

analysis.rmd

2025-12-02

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

Loading required package: carData

Attaching package: 'car'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

recode

Loading required package: lattice

Attaching package: 'olsrr'

The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':

rivers

corrplot 0.95 loaded

```
df <- read.csv("main.csv")
df <- na.omit(df)
head(df)
```

##		Player	Team	G	MP	FG_pct	FTA	TRB	AST	stocks	PTS
## 1	Shai Gilgeous-Alexander	OKC	76	34.2	0.519	8.8	5.0	6.4	2.7	32.7	
## 2	Giannis Antetokounmpo	MIL	67	34.2	0.601	10.6	11.9	6.5	2.1	30.4	
## 3	Nikola Jokić	DEN	70	36.7	0.576	6.4	12.7	10.2	2.4	29.6	
## 5	Anthony Edwards	MIN	79	36.3	0.447	6.3	5.7	4.5	1.8	27.6	
## 6	Jayson Tatum	BOS	72	36.4	0.452	6.1	8.7	6.0	1.6	26.8	
## 7	Kevin Durant	PHO	62	36.5	0.527	5.8	6.0	4.2	2.0	26.6	
##	Value_Billions	awards_1	awards_2plus	avg_salary_millions	Age_22_26	Age_27_31					
## 1	4.35	0	1	55.3591	1	0					
## 2	4.30	0	1	58.4566	0	1					
## 3	4.60	0	1	59.0331	0	1					
## 5	3.60	0	1	50.6117	1	0					
## 6	6.70	0	1	62.7867	1	0					
## 7	5.43	1	0	54.7086	0	0					
##	Age_32_34	Age_35_plus	Pos_PF	Pos_PG	Pos_SF	Pos_SG	Age	Awards			
## 1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Age_1 2+	awards			

```
## 2      0      0      1      0      0      0 Age_2 2+ awards
## 3      0      0      0      0      0      0 Age_2 2+ awards
## 5      0      0      0      0      0      1 Age_1 2+ awards
## 6      0      0      1      0      0      0 Age_1 2+ awards
## 7      0      1      1      0      0      0 Age_4 1 award
```

Log-transformation of Data

```
df <- df[df$MP > 20, ]
df$log_salary <- log(df$avg_salary_millions + 1)
```

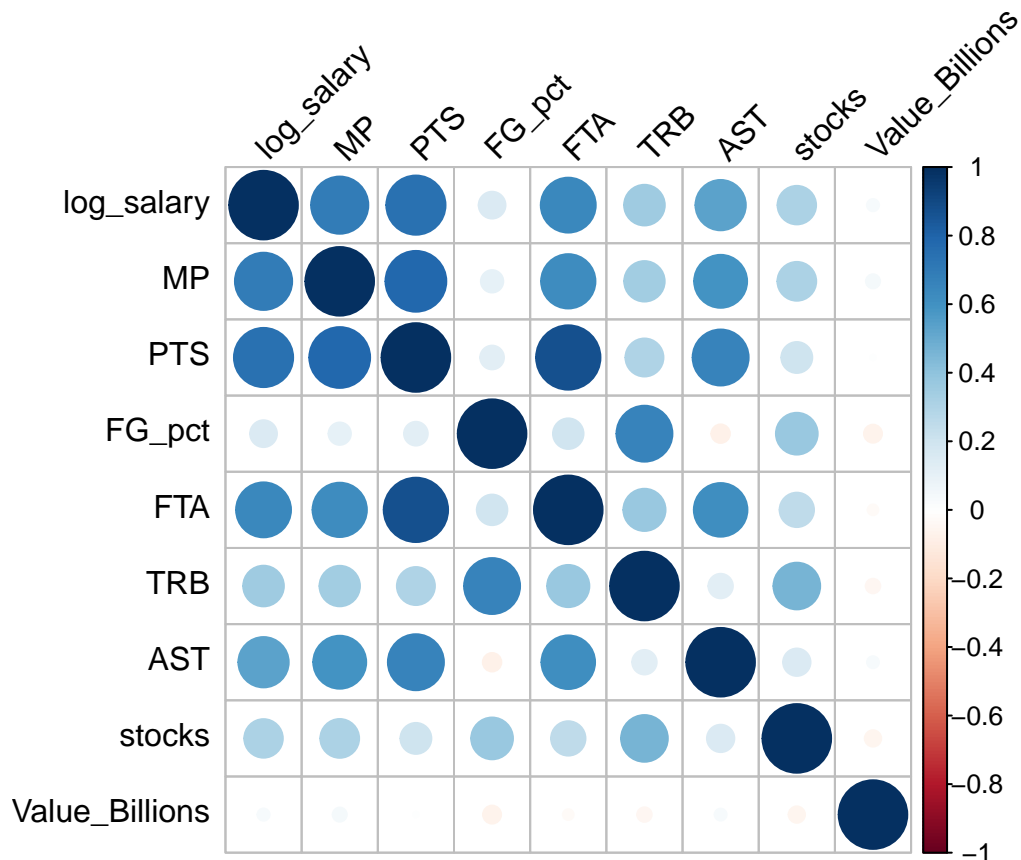
Initial Model Creation

```
# need to change to sqrt_sal now
initial_model <- lm(log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST + stocks + Value_Billions + (PTS *
summary(initial_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST +
##     stocks + Value_Billions + (PTS * FTA), data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.56608 -0.30240  0.07474  0.39067  1.06634
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   0.142483   0.513725   0.277   0.7818
## MP            0.026935   0.016035   1.680   0.0948 .
## PTS           0.103407   0.021991   4.702 5.22e-06 ***
## FG_pct        -0.348649   0.936100  -0.372   0.7100
## FTA            0.099041   0.087697   1.129   0.2603
## TRB            0.028151   0.024461   1.151   0.2514
## AST            0.030023   0.028370   1.058   0.2914
## stocks         0.179301   0.085205   2.104   0.0368 *
## Value_Billions 0.013198   0.022176   0.595   0.5525
## PTS:FTA        -0.006443   0.003506  -1.838   0.0678 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5487 on 174 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6151, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5952
## F-statistic: 30.9 on 9 and 174 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Corrplot

```
model_vars <- df %>% select(log_salary, MP, PTS, FG_pct, FTA, TRB, AST, stocks, Value_Billions)
cor_matrix <- cor(model_vars, use = "complete.obs")
corrplot(cor_matrix, method = "circle", type = "full", tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 45)
```



VIF Analysis

```
vif_values <- vif(initial_model)
```

```
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
```

```
print(vif_values)
```

```
##           MP           PTS           FG_pct           FTA           TRB
##      3.501201      10.536141       1.951849      17.818292       2.285399
##           AST           stocks Value_Billions           PTS:FTA
##      2.012890       1.395618       1.014153      23.427323
```

```
# high vifs detected, remove
```

```
vif_less <- lm(log_salary ~ MP + PTS + FG_pct + FTA + TRB + AST + stocks + Value_Billions, data = df)
print(vif(vif_less))
```

```
##           MP           PTS           FG_pct           FTA           TRB
##      3.278581       8.043663       1.945680       5.252468       2.273890
##           AST           stocks Value_Billions
##      1.986783       1.394672       1.013286
```

Stepwise

```
ols_step_both_p(vif_less,p_ent=0.15,p_rem=0.15,details=T)
```

```
## Stepwise Selection Method
## -----
##
## Candidate Terms:
##
## 1. MP
## 2. PTS
## 3. FG_pct
## 4. FTA
## 5. TRB
## 6. AST
## 7. stocks
## 8. Value_Billions
##
##
## Step    => 0
## Model   => log_salary ~ 1
## R2      => 0
##
## Initiating stepwise selection...
##
## Step    => 1
## Selected => PTS
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS
## R2      => 0.554
##
## Step    => 2
## Selected => MP
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS + MP
## R2      => 0.586
##
## Step    => 3
## Selected => stocks
## Model   => log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks
## R2      => 0.601
##
##
## No more variables to be added or removed.
##
##
##                                     Stepwise Summary
## -----
## Step   Variable      AIC      SBC      SBIC      R2      Adj. R2
## -----
## 0      Base Model    470.698  477.128  -53.336  0.00000  0.00000
## 1      PTS (+)       324.220  333.865  -198.262  0.55378  0.55133
## 2      MP (+)        312.612  325.472  -209.584  0.58559  0.58101
## 3      stocks (+)    307.557  323.632  -214.339  0.60118  0.59453
## -----
```

```
##
## Final Model Output
## -----
##
##                               Model Summary
## -----
```

R	0.775	RMSE	0.543
R-Squared	0.601	MSE	0.295
Adj. R-Squared	0.595	Coef. Var	19.087
Pred R-Squared	0.582	AIC	307.557
MAE	0.442	SBC	323.632

```
## -----
## RMSE: Root Mean Square Error
## MSE: Mean Square Error
## MAE: Mean Absolute Error
## AIC: Akaike Information Criteria
## SBC: Schwarz Bayesian Criteria
##
##                               ANOVA
## -----
```

	Sum of Squares	DF	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Regression	81.826	3	27.275	90.444	0.0000
Residual	54.283	180	0.302		
Total	136.110	183			

```
## -----
##
##                               Parameter Estimates
## -----
```

model	Beta	Std. Error	Std. Beta	t	Sig	lower	upper
(Intercept)	0.153	0.295		0.518	0.605	-0.429	0.734
PTS	0.077	0.011	0.534	7.004	0.000	0.055	0.099
MP	0.042	0.014	0.233	2.953	0.004	0.014	0.071
stocks	0.203	0.076	0.132	2.652	0.009	0.052	0.354

```
## -----
```

New Model as a Result of Test

```
quant <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks, data = df)
summary(quant)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.6657 -0.3807  0.1025  0.4096  1.0897
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## (Intercept) 0.15259 0.29459 0.518 0.60511
## PTS 0.07698 0.01099 7.004 4.78e-11 ***
## MP 0.04243 0.01437 2.953 0.00357 **
## stocks 0.20276 0.07644 2.652 0.00870 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5492 on 180 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6012, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5945
## F-statistic: 90.44 on 3 and 180 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Adding Qualitative Predictors

```
quant_and_qual <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 +
summary(quant_and_qual)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus +
##     Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF +
##     Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.59338 -0.38236  0.07087  0.39109  0.85694
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.232475   0.376221   0.618  0.5374
## PTS          0.078019   0.011956   6.526 7.39e-10 ***
## MP           0.037191   0.014811   2.511  0.0130 *
## stocks       0.154281   0.082681   1.866  0.0638 .
## awards_1     0.007647   0.153044   0.050  0.9602
## awards_2plus 0.094168   0.169552   0.555  0.5794
## Age_22_26    0.168827   0.194192   0.869  0.3859
## Age_27_31    0.441569   0.195977   2.253  0.0255 *
## Age_32_34    0.496186   0.229412   2.163  0.0319 *
## Age_35_plus      NA         NA      NA      NA
## Pos_PF       -0.067416   0.135301  -0.498  0.6189
## Pos_PG       -0.109450   0.140230  -0.781  0.4362
## Pos_SF       -0.182692   0.138017  -1.324  0.1874
## Pos_SG       -0.304188   0.135332  -2.248  0.0259 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5288 on 171 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6486, Adjusted R-squared: 0.624
## F-statistic: 26.31 on 12 and 171 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

ANOVA Test for reduced model (Awards)

```
reduced_awards <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus +  
anova(reduced_awards, quant_and_qual)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table  
##  
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 +  
##      Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG  
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +  
##      Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +  
##      Pos_SG  
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F Pr(>F)  
## 1      173 47.912  
## 2      171 47.824   2  0.087488 0.1564 0.8553
```

ANOVA Test for reduced model (Age)

```
reduced_age <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +  
anova(reduced_age, quant_and_qual)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table  
##  
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Pos_PF +  
##      Pos_PG + Pos_SF + Pos_SG  
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +  
##      Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +  
##      Pos_SG  
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F  Pr(>F)  
## 1      174 51.818  
## 2      171 47.824   3    3.9943 4.7607 0.003256 **  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

ANOVA Test for reduced model (Pos)

```
reduced_pos <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Ag  
anova(reduced_pos, quant_and_qual)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table  
##  
## Model 1: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +  
##      Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus  
## Model 2: log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + awards_1 + awards_2plus + Age_22_26 +  
##      Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus + Pos_PF + Pos_PG + Pos_SF +  
##      Pos_SG  
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F Pr(>F)  
## 1      175 49.660  
## 2      171 47.824   4    1.8358 1.641 0.1661
```

Final Model

```
final <- lm(log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df)
summary(final)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 +
##     Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.50724 -0.35409  0.07407  0.38454  0.91928
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.10079    0.35792   0.282  0.7786
## PTS          0.08228    0.01071   7.682 1.03e-12 ***
## MP           0.03258    0.01425   2.287  0.0234 *
## stocks       0.23531    0.07425   3.169  0.0018 **
## Age_22_26     0.08700    0.18681   0.466  0.6420
## Age_27_31     0.39501    0.19132   2.065  0.0404 *
## Age_32_34     0.43997    0.22416   1.963  0.0512 .
## Age_35_plus      NA           NA      NA      NA
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5301 on 177 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6345, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6221
## F-statistic: 51.21 on 6 and 177 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Confidence Intervals

```
conf <- confint(final, level = 0.95)
conf

##              2.5 %      97.5 %
## (Intercept) -0.605546080  0.80711856
## PTS          0.061143234  0.10341931
## MP           0.004463391  0.06069981
## stocks       0.088792918  0.38183369
## Age_22_26    -0.281667367  0.45567479
## Age_27_31     0.017457991  0.77256498
## Age_32_34    -0.002396352  0.88232976
## Age_35_plus      NA           NA
```

K-Fold Cross Validation

```
cv_model <- train(
  log_salary ~ PTS + MP + stocks + Age_22_26 + Age_27_31 + Age_32_34 + Age_35_plus, data = df,
  method = "lm",
  trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 5)
```



```
)

# display results
print(cv_model)

## Linear Regression
##
## 184 samples
## 7 predictor
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 148, 146, 148, 147, 147
## Resampling results:
##
## RMSE      Rsquared   MAE
## 0.5351281  0.6174826  0.4343593
##
## Tuning parameter 'intercept' was held constant at a value of TRUE
```

Assumption Plots

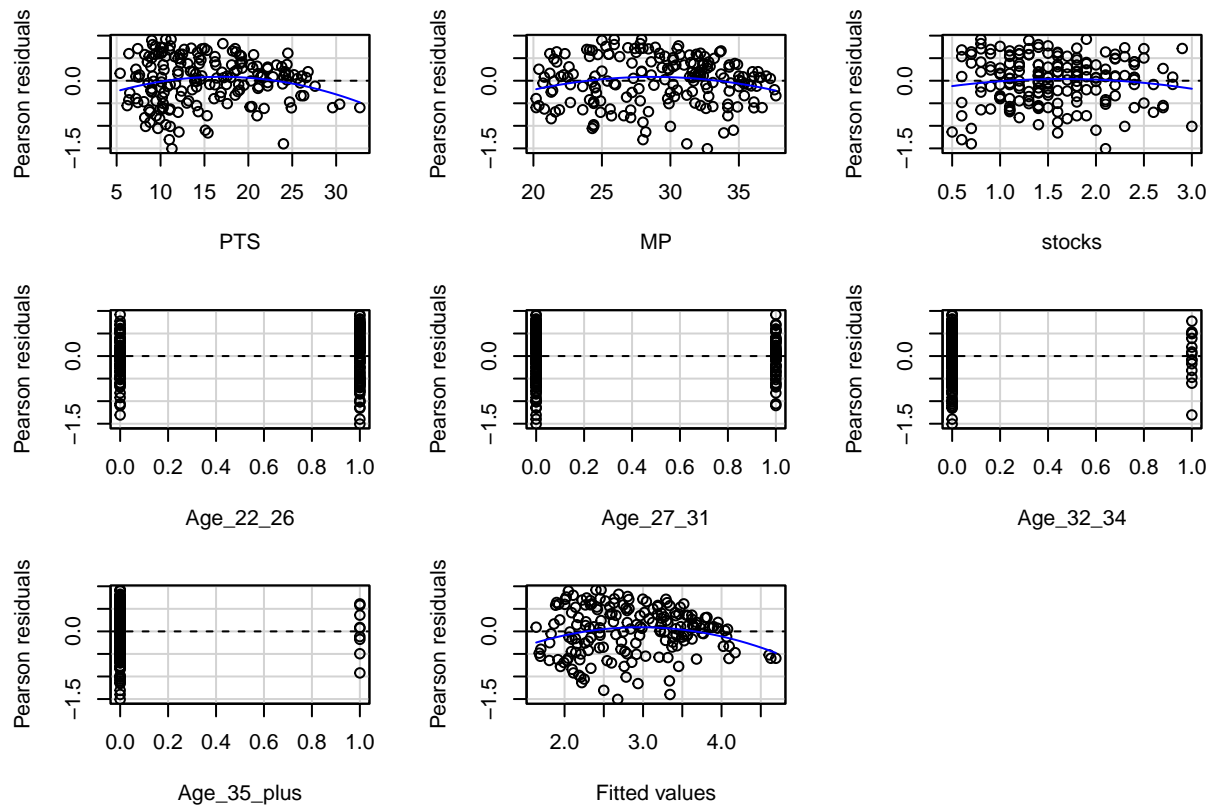
```
#store residuals from the model
finres<-residuals(final)
sum(finres)

## [1] 2.418205e-15

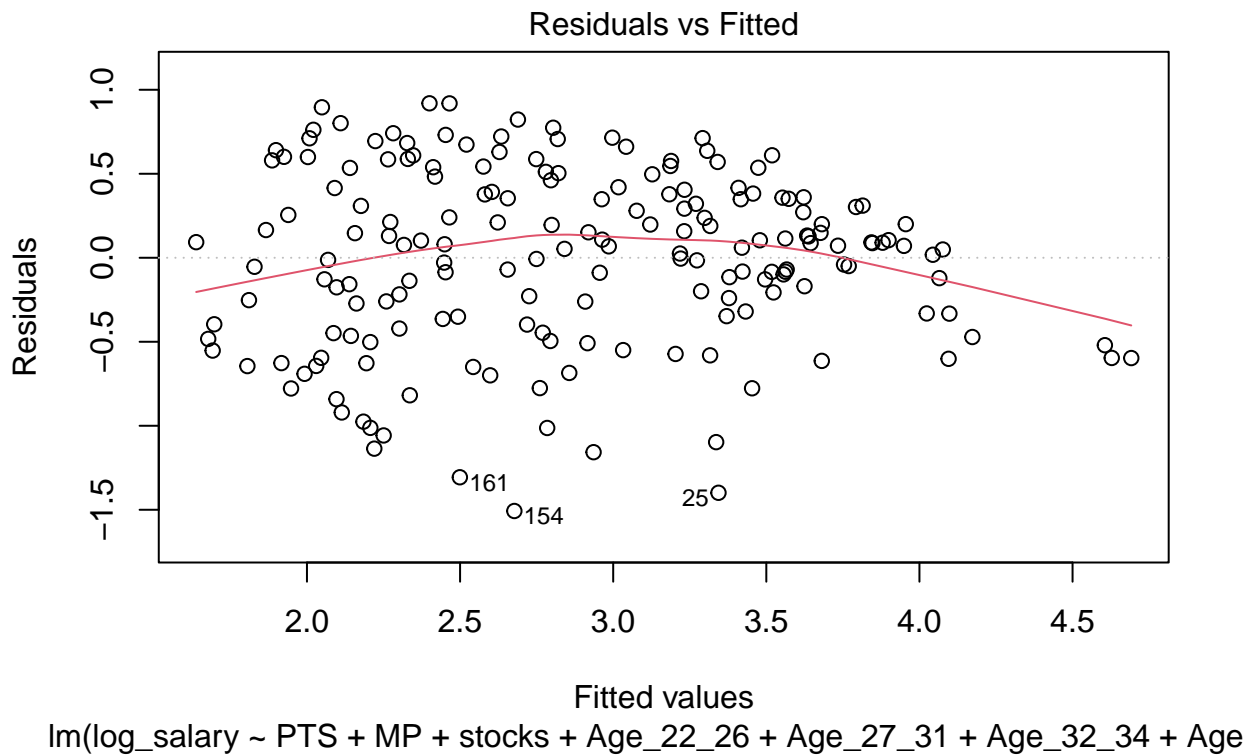
mean(finres)

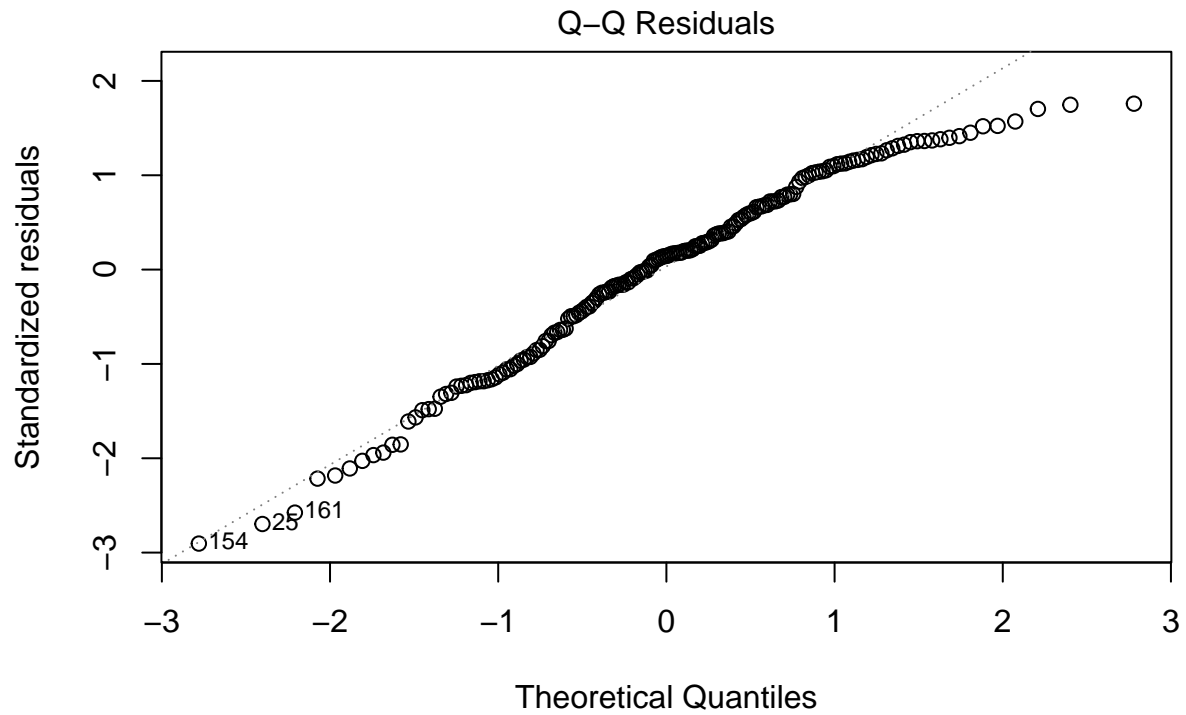
## [1] 1.314536e-17

#Residuals Plots of explanatory variables vs residuals
residualPlots(final,tests=F)
```

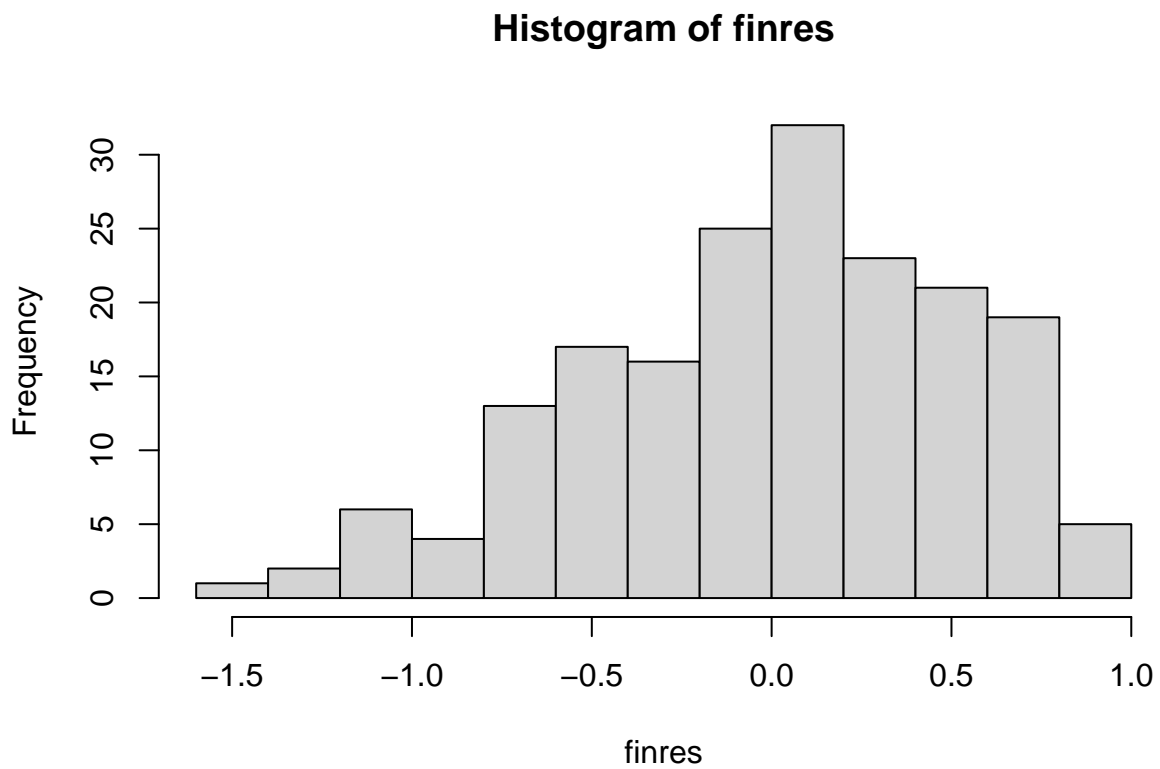


```
#Residual vs Fitted and QQ plot
plot(final, which=c(1,2))
```



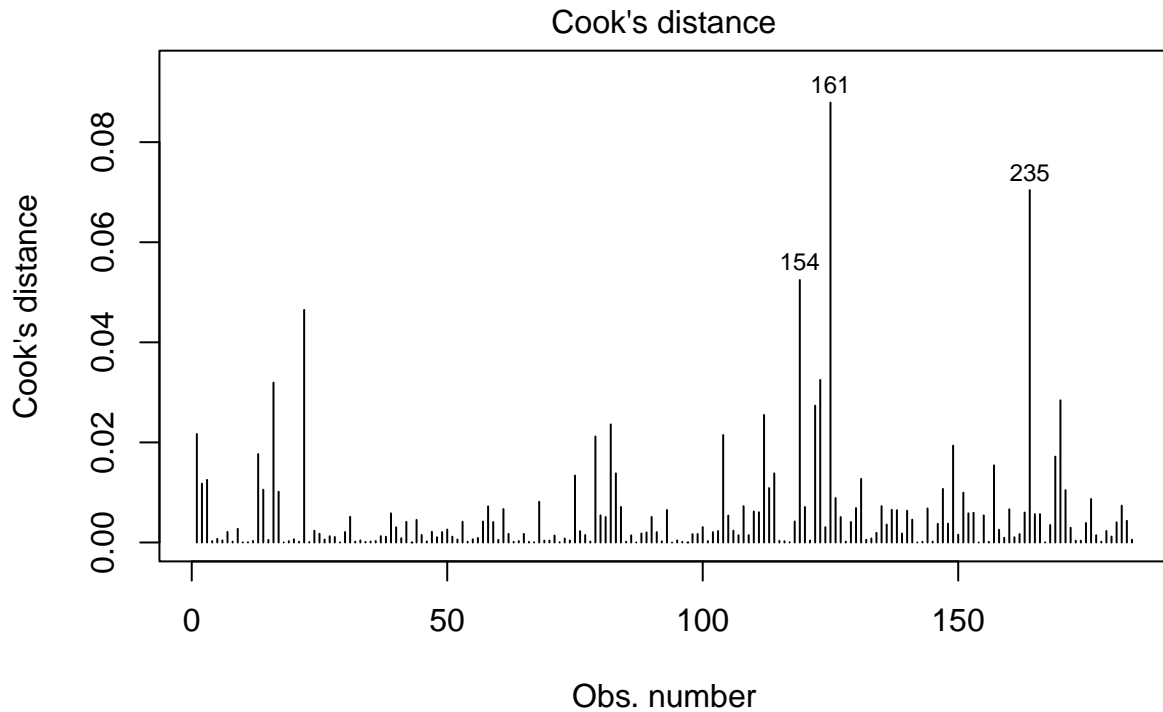


```
#histogram of residuals  
hist(finres)
```



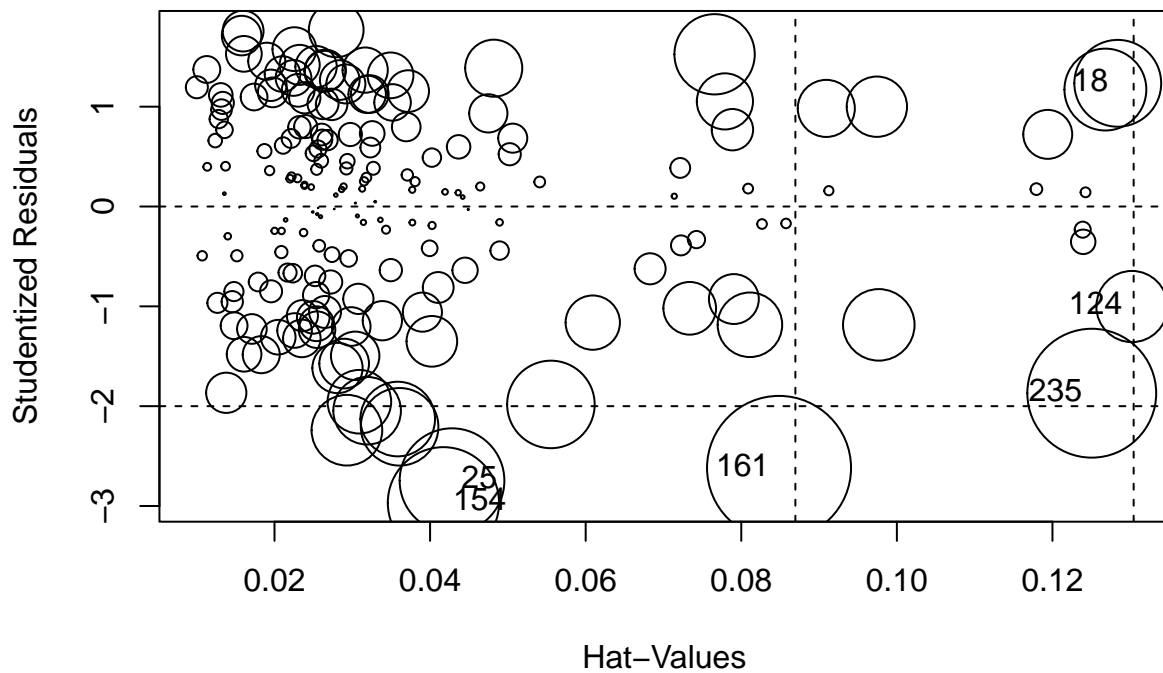
Residual Analysis

```
# Cooks Distance Thresholds
plot(final,which=4)
```



$\text{lm}(\log_salary \sim \text{PTS} + \text{MP} + \text{stocks} + \text{Age_22_26} + \text{Age_27_31} + \text{Age_32_34} + \text{Age}$

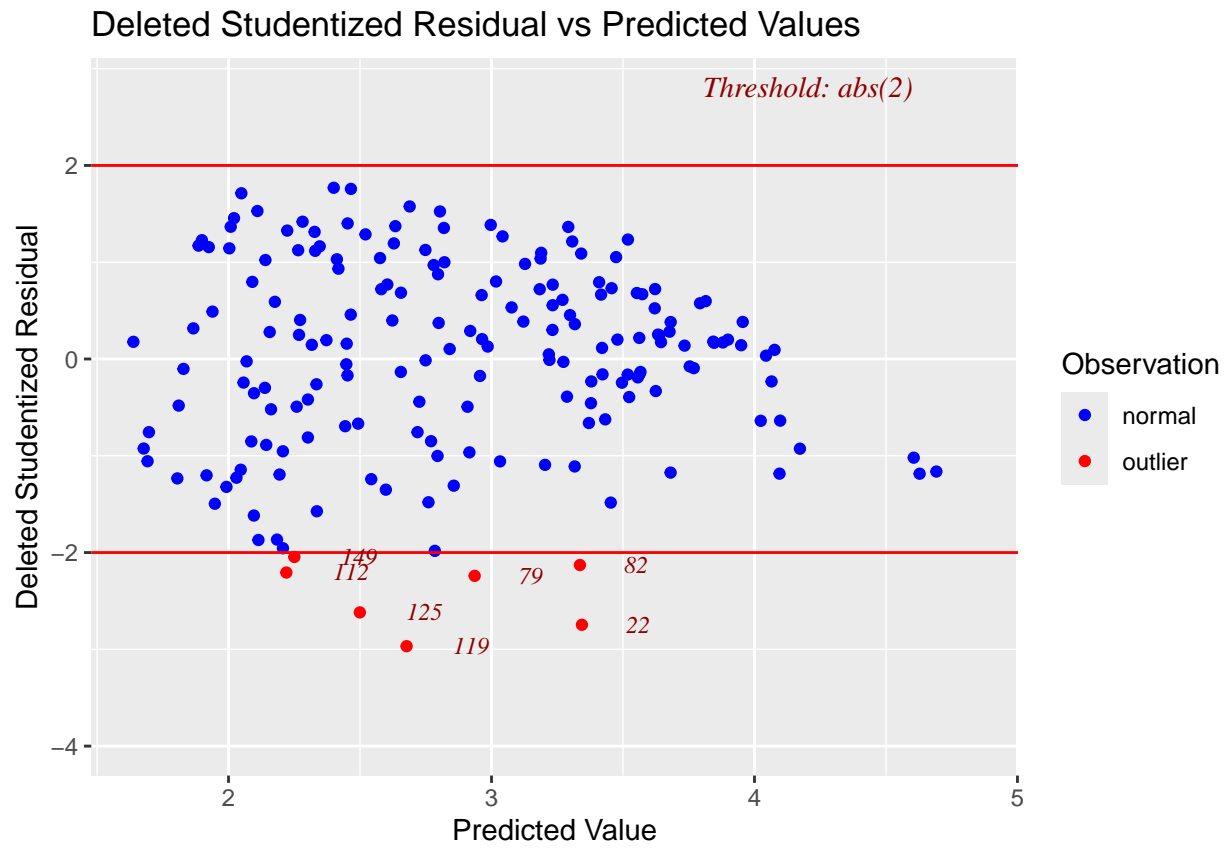
```
# Leverage vs Studentized Residuals
influencePlot(final,fill=F)
```



```
##      StudRes      Hat      CookD
```

```
## 18  1.234125 0.12839271 0.03195641
## 25 -2.746409 0.04281875 0.04648451
## 124 -1.001901 0.13021793 0.02146854
## 154 -2.967628 0.04171297 0.05245075
## 161 -2.618442 0.08485551 0.08791072
## 235 -1.870001 0.12505150 0.07040578
```

```
# Deleted Studentized Residuals vs Predicted values
ols_plot_resid_stud_fit(final)
```



remove obs 86 and 154 (work in progress)

```
df <- df[-c(86, 154), ]
```