      Year+0
NSA
AND      #$F0
ORA      Year+1
JSR      i2c_tx_byte

; send stop condition
JSR      i2c_stop
```

```
;*****
```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: rtc_get_time
;* Description: Get the RTC time and save to vars
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****
rtc_get_time:

        ; start condition
        JSR      i2c_start

        ; send rtc write addr
        LDA      #RTC_ADDR_W
        JSR      i2c_tx_byte

        ; send register address
        LDA      #RTC_REG_SEC
        JSR      i2c_tx_byte

        ; stop condition
        JSR      i2c_stop

        ; set byte counter to 6
        MOV      #$06, Byte_counter

        ; start condition
        JSR      i2c_start

        ; send rtc read addr
        LDA      #RTC_ADDR_R
        JSR      i2c_tx_byte

        ; read seconds data
        LDA      #$01                                ; ack the byte
        JSR      i2c_rx_byte
        STA      Sec+1
        NSA
        STA      Sec+0

        ; read minutes data
        LDA      #$01                                ; ack the byte
        JSR      i2c_rx_byte
        STA      Min+1
        NSA
        STA      Min+0

        ; read hours data
        LDA      #$01                                ; ack the byte
        JSR      i2c_rx_byte
        STA      Hour+1
        NSA
        STA      Hour+0

        ; read day of week data
        LDA      #$01                                ; ack the byte
        JSR      i2c_rx_byte
        ; we don't care about this

        ; read date data

```

```

LDA      #$01                ; ack the byte
JSR      i2c_rx_byte
STA      Date+1
NSA
STA      Date+0

; read month data
LDA      #$01                ; ack the byte
JSR      i2c_rx_byte
STA      Month+1
NSA
STA      Month+0

; read Year data
LDA      #$00                ; nack the byte
JSR      i2c_rx_byte
STA      Year+1
NSA
STA      Year+0

; stop condition
JSR      i2c_stop

; mask off the recieved data
JSR      rtc_mask_data

RTS

```

```

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: rtc_display_data
;* Description: Takes the data in the Sec, Min, etc vars and
;*              writes it to the lcd.
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****

```

rtc_display_data:

```

    ; clear the lcd
    JSR    lcd_clear

    ; goto top row
    JSR    lcd_goto_row0

    ; write header
    LDHX   #str_date
    LDA    str_date_length
    JSR    lcd_str

    ; write month
    LDA    Month+0
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    LDA    Month+1
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    ; write '/'
    LDA    #'/'
    JSR    lcd_char

    ; write Date
    LDA    Date+0
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    LDA    Date+1
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    ; write '/'
    LDA    #'/'
    JSR    lcd_char

    ; write Year
    LDA    Year+0
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    LDA    Year+1
    JSR    lcd_num_to_char
    JSR    lcd_char

    ; goto second row on lcd
    JSR    lcd_goto_row1

    ; write header
    LDHX   #str_time

```

```

LDA      str_time_length
JSR      lcd_str

; write hour
LDA      Hour+0
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

LDA      Hour+1
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

; write ':'
LDA      #':'
JSR      lcd_char

; write minute
LDA      Min+0
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

LDA      Min+1
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

; write ':'
LDA      #':'
JSR      lcd_char

; write minute
LDA      Sec+0
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

LDA      Sec+1
JSR      lcd_num_to_char
JSR      lcd_char

; done
RTS

```

```

;*****

```

```

;*****
;* Subroutine Name: rtc_mask_data
;* Description: Takes the raw register values recieved in the
;*              Sec, Min, etc vars and masks off the data we
;*              want.
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****

```

rtc_mask_data:

```

    ; Seconds
    LDA    Sec+0
    AND    #$07
    STA    Sec+0

    LDA    Sec+1
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Sec+1

    ; Minutes
    LDA    Min+0
    AND    #$07
    STA    Min+0

    LDA    Min+1
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Min+1

    ; Hours
    LDA    Hour+0
    AND    #$03
    STA    Hour+0

    LDA    Hour+1
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Hour+1

    ; Date
    LDA    Date+0
    AND    #$03
    STA    Date+0

    LDA    Date+1
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Date+1

    ; Month
    LDA    Month+0
    AND    #$01
    STA    Month+0

    LDA    Month+1
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Month+1

    ; Year
    LDA    Year+0
    AND    #$0F
    STA    Year+0

```

```

LDA      Year+1
AND      #$0F
STA      Year+1

; done
RTS

```

```

;*****

```

```

;*****

```

```

;* Subroutine Name: rtc_prompt_time
;* Description: Prompts the user to enter a date and time on
;*              the LCD with the keypad, and saves the
;*              user-entered time into the Sec, Min, etc vars.
;*
;* Registers Modified: Accu A
;* Entry Variables: None
;* Exit Variables: None
;*****

```

```

rtc_prompt_time:

```

```

;*** write prompt to display

; clear the lcd
JSR    lcd_clear

; goto top row
JSR    lcd_goto_row0

; write header
LDHX   #str_prompt_row0
LDA     str_prompt_row0_length
JSR     lcd_str

; goto bottom row
JSR     lcd_goto_row1

; write header
LDHX   #str_prompt_row1
LDA     str_prompt_row1_length
JSR     lcd_str

; goto MM address
LDA     #$88
JSR     lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Month+0
JSR     keypad_get_keypress
STA     Month+0

; prompt for Month+1
JSR     keypad_get_keypress
STA     Month+1

; goto DD address
LDA     #$8B
JSR     lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Date+0
JSR     keypad_get_keypress

```

```

STA          Date+0

; prompt for Date+1
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Date+1

; goto YY address
LDA          #$8E
JSR          lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Year+0
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Year+0

; prompt for Year+1
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Year+1

; goto HH address
LDA          #$C8
JSR          lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Hour+0
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Hour+0

; prompt for Hour+1
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Hour+1

; goto MM address
LDA          #$CB
JSR          lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Min+0
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Min+0

; prompt for Min+1
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Min+1

; goto SS address
LDA          #$CE
JSR          lcd_goto_addr

; prompt for Sec+0
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Sec+0

; prompt for Sec+1
JSR          keypad_get_keypress
STA          Sec+1

; done
RTS

```

```

; *****

```