Was the basis of Moneyball Correct?

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Abstract

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Introduction

In 2003, Michael Lewis released a book called Moneyball.¹ Moneyball is the story of the Oakland Athletics who, after losing players to the richer teams in the league, decided to focus on using the misfits of baseball to try to win a World Series. These "misfits" were players who never received support from teams because their traditional stats didn't look good but they excelled in the stats that mattered.

This data analysis was conducted using R (R Core Team (2019)), and in particular the packages Tidyverse (Wickham et al. (2019)) and Lahman (Friendly et al. (2020)) and was compiled using R markdown (Xie, Allaire, and Grolemund (2018)).

Data

Model

```
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = playoffs ~ HR + ERA + `Est. Payroll`, family = binomial(),
       data = all_years)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                 10
                     Median
                                   30
                                           Max
           -0.5674 -0.3114 -0.0942
  -2.1115
                                        2.8845
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                             5.276e-01
                                          9.392 < 2e-16 ***
                   4.955e+00
## HR.
                   2.415e-02
                              1.925e-03
                                       12.549
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## ERA
                  -2.645e+00
                             1.630e-01 -16.229
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## `Est. Payroll`
                  8.371e-09 1.407e-09
                                          5.949 2.69e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

 $^{^{1}}$ Moneyball was actually part of the reason I decided to get into statistics. Applying baseball with numbers seemed like an absolute win to me

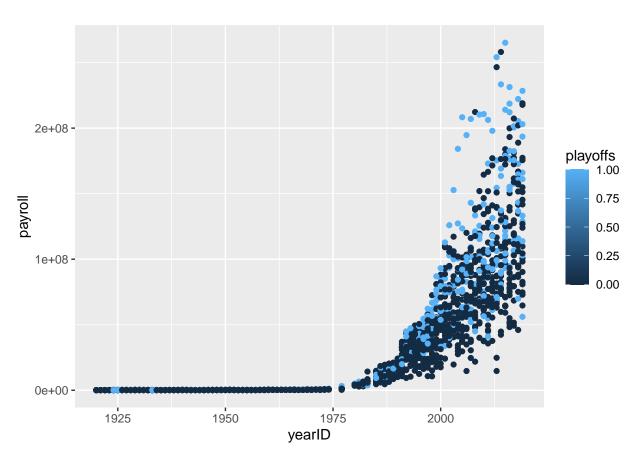


Figure 1: The increase in Payroll over the Years

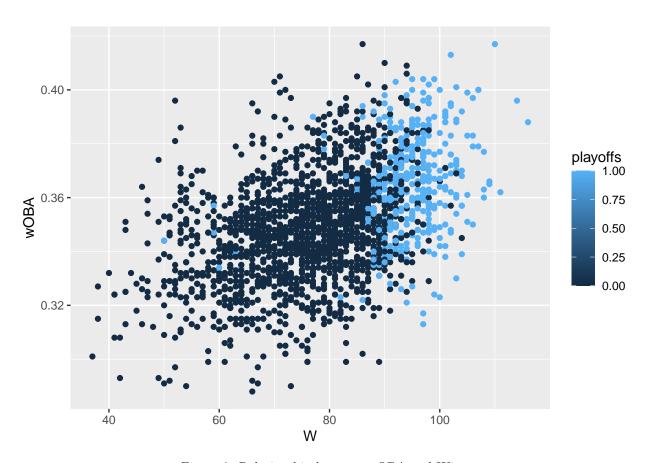


Figure 2: Relationship between wOBA and Wins

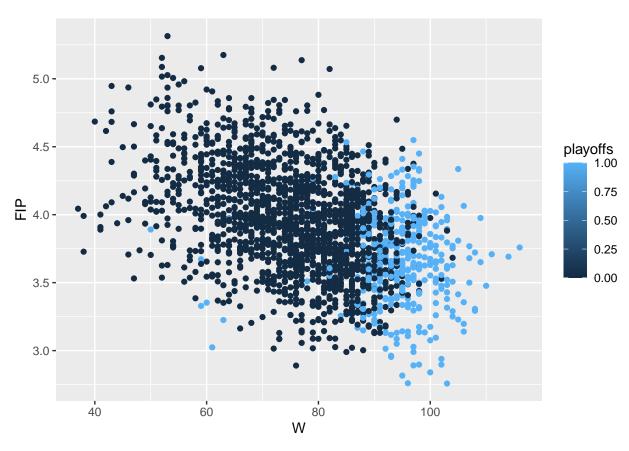


Figure 3: Relationship between FIP and Wins

```
##
## Null deviance: 2037.6 on 2095 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1447.4 on 2092 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1455.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

Discussion

Weaknesses and Next Steps

References

Friendly, Michael, Chris Dalzell, Martin Monkman, and Dennis Murphy. 2020. Lahman: Sean 'Lahman' Baseball Database. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=Lahman.

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Wickham, Hadley, Mara Averick, Jennifer Bryan, Winston Chang, Lucy D'Agostino McGowan, Romain François, Garrett Grolemund, et al. 2019. "Welcome to the tidyverse." *Journal of Open Source Software* 4 (43): 1686. https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01686.

Xie, Yihui, J.J. Allaire, and Garrett Grolemund. 2018. R Markdown: The Definitive Guide. Boca Raton, Florida: Chapman; Hall/CRC. https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown.