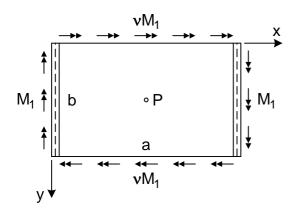
III.2. Suorakulmiolaatta on reunoilta x = 0 ja x = a niveltuettu sekä reunoilta y = 0 ja y = b vapaa. Kuormituksena ovat reunoilla vaikuttavat vakio taivutusmomentin viivatiheydet M_1 ja vM_1 . Määritä vakiot C_1, \dots, C_6 siten, että



$$\begin{split} w = C_1 + C_2 \, x + C_3 \, y + C_4 \, x^2 + C_5 \, x \, y + C_6 \, y^2 \\ \text{on laatan taipuman lauseke. Laske laatan} \\ \text{kaarevuudet ja kierevyys. Selvitä, miksi} \\ \text{pinnaksi laatan keskipinta taipuu. Laske laatan} \\ \text{maksimi taipuma ja keskikohdan yläpinnan} \\ \text{pisteen P} & \sigma_{vert} \, / \, VVEH \,, \, \, \text{kun laatan paksuus} \\ \text{h} = 24 \, \text{mm} \,, \quad \text{a} = 2 \, \text{m} \,, \quad \text{b} = 1 \, \text{m} \,, \quad \text{M}_1 = 1200 \, \text{N} \,, \\ \text{v} = 0,3 \, \text{ja} \, \text{E} = 210 \, \text{GPa} \,. \end{split}$$

Ratkaisu:

$$w = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 y + C_4 x^2 + C_5 x y + C_6 y^2$$
 \Rightarrow $\nabla^4 w = p/D = 0$ toteutuu.

$$w_{,xx} = 2C_4$$
 $w_{,xy} = C_5$ $w_{,yy} = 2C_6$

$$\begin{split} & M_x = -D(\,w,_{xx} + \nu\,w,_{yy}\,) = -2D(\,C_4 + \nu\,C_6\,) & M_y = -D(\,w,_{yy} + \nu\,w,_{xx}\,) = -2D(\,C_6 + \nu\,C_4\,) \\ & M_{xy} = -D(\,1 - \nu\,)\,w,_{xy} = -D(\,1 - \nu\,)\,C_5 & \text{Leikkausvoimat}: \,\,Q_x = Q_y = 0 \end{split}$$

$$M_x(0,y) = M_x(a,y) = M_1$$
 (1) $M_v(x,0) = M_v(x,b) = vM_1$ (2)

Reunaehdot: $M_{xy}(reuna) = 0$ (3) w(0,y) = 0 (4) w(a,y) = 0 (5)

(3)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $C_5 = 0$ (4) $\Rightarrow C_1 + C_3 y + C_6 y^2 = 0 $\Rightarrow C_1 = C_3 = C_6 = 0$$

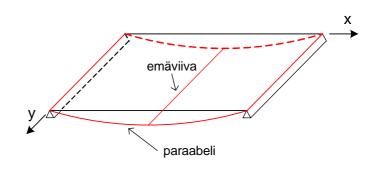
(1)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-2DC_4 = M_1 \Rightarrow C_4 = -\frac{M_1}{2D}$ (2) \Rightarrow $-2DvC_4 = vM_1$ OK.

(5)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $C_2 a - \frac{M_1}{2D} a^2 = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{M_1}{2D} a \Rightarrow$

$$w(x,y) = \frac{M_1}{2D}(ax-x^2)$$

Kyseessä on sylinteripinta, jonka emäviivat ovat y-akselin suunnassa.

$$\kappa_{x} = -w_{,xx} = \frac{M_1}{D}$$



$$\kappa_{y} = \kappa_{xy} = 0$$

$$D = \frac{Eh^3}{12(1-v^2)} = \frac{210 \cdot 10^3 \,\text{N} \cdot 24^3 \,\text{mm}^3}{\text{mm}^2 \cdot 12 \cdot (1-0.3^2)} = 265846154 \,\text{Nmm}$$

$$W_{\text{max}} = \frac{1200 \,\text{N}}{2 \cdot 265846154 \,\text{Nmm}} (2000 \cdot 1000 - 1000^2) \,\text{mm}^2 \implies$$

$w_{max} = 2,26 mm$

$$M_x = M_1 = 1200 N$$
 $M_y = v M_1 = 0.3 \cdot 1200 N = 400 N$

$$\sigma_{x} = -\frac{6}{h^{2}}M_{x} = -\frac{6}{24^{2} \text{ mm}^{2}} \cdot 1200 \text{ N} = -12,50 \text{ MPa} = \sigma_{1}$$

$$\sigma_y = -\frac{6}{h^2}M_y = -\frac{6}{24^2 \text{ mm}^2} \cdot 400 \text{ N} = -4,17 \text{ MPa} = \sigma_2$$
 $\sigma_3 = 0$

$$\sigma_{\text{vert/VVEH}} = \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1 \sigma_2}$$
 \Rightarrow $\sigma_{\text{vert/VVEH}} = 11,02 \text{ MPa}$