

# analysis.rmd

2025-12-02

```
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
  filter, lag
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
  intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
Loading required package: carData
```

```
Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
  recode
```

```
Loading required package: lattice
```

```
Attaching package: 'olsrr'
```

```
The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':
```

```
  rivers
```

```
df <- read.csv("main.csv")
df <- na.omit(df)
head(df)
```

```
##          Player Team G  MP FG_pct   FTA   TRB   AST stocks  PTS
## 1 Shai Gilgeous-Alexander  OKC 76 34.2  0.519  8.8  5.0  6.4    2.7 32.7
## 2 Giannis Antetokounmpo  MIL 67 34.2  0.601 10.6 11.9  6.5    2.1 30.4
## 3 Nikola Jokić        DEN 70 36.7  0.576  6.4 12.7 10.2    2.4 29.6
## 5 Anthony Edwards      MIN 79 36.3  0.447  6.3  5.7  4.5    1.8 27.6
## 6 Jayson Tatum         BOS 72 36.4  0.452  6.1  8.7  6.0    1.6 26.8
## 7 Kevin Durant        PHO 62 36.5  0.527  5.8  6.0  4.2    2.0 26.6
##   Value_Billions awards_1 awards_2plus avg_salary_millions Age_22_26 Age_27_31
## 1        4.35          0             1           55.3591       1       0
## 2        4.30          0             1           58.4566       0       1
## 3        4.60          0             1           59.0331       0       1
## 5        3.60          0             1           50.6117       1       0
## 6        6.70          0             1           62.7867       1       0
## 7        5.43          1             0           54.7086       0       0
##   Age_32_34 Age_35_plus Pos_PF Pos_PG Pos_SF Pos_SG   Age     Awards
## 1        0            0       0       1       0       0 Age_1 2+ awards
## 2        0            0       1       0       0       0 Age_2 2+ awards
```

```

## 3      0      0      0      0      0 Age_2 2+ awards
## 5      0      0      0      0      1 Age_1 2+ awards
## 6      0      0      1      0      0 Age_1 2+ awards
## 7      0      1      1      0      0 Age_4   1 award

```

## Log-transformation of Data

```

df <- df[df$MP > 20, ]
df$log_salary <- log(df$avg_salary_millions + 1)

```

## Initial Model Creation

```

# need to change to sqrt_sal now
initial_model <- lm(log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST + stocks + Value_Billions + (PTS *
summary(initial_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST +
##     stocks + Value_Billions + (PTS * FTA), data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max
## -1.56608 -0.30240  0.07474  0.39067  1.06634
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.142483  0.513725  0.277  0.7818
## MP          0.026935  0.016035  1.680  0.0948 .
## PTS         0.103407  0.021991  4.702 5.22e-06 ***
## FG_pct      -0.348649  0.936100 -0.372  0.7100
## FTA         0.099041  0.087697  1.129  0.2603
## TRB         0.028151  0.024461  1.151  0.2514
## AST         0.030023  0.028370  1.058  0.2914
## stocks      0.179301  0.085205  2.104  0.0368 *
## Value_Billions 0.013198  0.022176  0.595  0.5525
## PTS:FTA    -0.006443  0.003506 -1.838  0.0678 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5487 on 174 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6151, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5952
## F-statistic:  30.9 on 9 and 174 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

## VIF Analysis

```

vif_values <- vif(initial_model)

## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif

```

```

print(vif_values)

##          MP          PTS        FG_pct         FTA         TRB
## 3.501201 10.536141 1.951849 17.818292 2.285399
##          AST      stocks Value_Billions      PTS:FTA
## 2.012890 1.395618 1.014153 23.427323

# high vifs detected, remove
vif_less <- lm(log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST + stocks + Value_Billions, data = df)
print(vif(vif_less))

##          MP          PTS        FG_pct         FTA         TRB
## 3.278581 8.043663 1.945680 5.252468 2.273890
##          AST      stocks Value_Billions
## 1.986783 1.394672 1.013286

```

## Stepwise

```

ols_step_both_p(vif_less,p_ent=0.15,p_rem=0.15,details=T)

## Stepwise Selection Method
## -----
## 
## Candidate Terms:
## 
## 1. MP
## 2. PTS
## 3. FG_pct
## 4. FTA
## 5. TRB
## 6. AST
## 7. stocks
## 8. Value_Billions
## 
## 
## Step    => 0
## Model   => log_salary ~ 1
## R2      => 0
## 
## Initiating stepwise selection...
## 
## Step    => 1
## Selected => PTS
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS
## R2      => 0.554
## 
## Step    => 2
## Selected => MP
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS + MP
## R2      => 0.586
## 
## Step    => 3
## Selected => stocks
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks

```

```

## R2          => 0.601
##
##
## No more variables to be added or removed.

##
##
##                               Stepwise Summary
##
##-----#
## Step      Variable        AIC       SBC       SBIC      R2      Adj. R2
##-----#
## 0      Base Model     470.698   477.128   -53.336    0.00000  0.00000
## 1      PTS (+)        324.220   333.865   -198.262    0.55378  0.55133
## 2      MP (+)         312.612   325.472   -209.584    0.58559  0.58101
## 3      stocks (+)    307.557   323.632   -214.339    0.60118  0.59453
##-----#
##
##-----#
## Final Model Output
##-----#
##
##                               Model Summary
##-----#
## R                  0.775      RMSE            0.543
## R-Squared          0.601      MSE             0.295
## Adj. R-Squared    0.595      Coef. Var       19.087
## Pred R-Squared    0.582      AIC            307.557
## MAE                0.442      SBC            323.632
##-----#
## RMSE: Root Mean Square Error
## MSE: Mean Square Error
## MAE: Mean Absolute Error
## AIC: Akaike Information Criteria
## SBC: Schwarz Bayesian Criteria
##
##-----#
##                               ANOVA
##-----#
##                               Sum of
##          Squares        DF      Mean Square      F      Sig.
##-----#
## Regression        81.826      3        27.275    90.444    0.0000
## Residual          54.283    180        0.302
## Total              136.110   183
##-----#
##
##-----#
##                               Parameter Estimates
##-----#
##      model      Beta    Std. Error    Std. Beta      t      Sig      lower      upper
##-----#
## (Intercept)  0.153        0.295           0.518    0.605    -0.429    0.734
## PTS          0.077        0.011        0.534    7.004    0.000     0.055    0.099
## MP           0.042        0.014        0.233    2.953    0.004     0.014    0.071
## stocks       0.203        0.076        0.132    2.652    0.009     0.052    0.354
##-----#

```

## New Model as a Result of Test

```
quant <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks, data = df)
summary(quant)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##    Min     1Q   Median     3Q    Max 
## -1.6657 -0.3807  0.1025  0.4096  1.0897 
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.15259   0.29459   0.518   0.60511    
## PTS          0.07698   0.01099   7.004 4.78e-11 ***  
## MP           0.04243   0.01437   2.953   0.00357 **   
## stocks       0.20276   0.07644   2.652   0.00870 **  
## ---        
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5492 on 180 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6012, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5945 
## F-statistic: 90.44 on 3 and 180 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

## Adding Qualitative Predictors

```
quant_and_qual <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 +
summary(quant_and_qual)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus +
##     Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF +
##     Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##    Min     1Q   Median     3Q    Max 
## -1.59338 -0.38236  0.07087  0.39109  0.85694 
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.232475   0.376221   0.618   0.5374    
## PTS          0.078019   0.011956   6.526 7.39e-10 ***  
## MP           0.037191   0.014811   2.511   0.0130 *    
## stocks       0.154281   0.082681   1.866   0.0638 .    
## awards_1      0.007647   0.153044   0.050   0.9602    
## awards_2plus  0.094168   0.169552   0.555   0.5794    
## Age_22_26     0.168827   0.194192   0.869   0.3859    
## Age_27_31     0.441569   0.195977   2.253   0.0255 *    
## Age_32_34     0.496186   0.229412   2.163   0.0319 *    
## Age_35_plus    NA        NA        NA        NA
```

```

## Pos_PF      -0.067416  0.135301 -0.498   0.6189
## Pos_PG      -0.109450  0.140230 -0.781   0.4362
## Pos_SF      -0.182692  0.138017 -1.324   0.1874
## Pos_SG      -0.304188  0.135332 -2.248   0.0259 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5288 on 171 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6486, Adjusted R-squared:  0.624
## F-statistic: 26.31 on 12 and 171 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

## ANOVA Test for reduced model (Awards)

```
reduced_awards <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus +
anova(reduced_awards, quant_and_qual)
```

```

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 +
##           Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +
##           Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +
##           Pos_SG
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq    F Pr(>F)
## 1     173 47.912
## 2     171 47.824  2  0.087488 0.1564 0.8553

```

## ANOVA Test for reduced model (Age)

```
reduced_age <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +
anova(reduced_age, quant_and_qual)
```

```

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Pos_PF +
##           Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +
##           Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +
##           Pos_SG
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
## 1     174 51.818
## 2     171 47.824  3  3.9943 4.7607 0.003256 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

## ANOVA Test for reduced model (Pos)

```
reduced_pos <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 +
anova(reduced_pos, quant_and_qual)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
```

```

## 
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +
##           Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +
##           Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +
##           Pos_SG
##   Res.Df      RSS Df Sum of Sq    F Pr(>F)
## 1     175 49.660
## 2     171 47.824  4     1.8358 1.641 0.1661

```

## Final Model

```

final <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df)
summary(final)

## 
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 +
##     Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df)
## 
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q     Median     3Q    Max
## -1.50724 -0.35409  0.07407  0.38454  0.91928
## 
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.10079  0.35792  0.282   0.7786    
## PTS          0.08228  0.01071  7.682 1.03e-12 ***  
## MP           0.03258  0.01425  2.287  0.0234 *    
## stocks       0.23531  0.07425  3.169  0.0018 **  
## Age_22_26   0.08700  0.18681  0.466   0.6420    
## Age_27_31   0.39501  0.19132  2.065  0.0404 *    
## Age_32_34   0.43997  0.22416  1.963  0.0512 .    
## Age_35_plus NA        NA        NA        NA      
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 
## Residual standard error: 0.5301 on 177 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6345, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6221 
## F-statistic: 51.21 on 6 and 177 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

## Confidence Intervals

```

conf <- confint(final, level = 0.95)
conf

##                  2.5 %    97.5 %
## (Intercept) -0.605546080 0.80711856
## PTS          0.061143234 0.10341931
## MP           0.004463391 0.06069981
## stocks       0.088792918 0.38183369
## Age_22_26   -0.281667367 0.45567479
## Age_27_31    0.017457991 0.77256498

```

```
## Age_32_34 -0.002396352 0.88232976
## Age_35_plus NA NA
```

## K-Fold Cross Validation

```
cv_model <- train(
  log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df,
  method = "lm",
  trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 5)
)

# display results
print(cv_model)

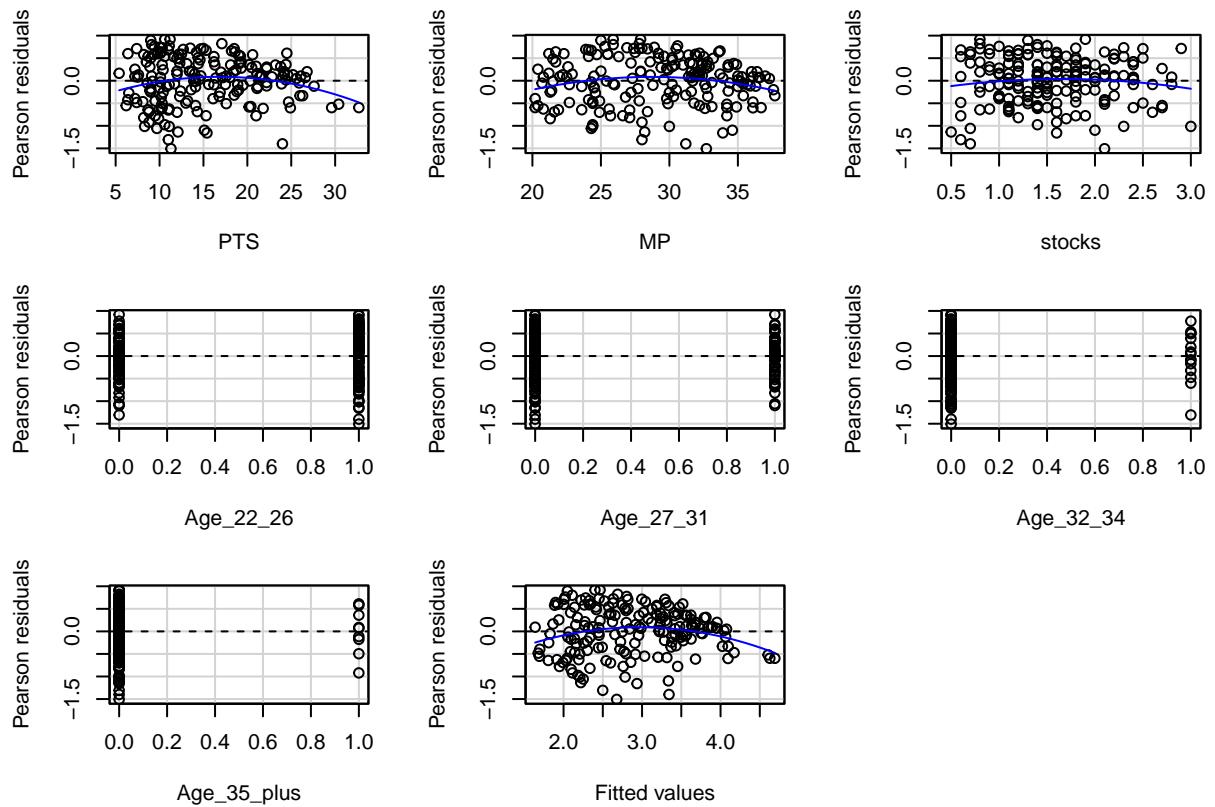
## Linear Regression
##
## 184 samples
##    7 predictor
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 147, 148, 147, 147, 147
## Resampling results:
##
##   RMSE      Rsquared     MAE
##   0.533174  0.6164662  0.4342761
##
## Tuning parameter 'intercept' was held constant at a value of TRUE
```

## Assumption Plots

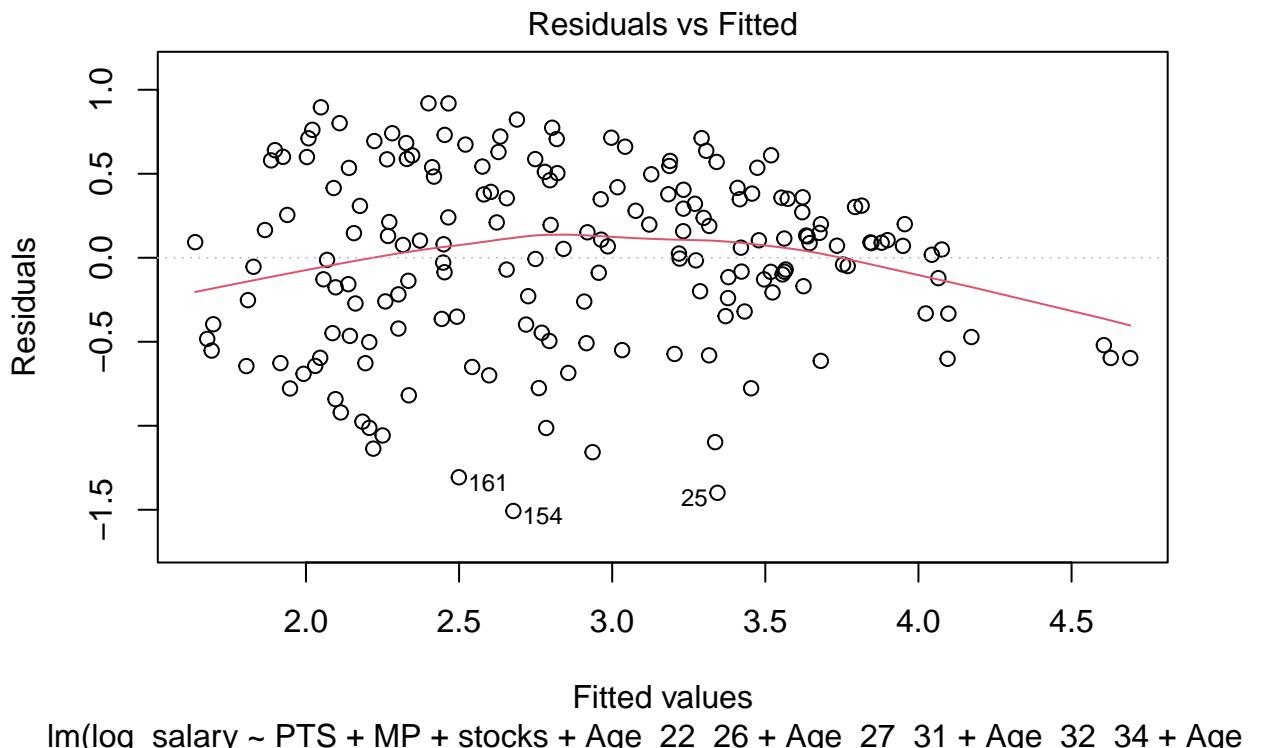
```
#store residuals from the model
finres<-residuals(final)
sum(finres)

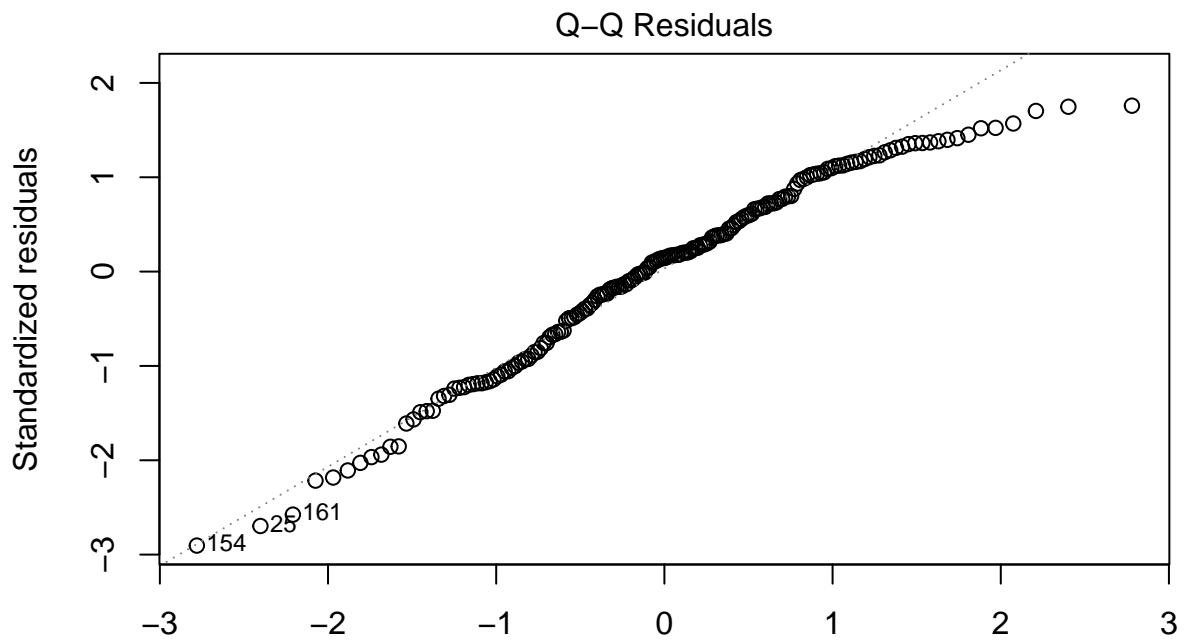
## [1] 2.418205e-15
mean(finres)

## [1] 1.314536e-17
#Residuals Plots of explanatory variables vs residuals
residualPlots(final,tests=F)
```



```
#Residual vs Fitted and QQ plot
plot(final, which=c(1,2))
```

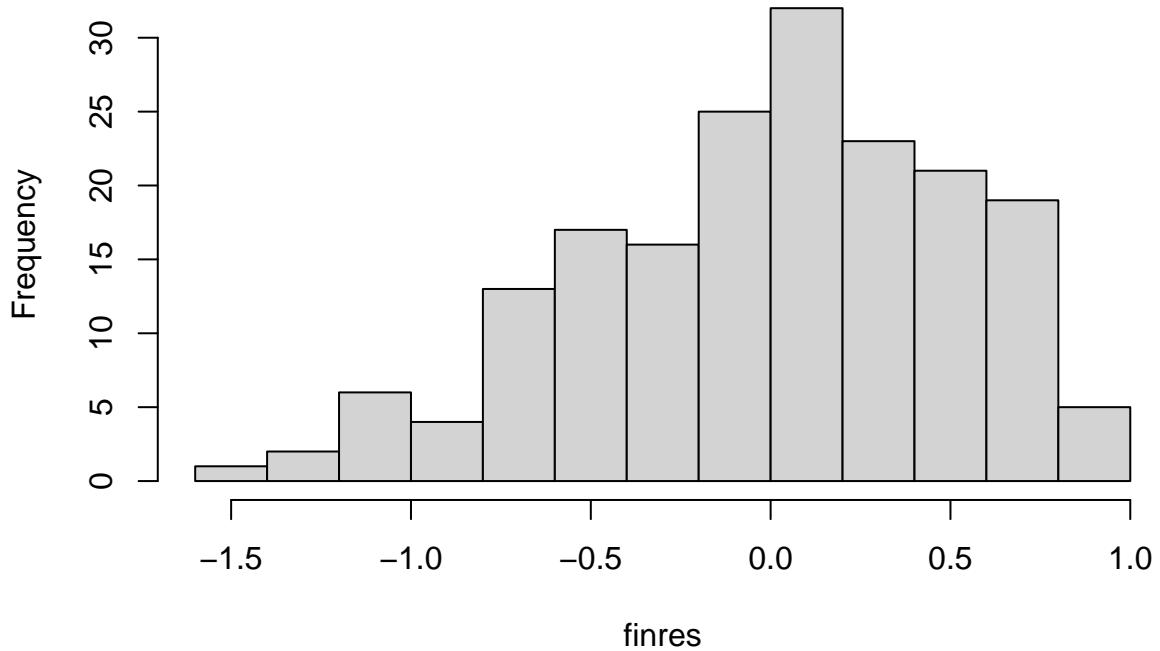




`lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age`

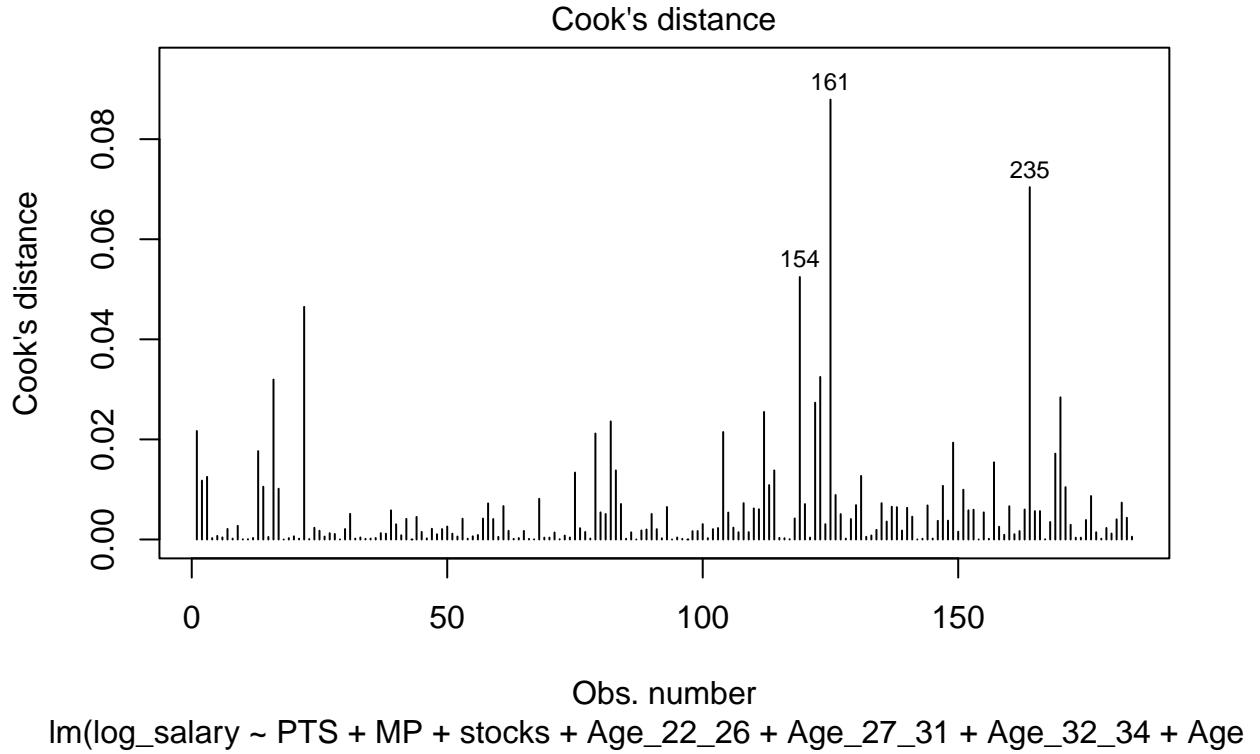
```
#histogram of residuals
hist(finres)
```

**Histogram of finres**

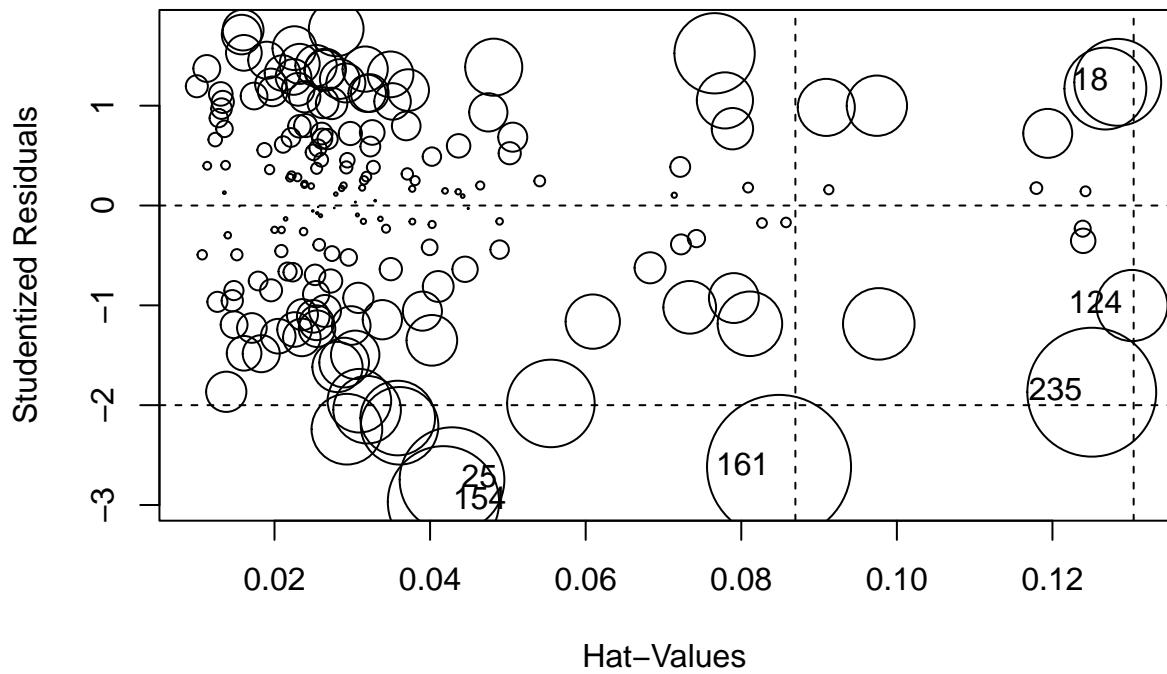


## Residual Analysis

```
# Cooks Distance Thresholds  
plot(final,which=4)
```



```
# Leverage vs Studentized Residuals  
influencePlot(final,fill=F)
```



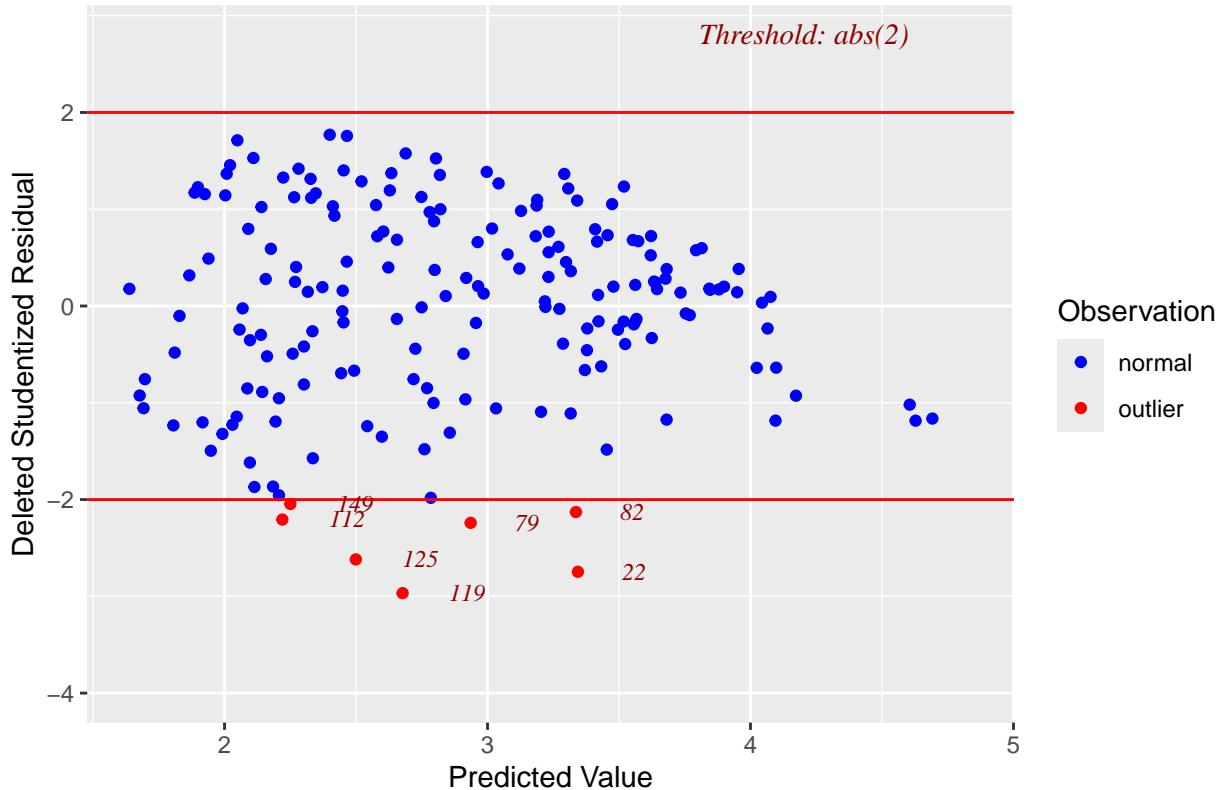
```

## 18   1.234125 0.12839271 0.03195641
## 25   -2.746409 0.04281875 0.04648451
## 124  -1.001901 0.13021793 0.02146854
## 154  -2.967628 0.04171297 0.05245075
## 161  -2.618442 0.08485551 0.08791072
## 235  -1.870001 0.12505150 0.07040578

# Deleted Studentized Residuals vs Predicted values
ols_plot_resid_stud_fit(final)

```

### Deleted Studentized Residual vs Predicted Values



remove obs 86 and 154 (work in progress)

```
df <- df[-c(86, 154), ]
```