

```
> inspect(SortedRules_lift[1:20])
```

	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	coverage	lift	count
[1]	{mainland}	=> {fresh}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[2]	{mainland}	=> {roast}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[3]	{fresh}	=> {roast}	0.2352941	1	0.2352941	4.25	4
[4]	{roast}	=> {fresh}	0.2352941	1	0.2352941	4.25	4
[5]	{fresh,mainland}	=> {roast}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[6]	{mainland,roast}	=> {fresh}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[7]	{dear,mainland}	=> {fresh}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[8]	{lover,mainland}	=> {fresh}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[9]	{coffee,mainland}	=> {fresh}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3
[10]	{dear,mainland}	=> {roast}	0.1764706	1	0.1764706	4.25	3

Introduction to Association Rule Mining (ARM)

-and -

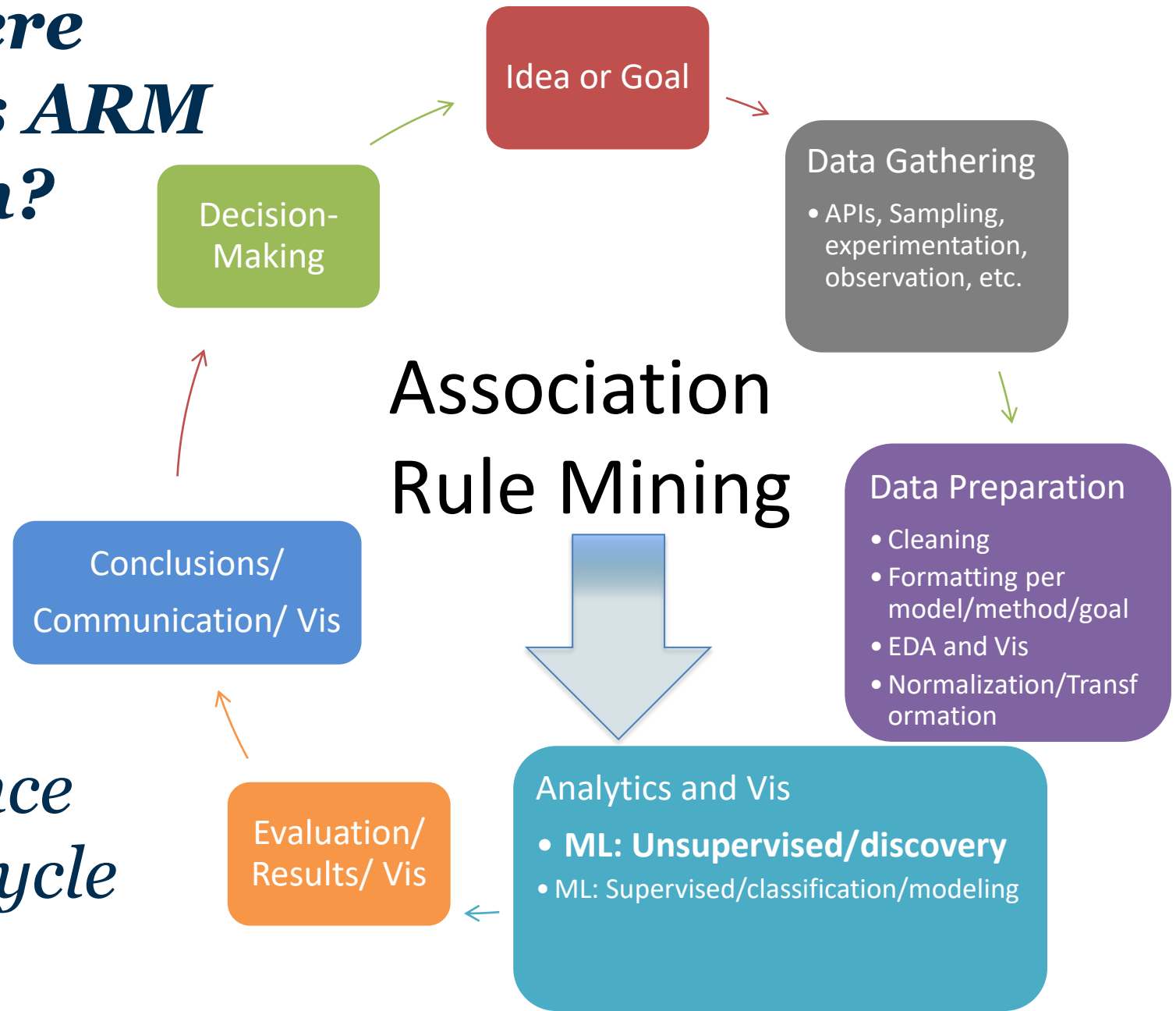
Thinking Outside the Basket with Twitter

Dr. Ami Gates, Director
Data Science and Analytics
Georgetown



*Where
does ARM
fit in?*

*Data
Science
Lifecycle*



What is Association Rule Mining (ARM)

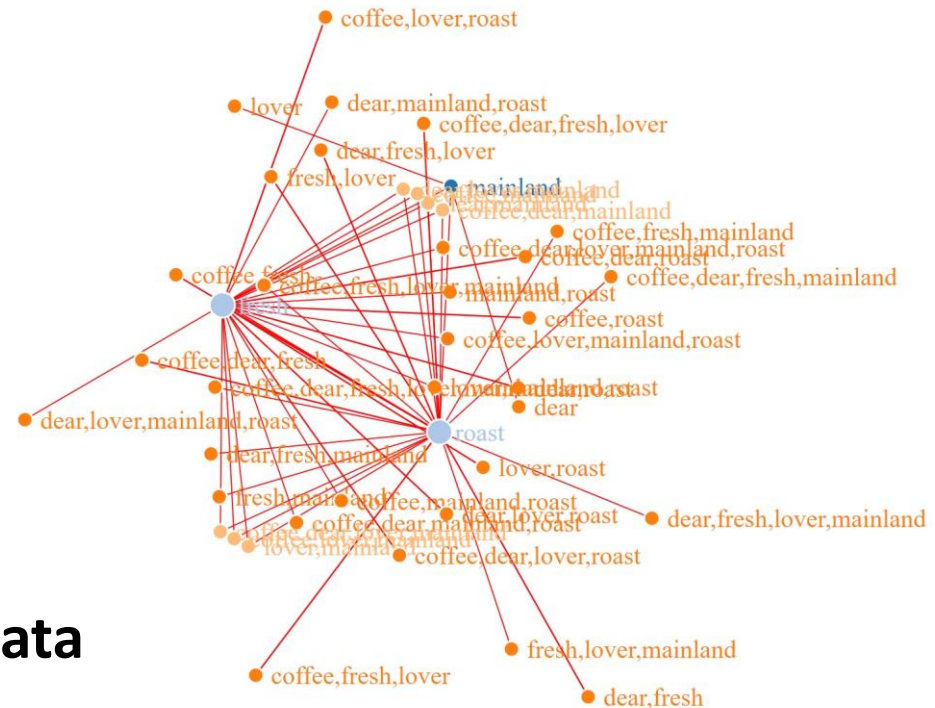
Unsupervised Learning – no labels – discovery

Evaluates “**transactions**” for correlations/associations.

Most common example:
Market Basket (Kumar, 2008)

Many applications, including....

- Image identification
- Text Analytics: like **Twitter data**
- Click streams
- Bio data – binding sites, AA's in proteins





Thinking About ARM (with Tweets and Coffee)



#coffee

Tweet 1:

The **coffee festival** was **delicious**. **Loved** it. Coffee **good**.

Tweet 2:

Coffee is **good** with **soymilk**. **Go** to the **Festival**.

Tweet 3:

The **coffee festival** had **soymilk**, **almond**, and **coconut creamers**. **Delicious! Go!**

Convert to Transaction Data

coffee	festival	delicious	Love	good			
coffee	good	soymilk	go	festival			
coffee	festival	soymilk	almond	coconut	creamer	delicious	go

Where else can we find associations?

- 1) Reviews – patient, purchase, people, movie, book, etc.
- 2) Documents – speeches, novels
- 3) Articles – journal papers, news
- 4) Social Posts – Twitter, FB, etc.
- 5) Click Streams

Applications and Visual Options

- 1) Networks – how are things related?
- 2) Sentiment
- 3) Topic Modeling
- 4) Purchase preferences
- 5) Product placement/suggestion

Example 1

The Rules

<i>TID</i>	<i>Items</i>
1	Bread, Coke, Milk
2	Beer, Bread
3	Beer, Coke, Diaper, Milk
4	Beer, Bread, Diaper, Milk
5	Coke, Diaper, Milk

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{Diapers} \rightarrow {Beer}

{Milk, Bread} \rightarrow {Coke}

{Milk, Bread} \rightarrow {Coke, Diaper}

{Diapers} \rightarrow {Beer, Bread}

**** Association (like correlation) is a measure of co-occurrence NOT causality.**

The Measures:

Support, Confidence, Lift

Let A and B be sets and assume rule $A \rightarrow B$

(Remember, A and B are sets of zero or more items/words)

1) Support:

$$\text{Sup}(A, B) = P(A, B)$$

[How often items in A and items in B occur together relative to all transactions.]

$$(\text{Count of A and B together}) / (\text{Total \# Trans})$$

2) Confidence:

$$\text{Conf}(A, B) = P(B | A) = P(A, B) / P(A)$$

[How often items in A and items in B occur together – relative to transactions that contain A]

$$(\text{Count of A and B together}) / (\text{Count of A})$$

Lift

For Rules $A \rightarrow B$

$$\text{Lift}(A, B) = \mathbf{P(A, B)} / \mathbf{P(A)P(B)} = P(A \mid B) / P(A)$$

- 1) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) = 1$?
- 2) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) < 1$?
- 3) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) > 1$?

Lift

For Rules $A \rightarrow B$

$$\text{Lift}(A, B) = P(A, B) / P(A)P(B)$$

- 1) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) = 1$? **A and B are independent!**
- 2) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) < 1$?
- 3) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) > 1$?

Lift

For Rules $A \rightarrow B$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Lift}(A, B) &= P(A, B) / P(A)P(B) \\ &= P(A \mid B) P(B) / P(A) P(B) \\ &= P(A \mid B) / P(A)\end{aligned}$$

- 1) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) = 1$? **A and B are independent**
- 2) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) < 1$? **A and B are negatively correlated**
- 3) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) > 1$?

Lift

For Rules $A \rightarrow B$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Lift}(A, B) &= P(A, B) / P(A)P(B) \\ &= P(A \mid B) P(B) / P(A) P(B) \\ &= P(A \mid B) / P(A)\end{aligned}$$

- 1) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) = 1$? **A and B are independent**
- 2) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) < 1$? **A and B are negatively correlated**
- 3) What is true if $\text{Lift}(A, B) > 1$? **A and B are positively correlated**

We will consider only the rules with **Lift > 1** because we are looking for associations.

Quick Measure Examples

<i>TID</i>	<i>Items</i>
1	Bread, Coke, Milk
2	Beer, Bread
3	Beer, Coke, Diaper, Milk
4	Beer, Bread, Diaper, Milk
5	Coke, Diaper, Milk

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Given: **{Diaper} → {Beer}**

$$\text{Sup}(\{\text{Diaper}\}, \{\text{Beer}\}) = 2/5 = .40 = 40\%$$

$$\text{Conf}(\{\text{Diaper}\}, \{\text{Beer}\})$$

$$= P(\{\text{Diaper}\}, \{\text{Beer}\}) / P(\{\text{Diaper}\})$$

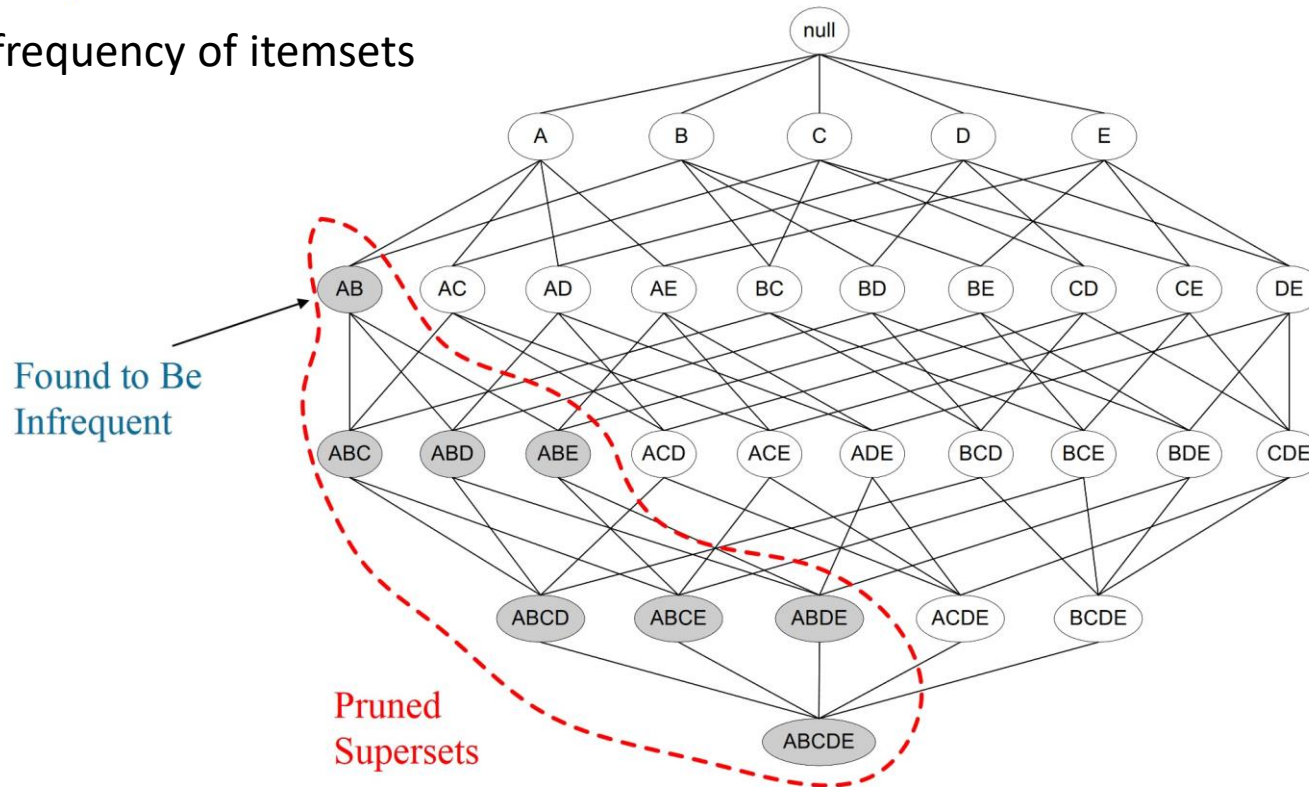
$$= (2/5) / (3/5) = 66.7\%$$

$$\text{Lift}(\{\text{Diaper}\}, \{\text{Beer}\}) = \text{Sup}(\{\text{Diaper}\}, \{\text{Beer}\}) / P(\{\text{Diaper}\}) * P(\{\text{Beer}\})$$

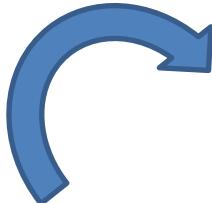
$$= (2/5) / (3/5) * (3/5) = 1.11$$

Quick Reminder: The apriori algorithm

Based on frequency of itemsets



Other Ways to Represent Transaction Data



TID	Items
1	Bread, Coke, Milk
2	Beer, Bread
3	Beer, Coke, Diaper, Milk
4	Beer, Bread, Diaper, Milk
5	Coke, Diaper, Milk

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```
> inspect(Foods)
  items transactionID
[1] {Bread,Coke,Milk}      1
[2] {Beer,Bread}          2
[3] {Beer,Coke,Diaper,Milk} 3
[4] {Beer,Bread,Diaper,Milk} 4
[5] {Coke,Diaper,Milk}     5
> |
```



1	Bread
1	Coke
1	Milk
2	Beer
2	Bread
3	Beer
3	Coke
3	Diaper
3	Milk
4	Beer
4	Bread
4	Diaper
4	Milk
5	Coke
5	Diaper
5	Milk

TID	Bread	Coke	Milk	Beer	Diaper
1	1	1	1	0	0
2	1	0	0	1	0
3	0	1	1	1	1
4	1	0	1	1	1
5	0	1	1	0	1

quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	
quinoa	soymilk	kale	tea	
quinoa	kale			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	
quinoa	soymilk	carrot	tea	
quinoa	kale			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	carrot
quinoa	soymilk	kale	tea	
quinoa	carrot			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	
quinoa	soymilk	kale	tea	
quinoa	carrot			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	carrot
quinoa	soymilk		tea	
quinoa	kale			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	
quinoa	soymilk	carrot		
quinoa	carrot			
quinoa	soymilk	coffee	chocloate	
quinoa	soymilk			

Transaction Data

Notice: It is not necessary to have a numbered transaction ID

Basic ARM R Code

```
library(arules)

Foods <- read.transactions("HealthyBasketData.csv",
                           rm.duplicates = FALSE,
                           format = "basket",
                           sep=";",
                           cols=NULL)

inspect(Foods)

rules <- arules::apriori(Foods, parameter = list(support=.2,
                                                  confidence=.2, minlen=2))
inspect(rules)

SortedRules <- sort(rules, by="confidence", decreasing=TRUE)
inspect(SortedRules[1:10])

SortedRulesL <- sort(rules, by="lift", decreasing=TRUE)
inspect(SortedRulesL[1:10])
```



```
> SortedRules <- sort(rules, by="confidence", decreasing=TRUE)
```

```
> inspect(SortedRules[1:10])
```

	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	lift	count
[1]	{kale}	=> {quinoa}	0.30	1	1.000000	6
[2]	{tea}	=> {soymilk}	0.25	1	1.428571	5
[3]	{tea}	=> {quinoa}	0.25	1	1.000000	5
[4]	{carrot}	=> {quinoa}	0.35	1	1.000000	7
[5]	{coffee}	=> {chocloate}	0.35	1	2.857143	7
[6]	{chocloate}	=> {coffee}	0.35	1	2.857143	7
[7]	{coffee}	=> {soymilk}	0.35	1	1.428571	7
[8]	{coffee}	=> {quinoa}	0.35	1	1.000000	7
[9]	{chocloate}	=> {soymilk}	0.35	1	1.428571	7
[10]	{chocloate}	=> {quinoa}	0.35	1	1.000000	7

```
>
```

```
> SortedRulesL <- sort(rules, by="lift", decreasing=TRUE)
```

```
> inspect(SortedRulesL[1:10])
```

	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	lift	count
[1]	{coffee}	=> {chocloate}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[2]	{chocloate}	=> {coffee}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[3]	{coffee,soymilk}	=> {chocloate}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[4]	{chocloate,soymilk}	=> {coffee}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[5]	{coffee,quinoa}	=> {chocloate}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[6]	{chocloate,quinoa}	=> {coffee}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[7]	{coffee,quinoa,soymilk}	=> {chocloate}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[8]	{chocloate,quinoa,soymilk}	=> {coffee}	0.35	1.0000000	2.857143	7
[9]	{tea}	=> {soymilk}	0.25	1.0000000	1.428571	5
[10]	{soymilk}	=> {tea}	0.25	0.3571429	1.428571	5

Read Two Common Formats

```
Foods <- read.transactions("KumarGroceriesTransData.csv",  
  rm.duplicates = FALSE,  
  format = "single", ##or basket  
  sep="," ,  
  skip=0,  
  cols=c(1,2) ## for single, 1 ID col , 2 is item  
  ## default is NULL for basket. Null means no IDs  
)  
arules::inspect(Foods)
```

```
Foods2 <- read.transactions("KumarGroceriesTransData_ASTRANS.csv",  
  rm.duplicates = FALSE,  
  format = "basket",  
  sep="," ,  
  cols=1 ##ID in col 1 if no ID then cols=NULL  
)  
arules::inspect(Foods2)
```

Thinking Outside the Basket

Twitter Data

- 1) Will need to create a “**document of transactions**” – one for each Tweet.
- 2) **** Each row is a Tweet.**
- 3) Each column is a word (token) in that Tweet.
- 4) Order does not matter.
- 5) No duplicates

R Association Rules and Twitter: libraries

```
library(arules)
library(rtweet)
library(twitterR)
library(ROAuth)
library(jsonlite)
#library(streamR)
library(rjson)
library(tokenizers)
library(tidyverse)
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
#install.packages("syuzhet")
## sentiment analysis
library(syuzhet)
library(stringr)
library(arulesViz) ## load last
```

Trouble with arulesViz?

```
## FIRST - you MUST register and log into github
## install_github("mhahsler/arulesViz")
## RE: https://github.com/mhahsler/arulesViz
```

```
## Trouble with arules not working suddenly
## detach("package:arules", unload=TRUE)
## library("arules")
```

Set Up Twitter Dev Account First

<https://developer.twitter.com/en/portal/apps>

The screenshot shows the Twitter Developer Portal interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with the Twitter logo and the text "Developer Portal". Below this are links for "Dashboard", "Projects & Apps" (with a sub-link "Overview"), and "STANDALONE APPS". The "GatesTwitterMining" app is selected, and below it are "Products" (with a "NEW" badge) and "Account". The main content area has a browser address bar at the top showing the URL "https://developer.twitter.com/en/portal/apps/13500791/settings". Below the address bar, a red box highlights the URL, with an arrow pointing to it and text: "URL and you will need to get a Twitter Developer Account and read and follow instructions in the Portal, etc." To the right of this, another red box highlights the "Keys and tokens" tab, with an arrow pointing to it and text: "Get all 4 passcodes....". Below these, a red box highlights the "App Details" section, with an arrow pointing to it and text: "You will need to Create a new App. Mine is called GatesTwitterMining". The "App Details" section shows the app name "GatesTwitterMining" and the app icon, which is a blue Twitter bird inside a gear. The "APP ID" field is partially visible at the bottom.

Developer Portal

Dashboard

Projects & Apps

Overview

STANDALONE APPS

GatesTwitterMining

Products **NEW**

Account

https://developer.twitter.com/en/portal/apps/13500791/settings

Docs ▾ Corr

Get all 4 passcodes....

GatesTwitterMining

Settings **Keys and tokens**

App Details Edit

NAME
GatesTwitterMining

APP ICON

APP ID

R Twitter Options

```
##### Using twittR #####  
setup_twitter_oauth(consumerKey,consumerSecret,access_Token,access_Secret)  
  
Search<-twitterR::searchTwitter("#ILoveChocolate",n=100,since="2018-09-09")  
(Search_DF <- twListToDF(Search))  
TransactionTweetsFile = "Choc.csv"
```


1 The other day I woke up craving chocolate cupcakes. Today I'm craving @HersheyCompany chocolate bars. think the u... <https://t.co/NtGH4eaSRC>

2 WHO SAID "CHOCOLATE"? \n_____ \n#feed #feedsmartfood #honey #we
ovechocolate... <https://t.co/DzzmvJlKEH>

3 @ClaireValy @LowngSnake @firebox #ILOVECHOCO

4 #HealthTips #momlife #sahmlife #toddlers #ilovechocolate #homeschoolmom #bethechange #
oingitformygirls #fitmom #feeltheburn

5 RT @Kelly_Hawrylysh: #Fairtrade sourcing needed more than ever to avoid chocapocalypse!!! <https://t.co/dbxw3eQfTc> #SDG12 @FairtradeAfrica...

6 RT @Kelly_Hawrylysh: #Fairtrade sourcing needed more than ever to avoid chocapocalypse!!! <https://t.co/dbxw3eQfTc> #SDG12 @FairtradeAfrica

	favorited	favoriteCount	replyToSN	created	truncated	replyToSID
1	FALSE	0	<NA>	2018-09-27 12:12:52	TRUE	<NA>
2	FALSE	0	<NA>	2018-09-27 10:51:42	TRUE	<NA>
3	FALSE	0	claireValy	2018-09-27 00:45:43	FALSE	1044897146326208513
4	FALSE	0	templin_katie	2018-09-26 19:49:55	FALSE	1045037612388536321
5	FALSE	0	<NA>	2018-09-26 16:24:22	FALSE	<NA>
6	FALSE	0	<NA>	2018-09-26 16:23:42	FALSE	<NA>

	id	replyToUID
1	1045285140505735169	<NA>
2	1045264712118734848	<NA>
3	1045112213915226113	2878148959
4	1045037771050618881	1035584652722036736
5	1044986045975220224	<NA>
6	1044985877456392194	<NA>

```

statusSource
1 <a href="http://twitter.com/download/android" rel="nofollow">Twitter for Android</a>
2         <a href="http://instagram.com" rel="nofollow">Instagram</a>
3         <a href="http://twitter.com" rel="nofollow">Twitter Web Client</a>
4 <a href="http://twitter.com/download/iphone" rel="nofollow">Twitter for iPhone</a>
5 <a href="http://twitter.com/download/android" rel="nofollow">Twitter for Android</a>
6 <a href="http://twitter.com/download/android" rel="nofollow">Twitter for Android</a>

```

	screenName	retweetCount	isRetweet	retweeted	longitude	latitude
1	RachelTBue	0	FALSE	FALSE	<NA>	<NA>
2	Niklaus_R	0	FALSE	FALSE	4.35008	50.845
3	saminaseem16	0	FALSE	FALSE	<NA>	<NA>

Build the Transaction File: Step 1

- 1) Each tweet should be one transaction.
- 2) Each word (token) in the tweet should be in its own column.

```
> (Search_DF$text[1])
```

```
[1] "The other day I woke up craving chocolate cupcakes. Today I'm craving @HersheyCompany chocolate bars. I think the u... https://t.co/NtGH4eaSRc"
```


Build The Transaction File: Step 2

```
## Start the file
Trans <- file(TransactionTweetsFile)
## Tokenize to words
Tokens<-tokenizers::tokenize_words(Search_DF$text[1],stopwords = stopwords::stopwords("en"),
                                   lowercase = TRUE, strip_punct = TRUE, strip_numeric = TRUE,simplify = TRUE)
## Write squished tokens
cat(unlist(str_squish(Tokens)), "\n", file=Trans, sep=",")
close(Trans)

## Append remaining lists of tokens into file
## Recall - a list of tokens is the set of words from a Tweet
Trans <- file(TransactionTweetsFile, open = "a")
for(i in 2:nrow(Search_DF)){
  Tokens<-tokenize_words(Search_DF$text[i],stopwords = stopwords::stopwords("en"),
                        lowercase = TRUE, strip_punct = TRUE, simplify = TRUE)
  cat(unlist(str_squish(Tokens)), "\n", file=Trans, sep=",")
}
close(Trans)
```

(Opened with Excel)

[illegible]

Read and Inspect the Transactions

```
##### Read in the tweet transactions
TweetTrans <- read.transactions(TransactionTweetsFile,
                                rm.duplicates = FALSE,
                                format = "basket",
                                sep=","
                                ## cols =
                                )

inspect(TweetTrans)
## See the words that occur the most
Sample_Trans <- sample(TweetTrans, 50)
summary(Sample_Trans)
```

most frequent items:

https
35

t.co
35

chocolate ilovechocolate
25 23

rt
9

[59] {1,
along,
box,
chocolates,
days,
domme,
findom,
finsub,
godiva,
ilovechocolate,
pay,
send}

[60] {chocolate,
delicious,
food,
foodporn,
https,
instafood,
introducing,
love,
mango,
marzipan,
sweets,
t.co,
truffles,
u17wpqhxxh,
yummy}

Transaction Sets and Summary

Clean Up

```
## Read the transactions data into a dataframe
```

```
TweetDF <- read.csv(TransactionTweetsFile, header = FALSE, sep = ",")
head(TweetDF)
```

```
> TweetDF <- read.csv(TransactionTweetsFile, header = FALSE, sep = ",")
> head(TweetDF)
```

	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5		V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V11	V12	V13
1	day	woke	craving	chocolate	cupcakes		today	craving	hersheycompany	chocolate	bars	think	u	https
2	said	chocolate		feed	feedsmartfood		honey	welovechocolate	https	t.co	dzzmvjlkeh			
3	clairevaly	lowngsnake	firebox	ilovechocolate	love		chocolate	much						
4	healthtips	momlife	sahmlife	toddlers	ilovechocolate		homeschoolmom	bethechange	doingitformygirls	fitmom	feeltheburn			
5	rt kelly_hawrylysh		fairtrade	sourcing	needed		ever	avoid	chocapocalypse	https	t.co	dbxw3eqftc	sdg12	fairtradeafrica
6	rt kelly_hawrylysh		fairtrade	sourcing	needed		ever	avoid	chocapocalypse	https	t.co	dbxw3eqftc	sdg12	fairtradeafrica

most frequent items:

https	t.co	chocolate	ilovechocolate	rt
35	35	25	23	9

Specifically Remove Words

```
## Convert all columns to char
TweetDF<-TweetDF %>%
  mutate_all(as.character)
(str(TweetDF))
# We can now remove certain words
TweetDF[TweetDF == "t.co"] <- ""
TweetDF[TweetDF == "rt"] <- ""
TweetDF[TweetDF == "http"] <- ""
TweetDF[TweetDF == "https"] <- ""

## Clean with grepl - every row in each column
MyDF<-NULL
for (i in 1:ncol(TweetDF)){
  MyList=c() # each list is a column of logicals ...
  MyList=c(MyList,grepl("[[:digit:]]", TweetDF[[i]]))
  MyDF<-cbind(MyDF,MyList) ## create a logical DF
  ## TRUE is when a cell has a word that contains digits
}
## For all TRUE, replace with blank
TweetDF[MyDF] <- ""
(TweetDF)
```

```

## Clean with grep1 - every row in each column
MyDF<-NULL
MyDF2<-NULL
MyDF3<-NULL
for (i in 1:ncol(TweetDF)){
  MyList=c() # each list is a column of logicals ...
  MyList=c(MyList,grep1("[[:digit:]]", TweetDF[[i]]))

  MyList2=c()## for small words
  MyList2=c(MyList2,grep1("[A-z]{4,}", TweetDF[[i]]))

  MyList3=c()## for large words
  MyList3=c(MyList3,grep1("[A-z]{12,}", TweetDF[[i]]))

  MyDF<-cbind(MyDF,MyList) ## create a logical DF
  MyDF2<-cbind(MyDF2,MyList2)
  MyDF3<-cbind(MyDF3,MyList3)
}
## For all TRUE, replace with blank
TweetDF[MyDF] <- ""
TweetDF[!MyDF2] <- ""
TweetDF[MyDF3] <- ""
(head(TweetDF,10))

```

Our Transactions

	v1	v2	v3	v4	v5	v6	v7	v8	v9
1	looking	healthy	food	swaps				eat	healthy
2			dates	stuffed	roasted	almonds	dipped	chocolate	weekend
3	dates	stuffed	roasted	almonds	dipped	chocolate	weekend	indulgences	giftbox
4		reese's	cups	mini's	they're	half	calories	regular	ones
5		cuando		aburre		helado		vainilla	tenemos
6	bigass	chocolate	happydiwali	corporate	tings	bigting			africa
7		birthday	cake	chocolate	orange	shared	friends		
8	doubt		chocolate	person	tries	make	move	chocolate	
9	another	great	gift	idea	just	love	bottles	come	
10									

[illegible]

Association Rule Mining

```
[70] {chocolate,  
      delicious,  
      food,  
      foodporn,  
      instafood,  
      introducing,  
      love,  
      mango,  
      marzipan,  
      sweets,  
      truffles,  
      yummy}  
[71] {bali's,  
      big,  
      check,  
      chocolatiers,  
      ilovechocolate,  
      six,  
      theyakmag,  
      theyakmagazine,  
      yak}
```



Example cleaner tweets as individual transactions.

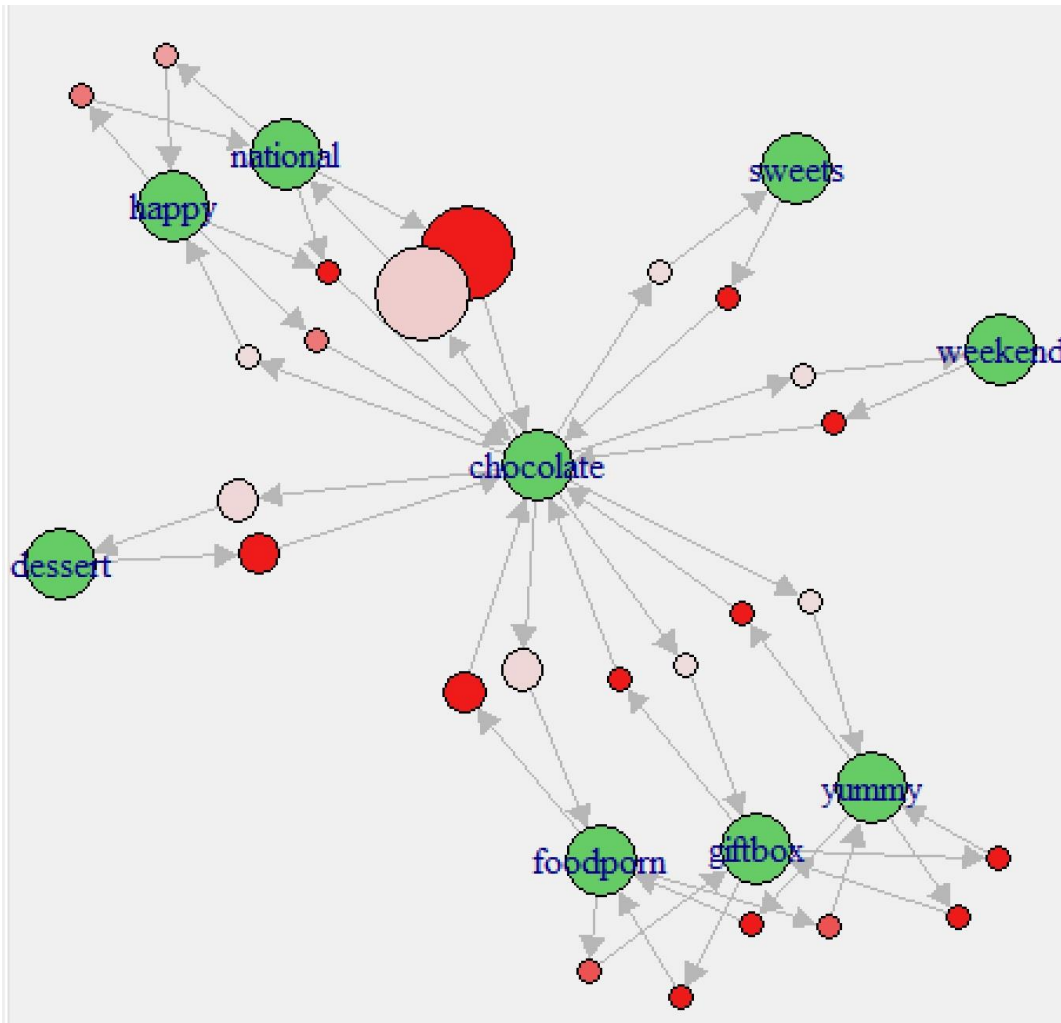
```
TweetTrans_rules = arules::apriori(TweetTrans,  
                                   parameter = list(support=.0001, confidence=.0001, minlen=2, maxlen=6))  
                                   #minlen=2, maxtime=10))  
inspect(TweetTrans_rules[1:30])  
## sorted  
SortedRules_sup <- sort(TweetTrans_rules, by="support", decreasing=TRUE)  
inspect(SortedRules_sup[1:20])
```

```
> inspect(SortedRules_sup[1:20])
```

	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	lift	count
[1]	{national}	=> {chocolate}	0.11267606	1.00000000	1.731707	8
[2]	{chocolate}	=> {national}	0.11267606	0.19512195	1.731707	8
[3]	{dessert}	=> {chocolate}	0.07042254	1.00000000	1.731707	5
[4]	{chocolate}	=> {dessert}	0.07042254	0.12195122	1.731707	5
[5]	{foodporn}	=> {chocolate}	0.07042254	1.00000000	1.731707	5
[6]	{chocolate}	=> {foodporn}	0.07042254	0.12195122	1.731707	5
[7]	{happy}	=> {national}	0.05633803	0.66666667	5.916667	4
[8]	{national}	=> {happy}	0.05633803	0.50000000	5.916667	4
[9]	{happy}	=> {chocolate}	0.05633803	0.66666667	1.154472	4
[10]	{chocolate}	=> {happy}	0.05633803	0.09756098	1.154472	4
[11]	{weekend}	=> {chocolate}	0.05633803	1.00000000	1.731707	4
[12]	{chocolate}	=> {weekend}	0.05633803	0.09756098	1.731707	4
[13]	{sweets}	=> {chocolate}	0.05633803	1.00000000	1.731707	4
[14]	{chocolate}	=> {sweets}	0.05633803	0.09756098	1.731707	4
[15]	{giftbox}	=> {yummy}	0.05633803	1.00000000	17.750000	4
[16]	{yummy}	=> {giftbox}	0.05633803	1.00000000	17.750000	4
[17]	{giftbox}	=> {foodporn}	0.05633803	1.00000000	14.200000	4
[18]	{foodporn}	=> {giftbox}	0.05633803	0.80000000	14.200000	4
[19]	{giftbox}	=> {chocolate}	0.05633803	1.00000000	1.731707	4
[20]	{chocolate}	=> {giftbox}	0.05633803	0.09756098	1.731707	4

A Quick Plot

```
library(arulesViz)
SortedRules_sup <- sort(TweetTrans_rules, by="support", decreasing=TRUE)
inspect(SortedRules_sup[1:20])
plot (SortedRules_sup[1:25],method="graph",engine='interactive',shading="confidence")
```



Size: support
Color (dark=higher): conf

