

Drone Hacking Basics

Intro to UAS Architectures, Attack Vectors and RF Hacking

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June 15, 2017

Outline

Drone Architectures

RF Basics

Information Gathering

RF Hacking Tools

Exploits & Demos

Q&A

Why?

Wright's Law

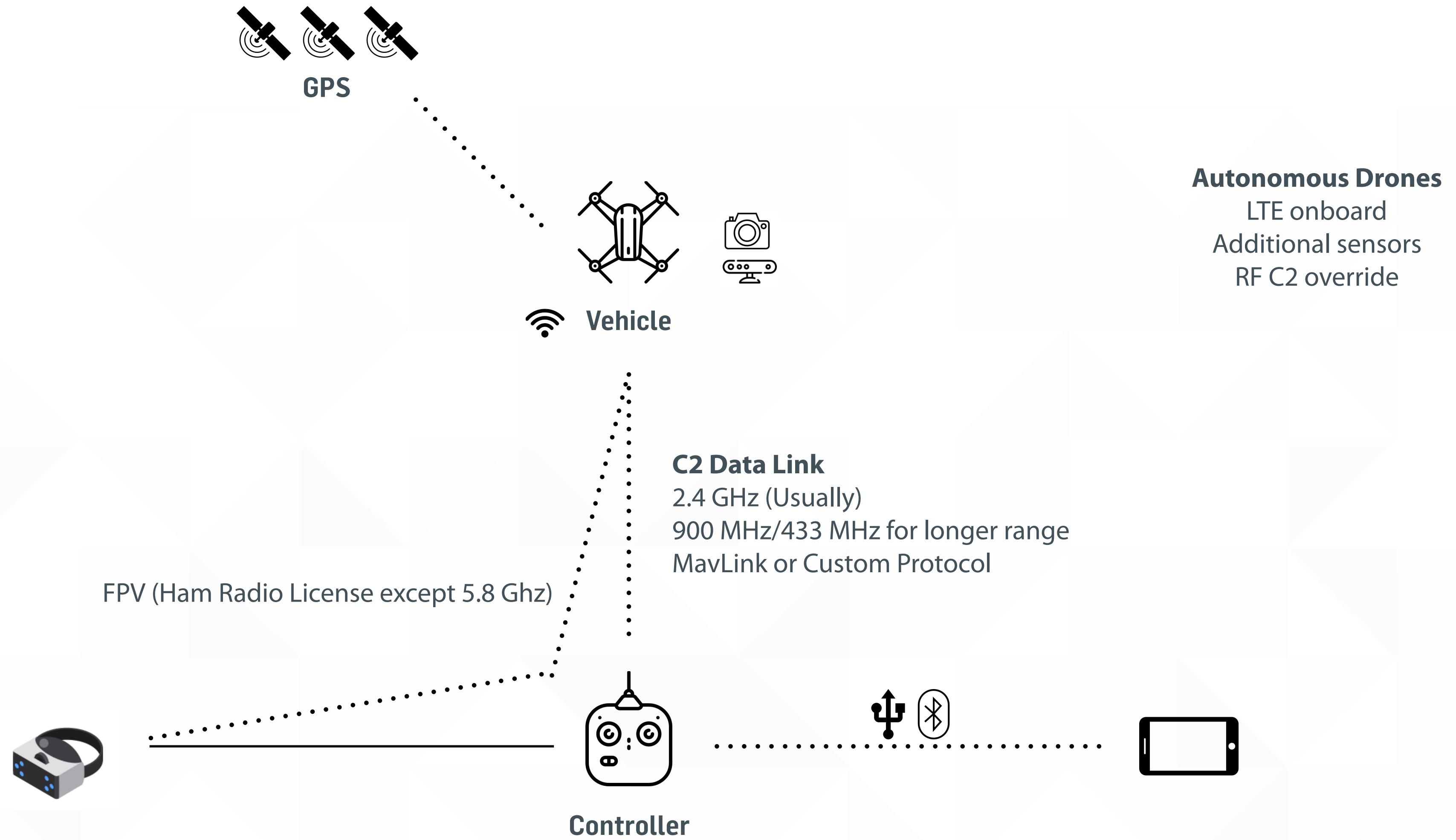
Security will not get better until tools for practical exploration of the attack surface are made available.
(Progress increases with experience)



Drone Architectures

Potential Attack Vectors

Drone Architecture Overview



Attack Vectors

C2 Spoofing

Cheers CX-10

Remotely inject commands

Video Intercept

Syma X5SW

Remotely take photos and view live video

WiFi Deauth

Parrot Bebop

Hi-jack possible

GPS Jamming

DJI, Parrot, 3DR, Yuneec, etc

Breaks RTH

Breaks Waypoint & Autonomous Missions

GPS Interference (Aluminum Foil)

DJI

Disables No Fly Zones

Telnet into Drone

Parrot

Able to completely pwn

Run scripts, upload/download video library

Magnetic Field

DJI

No take off due to recalibration

Replay Attacks

Unknown

Record and replay commands remotely

News ▶ UK News ▶ Drones

Furious farmer blasts drone out of sky with shotgun for flying over stately country home

An inhabitant of the stately home had clearly had enough of drone pilots trying to sneak a peak at the property



RF Basics

Frequencies, Modulation, Frequency
Hopping and Whitening



Frequencies

Primarily ISM Bands

The **industrial, scientific and medical (ISM)** radio bands are radio bands (portions of the radio spectrum) reserved internationally for the use of radio frequency (RF) energy for industrial, scientific and medical purposes other than telecommunications.

Most FPV goggles are either not on ISM or high powered and need license.

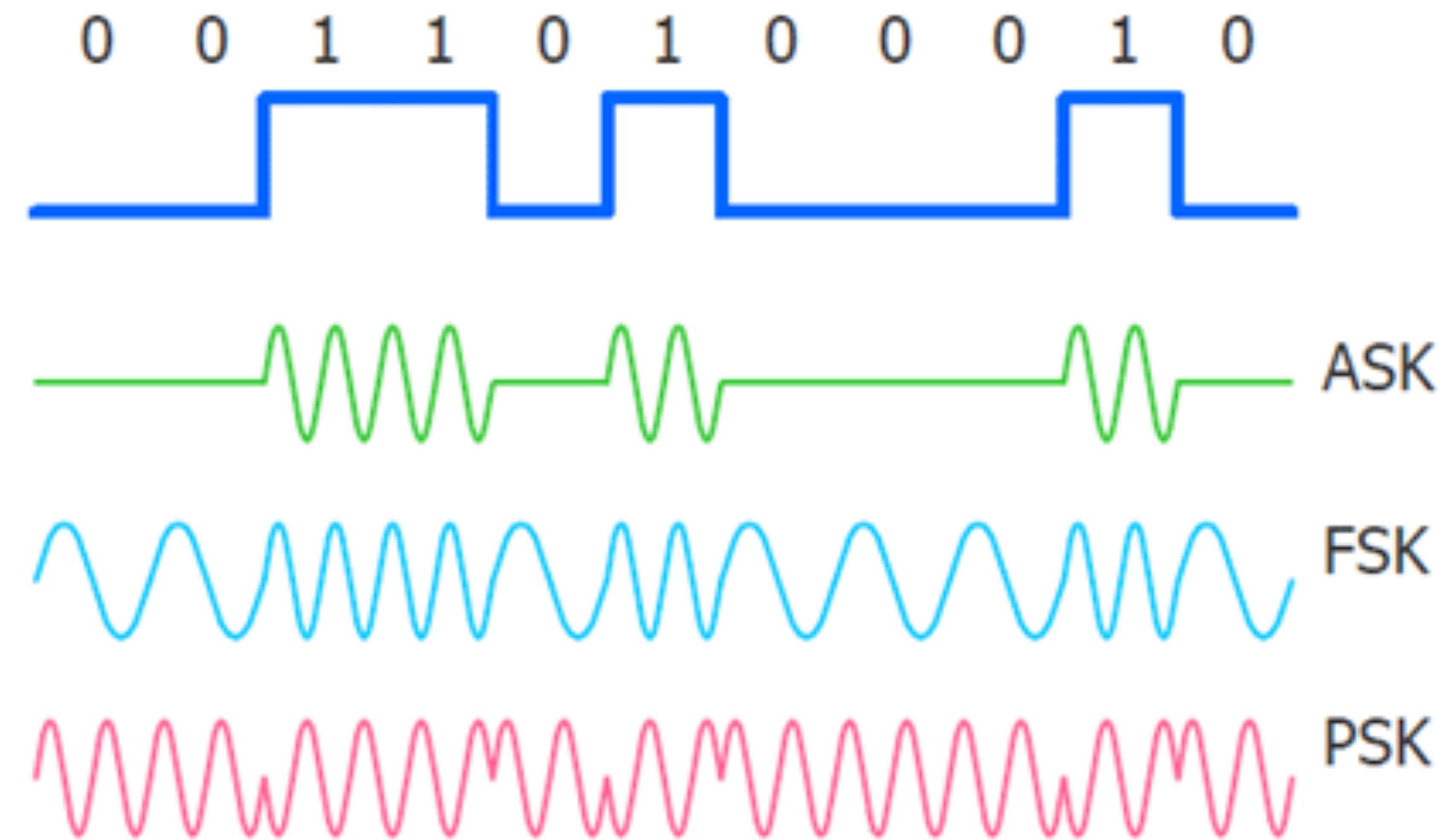
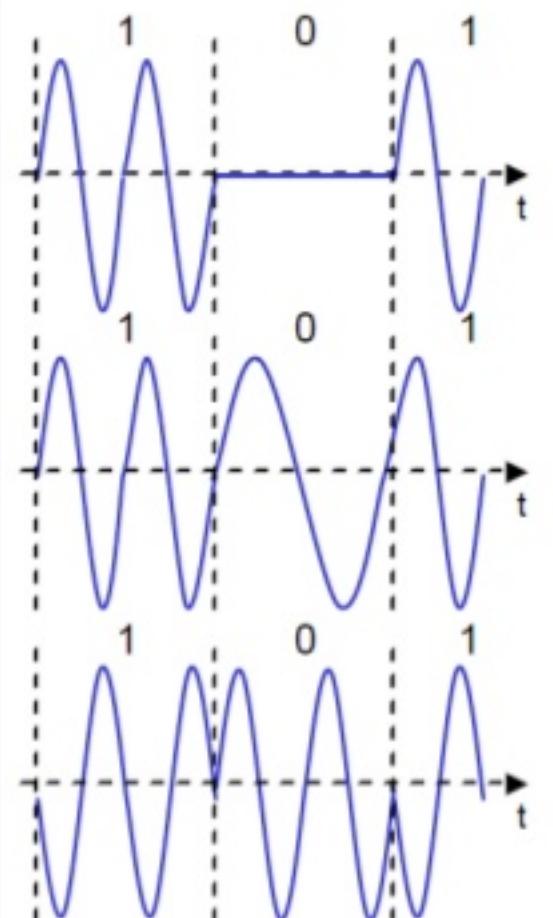
Frequency range	Type	Center frequency	Availability	Licensed users
6.765 MHz	A	6.795 MHz	6.78 MHz Subject to local acceptance	FIXED SERVICE & Mobile service
13.553 MHz	B	13.567 MHz	13.56 MHz Worldwide	FIXED & Mobile services except Aeronautical mobile (R) service
26.957 MHz	B	27.283 MHz	27.12 MHz Worldwide	FIXED & MOBILE SERVICE except Aeronautical mobile service, CB Radio
40.66 MHz	B	40.7 MHz	40.68 MHz Worldwide	Fixed, Mobile services & Earth exploration-satellite service
433.05 MHz	A	434.79 MHz	only in Region 1, subject to local acceptance	AMATEUR SERVICE & RADIOLOCATION SERVICE, additional apply the provisions of footnote 1
902 MHz	B	928 MHz	915 MHz Region 2 only (with some exceptions)	FIXED, Mobile except aeronautical mobile & Radiolocation service; in Region 2 additional Amateur service
2.4 GHz	B	2.5 GHz	2.45 GHz Worldwide	FIXED, MOBILE, RADIOLOCATION, Amateur & Amateur-satellite service
5.725 GHz	B	5.875 GHz	5.8 GHz Worldwide	FIXED-SATELLITE, RADIOLOCATION, MOBILE, Amateur & Amateur-satellite service
24 GHz	B	24.25 GHz	24.125 GHz Worldwide	AMATEUR, AMATEUR-SATELLITE, RADIOLOCATION & Earth exploration-satellite service (also amateur-satellite service)
61 GHz	A	61.5 GHz	61.25 GHz Subject to local acceptance	FIXED, INTER-SATELLITE, MOBILE & RADIOLOCATION SERVICE
122 GHz	A	123 GHz	122.5 GHz Subject to local acceptance	EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive), FIXED, INTER-SATELLITE, MOBILE, SPACE service
244 GHz	A	246 GHz	245 GHz Subject to local acceptance	RADIOLOCATION, RADIO ASTRONOMY, Amateur & Amateur-satellite service

Frequency	Wavelength	Designation	Abbreviation ^[6]
3–30 Hz	10 ⁵ –10 ⁴ km	Extremely low frequency	ELF
30–300 Hz	10 ⁴ –10 ³ km	Super low frequency	SLF
300–3000 Hz	10 ³ –100 km	Ultra low frequency	ULF
3–30 kHz	100–10 km	Very low frequency	VLF
30–300 kHz	10–1 km	Low frequency	LF
300 kHz – 3 MHz	1 km – 100 m	Medium frequency	MF
3–30 MHz	100–10 m	High frequency	HF
30–300 MHz	10–1 m	Very high frequency	VHF
300 MHz – 3 GHz	1 m – 10 cm	Ultra high frequency	UHF
3–30 GHz	10–1 cm	Super high frequency	SHF
30–300 GHz	1 cm – 1 mm	Extremely high frequency	EHF
300 GHz – 3 THz	1 mm – 0.1 mm	Tremendously high frequency	THF

Modulation

Digital modulation techniques

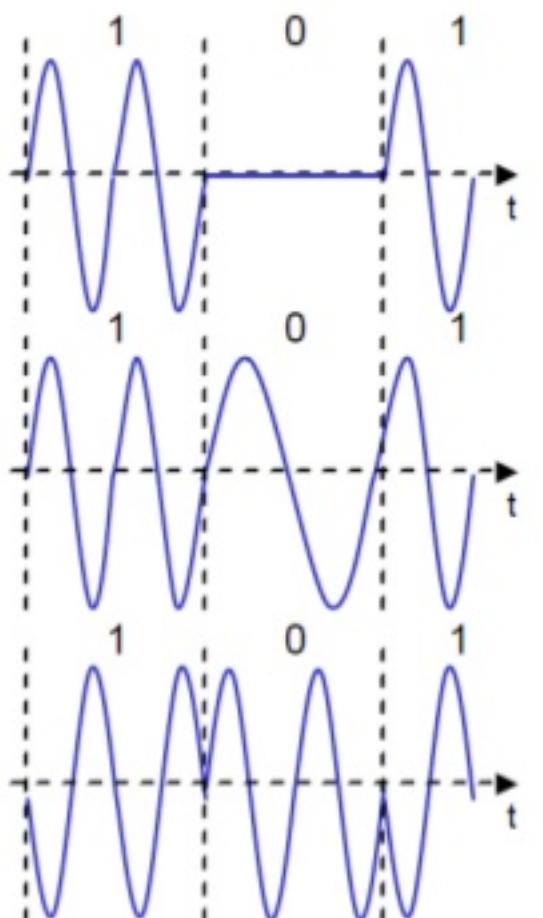
- Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK):
 - change amplitude with each symbol
 - frequency constant
 - low bandwidth requirements
 - very susceptible to interference
- Frequency Shift Keying (FSK):
 - change frequency with each symbol
 - needs larger bandwidth
- Phase Shift Keying (PSK):
 - Change phase with each symbol
 - More complex
 - robust against interference



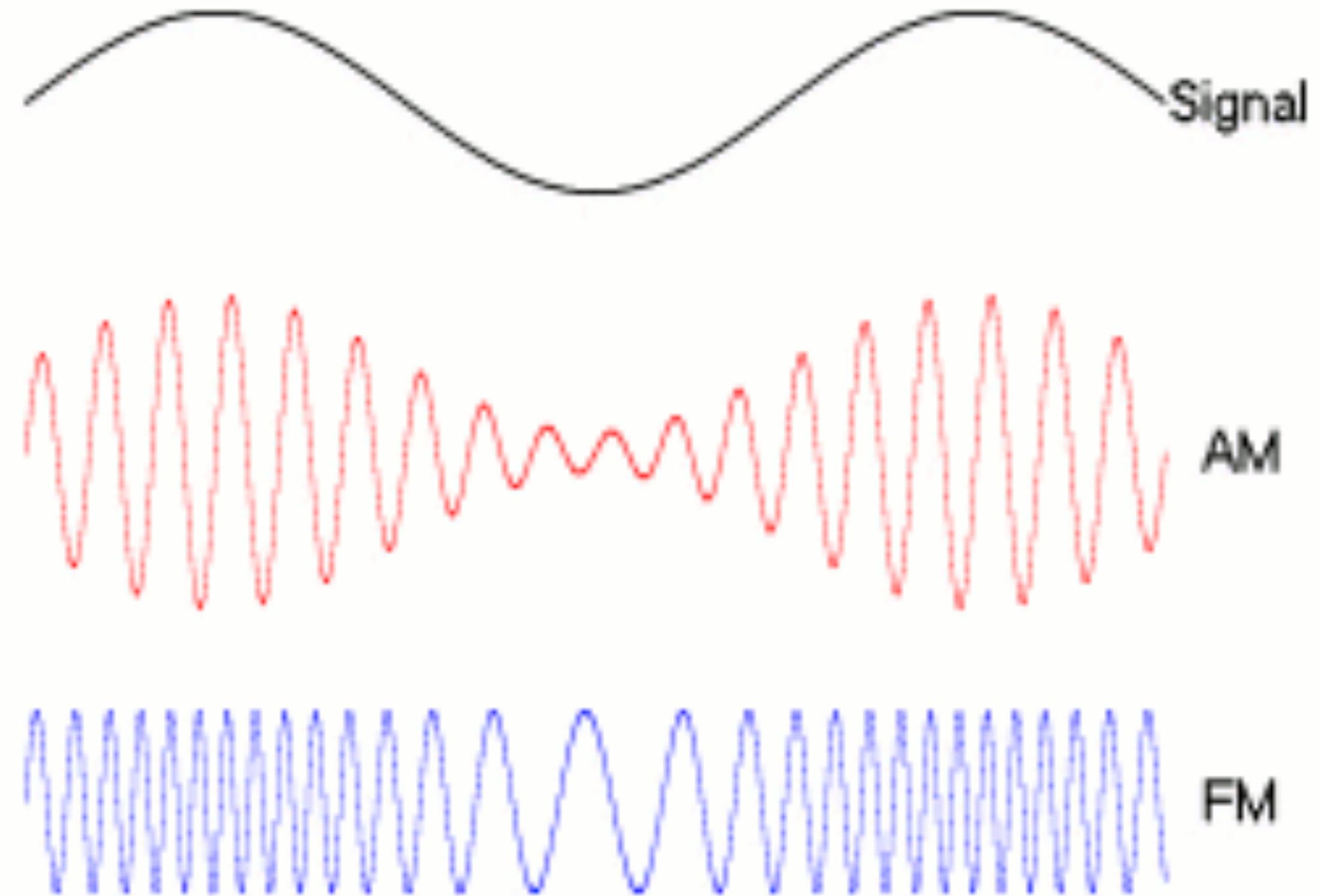
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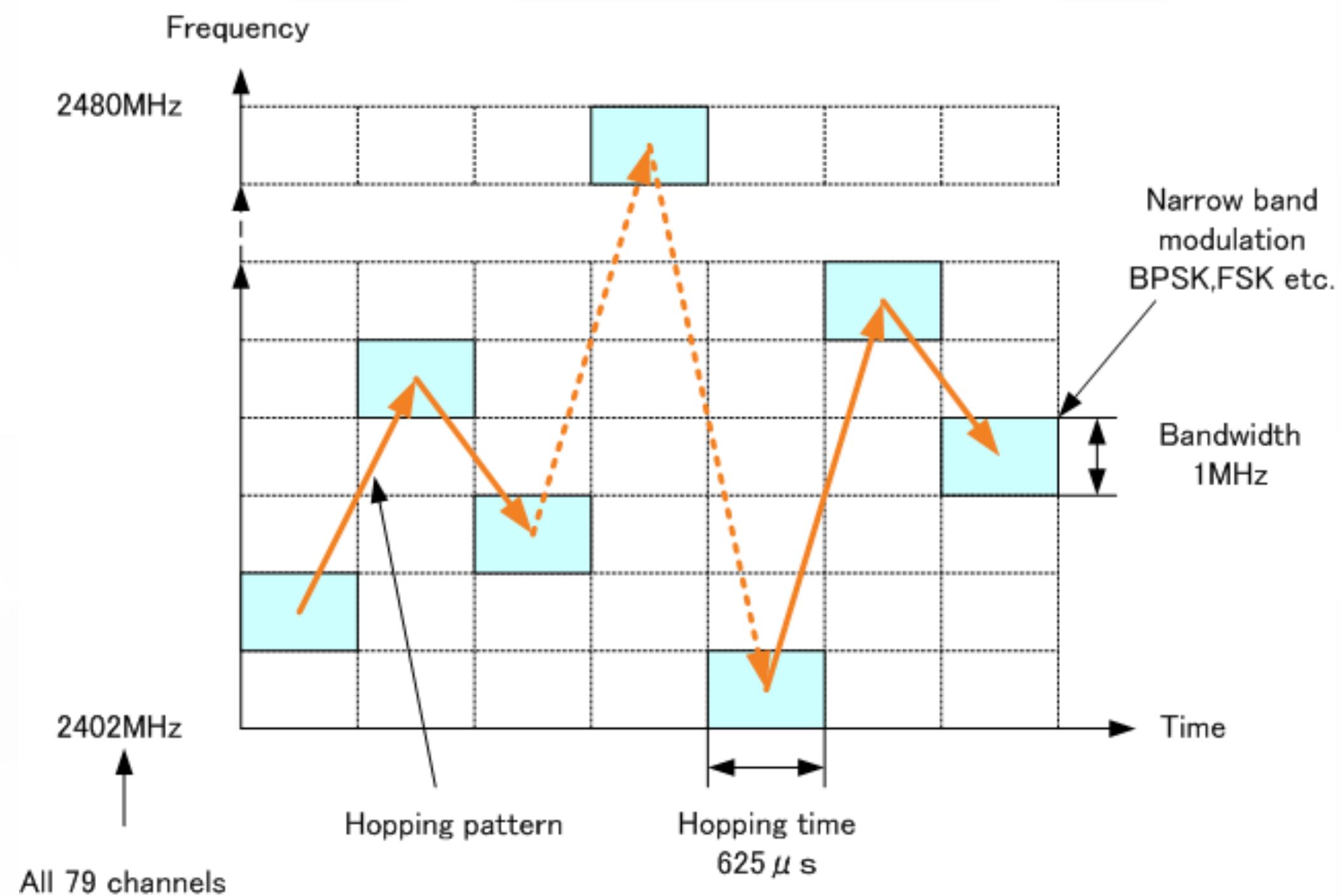


AM vs FM Radio



Frequency Hopping

Various patterns
Various rates (Bluetooth is 1600Hz!)





Information Gathering

Information Gathering

FCC ID

Examine Hardware

Prior Art

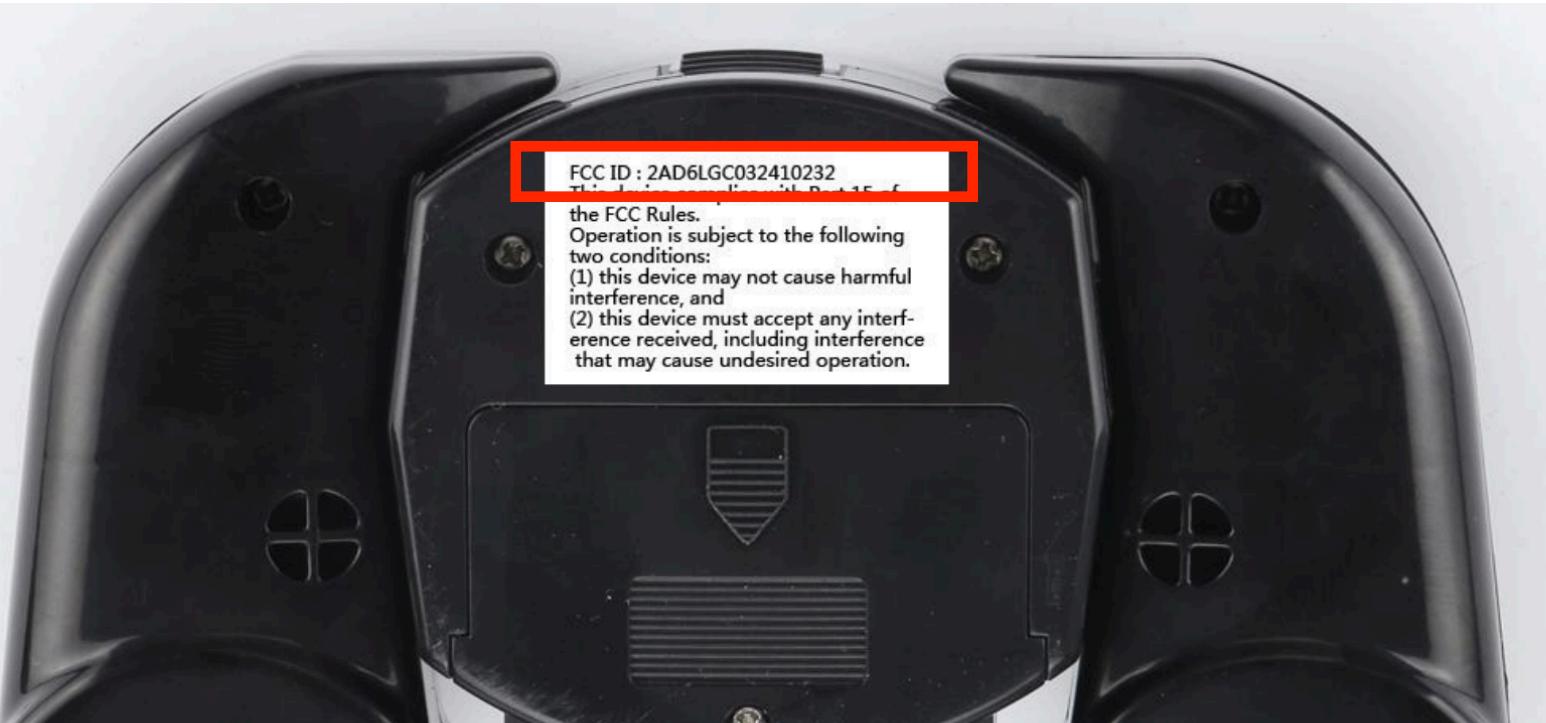
Patents

Sniff Packets

Google!

FCC Papers

<http://fcc.io/2AD6LGC03241004>



FCC Federal Communications Commission

Office of Engineering and Technology

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OET Home Page

FCC > FCC E-filing > EAS > List Exhibits Page

FCC Site Map

OET Exhibits List

8 Matches found for FCC ID 2AD6LGC03241004

View Attachment	Exhibit Type	Date Submitted to FCC	Display Type	Date Available
Confidentiality Request Long Term.pdf	Cover Letter(s)	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
Coverletter-Letter of Agency.pdf	Cover Letter(s)	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
External Photos.pdf	External Photos	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
ID Label and Location.pdf	ID Label/Location Info	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
Internal Photos.pdf	Internal Photos	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
Test Report.pdf	Test Report	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
Test photos.pdf	Test Setup Photos	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016
User manual.pdf	Users Manual	05/12/2016	pdf	05/12/2016

Filing Options

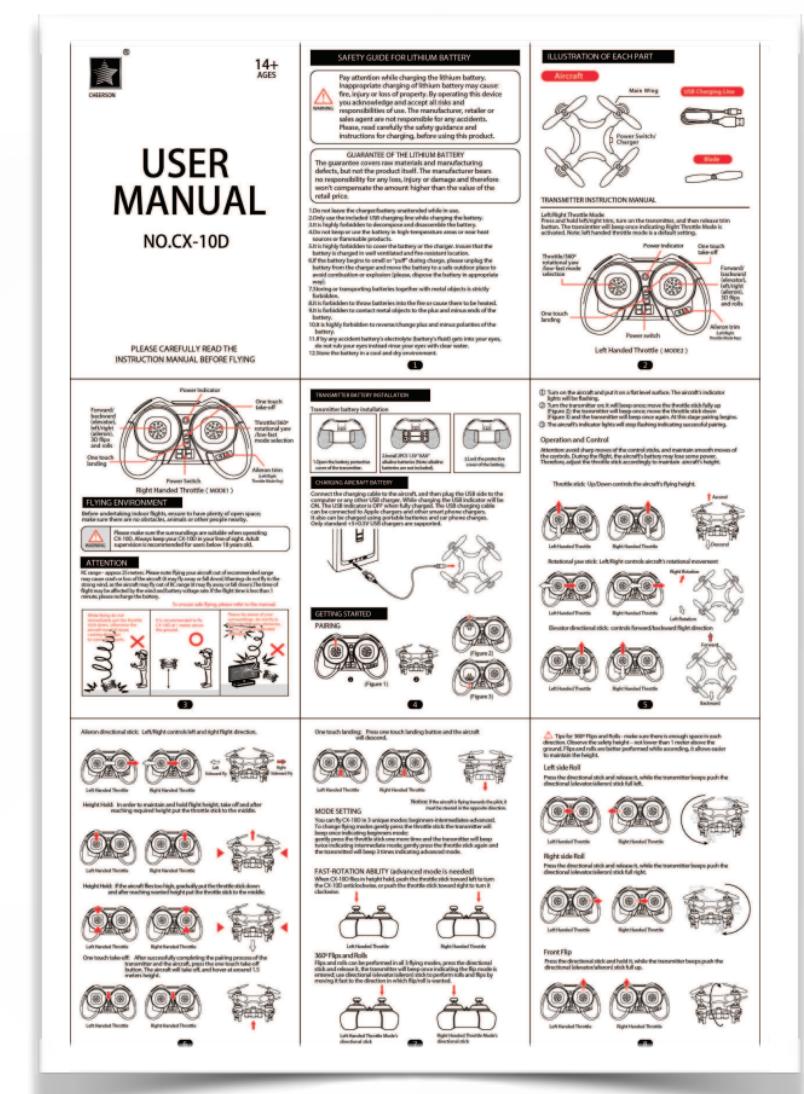
- Grantee Registration
- Modify Grantee Information
- Submit Correspondence
- Renew Test Firm/Add Exhibits
- Test Firm Accrediting Body
- Login
- Return to 159 Form
- Add/Modify Grant Deferral Date
- Change Short-Term Confidential Data

Reports

- Pending Application Status
- Authorization Search
- Grantee Search
- Pending Grantee Search
- TCB Search
- Test Firms
- Test Firm Accrediting Bodies
- Equipment Class/Rule Part List

Miscellaneous

- Get FRN
- Knowledge Database
- Hearing Aid Compatibility Status Reporting
- Measurement Procedures



BUREAU VERITAS Test Report No.: RF160405N057

3 GENERAL INFORMATION

3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

PRODUCT	UFO	
MODEL NO.	CX-10D	
ADDITIONAL MODELS	CX-11, 6048S, 6048F, CX-91, CX-92, CX-93, CX-94, CX-95, CX-13, CX-14, CX-15, CX-16, CX-23, CX-24, CX-25, CX-26, CX-36, CX-37, CX-38, CX-39, CX-10DS	
FCC ID	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY GFSK	
NOMINAL VOLTAGE	OPERATING FREQUENCY 2410-2470MHz	
ANTENNA TYPE	Wire Antenna, 1dBi Gain	
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual	
CABLE SUPPLIED	N/A	

NOTE:

- For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the user's manual.
- For the test results, the EUT had been tested with all conditions, but only the worst case was shown in test report.
- Please refer to the EUT photo document (Reference No.: 160405N057) for detailed product photo.
- Additional models (see above table) are identical with the test model CX-10D except the color of the appearance and model number for marketing purpose.

Products & Companies

DroneDefender

Anti-Drone Shoulder Rifle



DeDrone

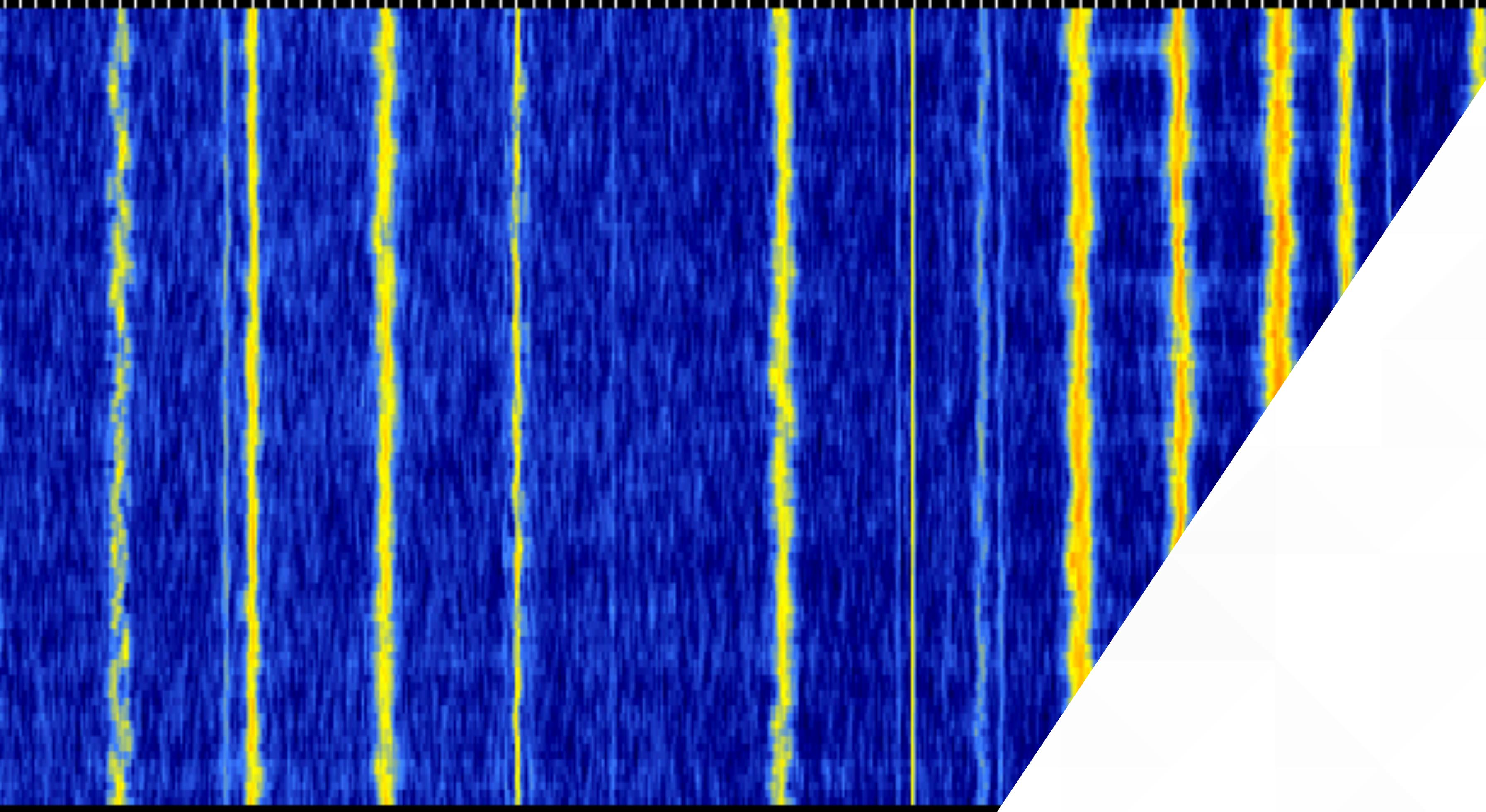
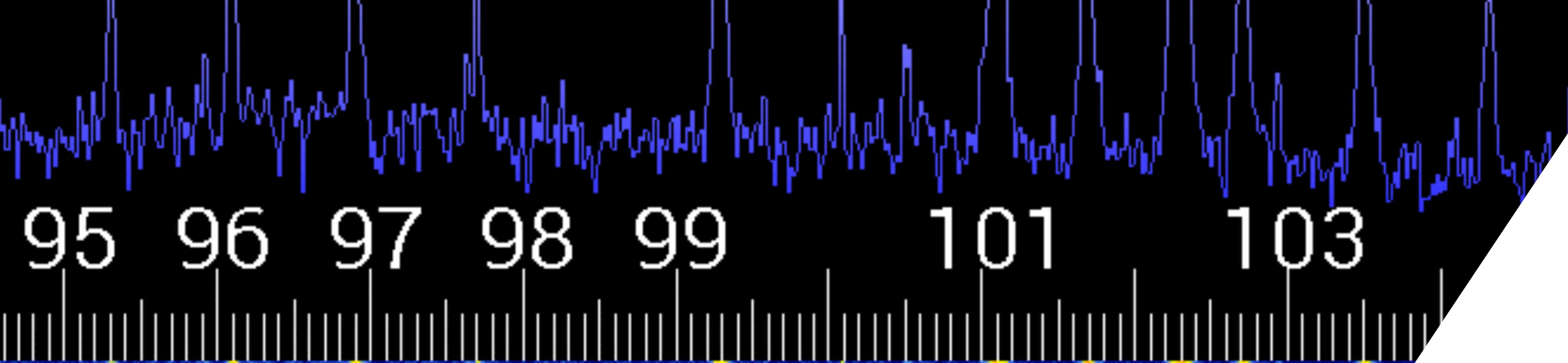
DroneTracker, Jammers, Sensors



Gryphon Sensors

Radar, Optical, Acoustic, Passive RF



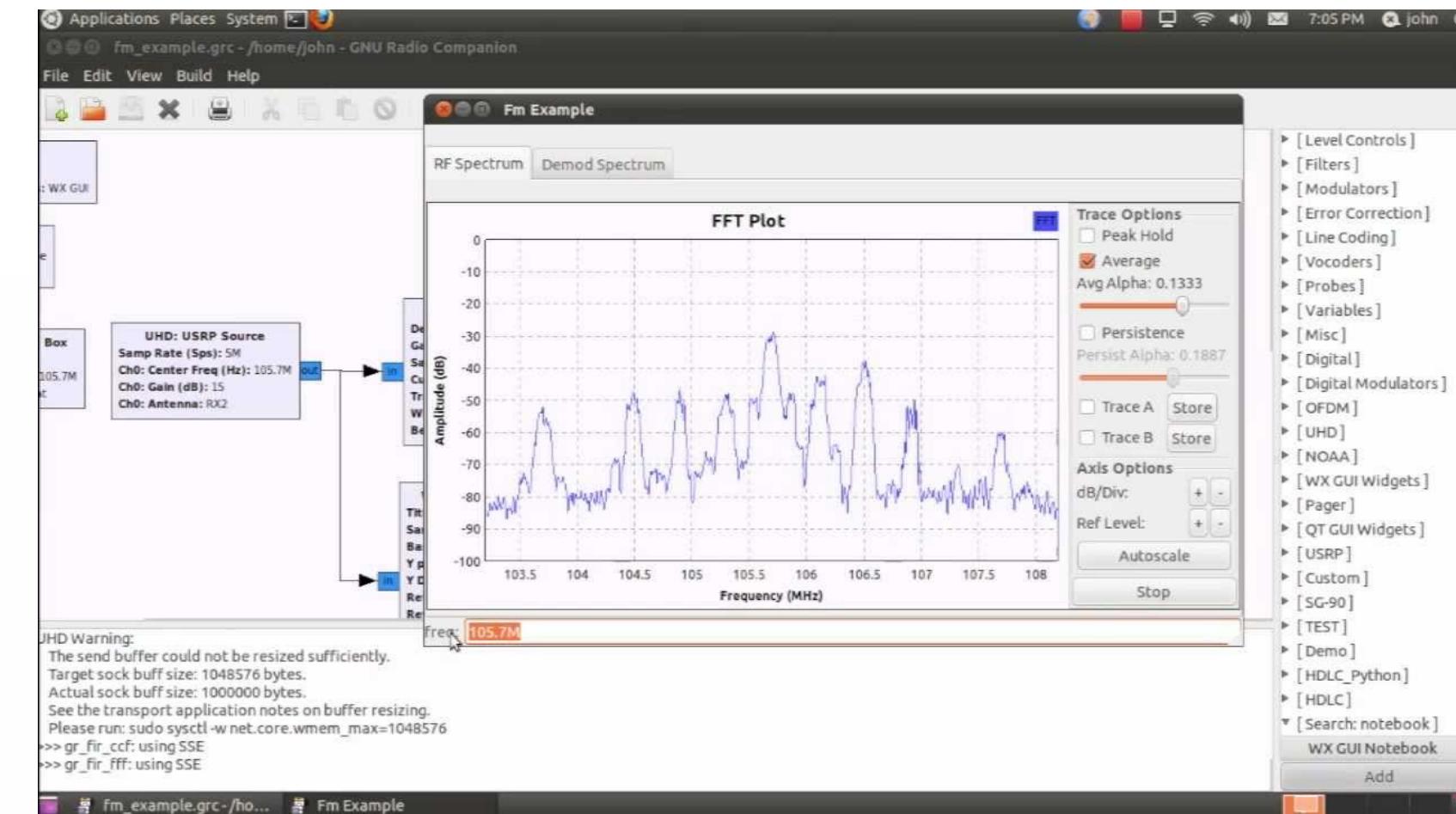


RF Hacking Tools

Software & Hardware

GNU Radio

Open Source Toolkit for Software Radio
Drag and Drop Component Workflow
Powerful & Flexible
Builds a Python Script
Steep Learning Curve



RTL_FM

Simple Command Line Tool

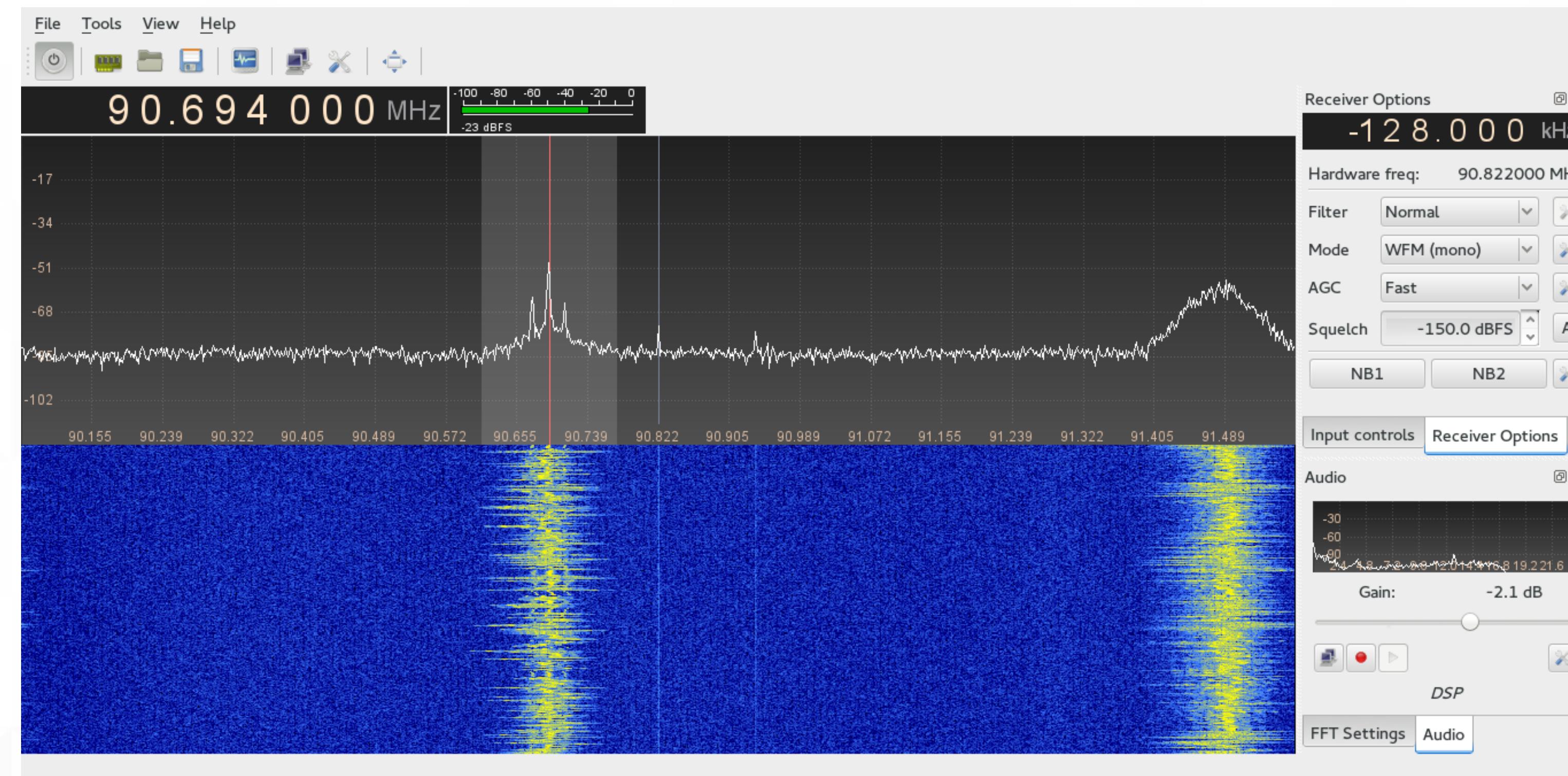
FM Demo:

```
rtl_fm -M wbfm -f 89.1M | play -r 32k -t raw -e s -b 16 -c 1 -v1 -
```

Demo: Explore and Listen to FM Radio

GQRX

Software Defined Radio Receiver
Powered by GNU Radio
Supports tons of Radios
Great Spectrum Analyzer



Demo: HackRF One w/ gqrx on favorite radio station or 2415-17

Software Defined Radios

and “Developer Platforms”



RTL_SDR

\$30

13 - 1864 MHz* (Receive Only)



HackRF One

\$300

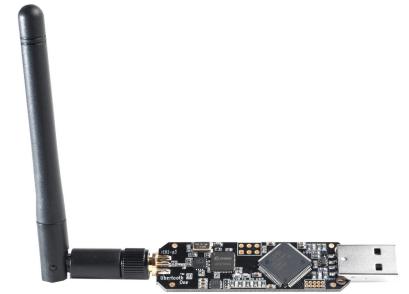
10 MHz to 6 GHz (Transmit & Receive)



Ellisys Explorer 400-STD-LE

\$30,000

Capture & decode all Bluetooth channels at once



Ubertooth One

\$130

2.4GHz (Transmit & Receive)



Yardstick One

\$100

< 1 GHz (Transmit & Receive)

IM Me (OpenSesame)



CrazyRadio PA (or any nRF24LU1+ chip)

\$30

2.4 GHz (Transmit & Receive)

MouseJack

and many others...

Exploits & Demos



Video Intercept

WiFi Access Point

SYMA X5SW



Android App Reverse Engineering

apktool

Simple Command Line Tool

Demo:

```
apktool d name-of-the-app.apk
```

Reference to:

```
http://192.169.1.1:80/videostream.cgi&user=admin&pwd=
```

The image consists of two side-by-side screenshots. On the left, a Google search results page for the query "videostream.cgi". The results include links to instructions for connecting to Foscam and Generic IP cameras, a list of IP camera stream URLs from SimpleCV, and a link to the INSTAR website's CGI command list. On the right, a screenshot of the INSTAR website's "VGA CAMERA CGI LIST" page. It features a "Complete CGI Instruction Set" section with a PDF download link and a "List of the most needed CGI commands" section showing examples like "video /videostream.cgi[?user=&pwd=&resolution=&rate=]" and its parameters: "resolution: (0: 240,32,320 * 640 * 480)", "Rate: 0-23", "0: highest / fastest", and "1:20 fps".

GPS Spoofing & Jamming



US Border Patrol Drones Hacked by Drug Cartels

Don't do this without permission - its super illegal

Civilian GPS Overview

Not encrypted or authenticated

Never intended for safety and security-critical applications

How does GPS Work?

GPS Receiver listens to signals from orbiting satellites

Calculates how far Receiver is from each satellite by measuring the time of flight of that signal

4 satellites required, at minimum, for 3d positioning



Device GPS Test Generator

Cost \$25

Range 20m

Replay Attack

hackrf_transfer

Listen and Transfer Tool for HackRF Radio

Listen

```
hackrf_transfer -r 390_data.raw -f 39000000
```

Replay

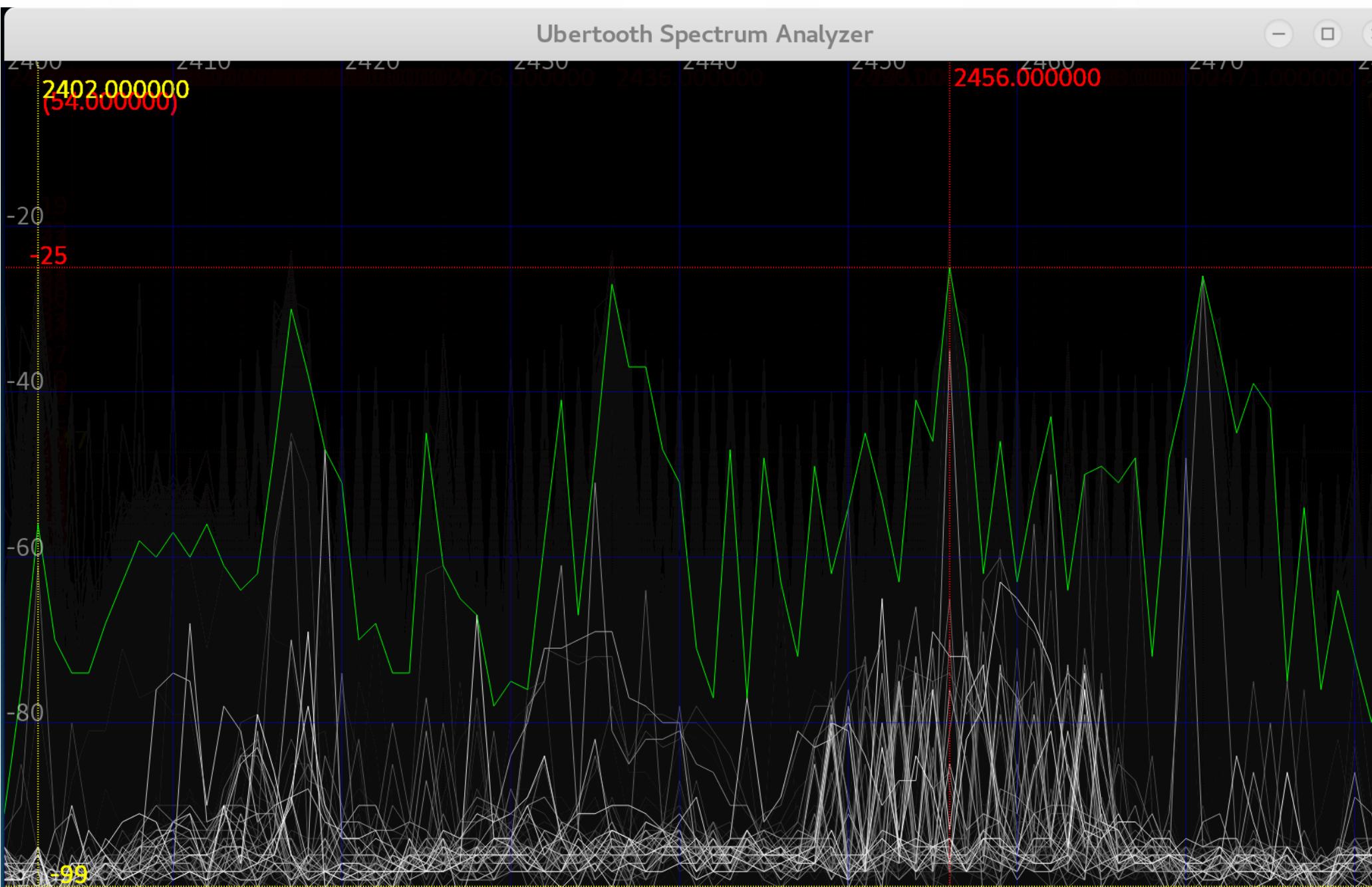
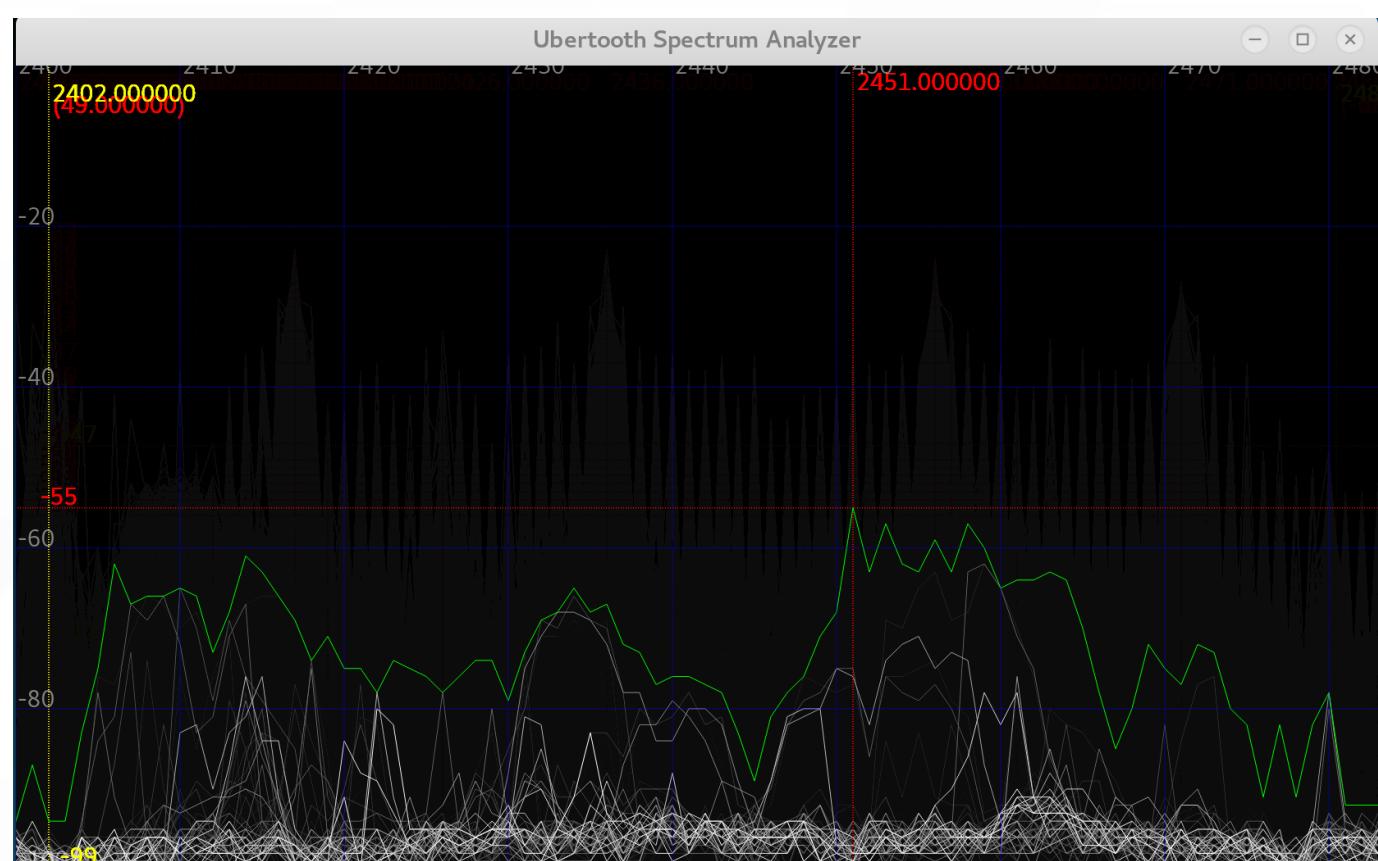
```
hackrf_transfer -t 390_data.raw -f 39000000
```

Decode Controller

Cheers CX-10

Sturdy Palm Tree

Translate raw 2.4 Ghz to actual commands



Drone Duel Demo

Inject fake packets w/ nRF24LU1+
Flashed w/ MouseJack

Frequency Hopping

Sync Channel: 2402 MHz
Channel 1: 2417 MHz
Channel 2: 2436 MHz
Channel 3: 2456 MHz
Channel 4: 2471 MHz

Special Thanks

Further Reading and Related Projects

Dominic Spill and Michael Ossman (Great Scott Gadgets)

#ubertooth

<https://greatscottgadgets.com/>

<https://github.com/dominicgs/sturdy-palm-tree>

Samy Kamkar

<https://github.com/samyk/skyjack>

<https://github.com/samyk/opensesame>

<https://www.wired.com/2015/08/hackers-tiny-device-unlocks-cars-opens-garages/>

Marc Newlin

<https://github.com/BastilleResearch/mousejack>

Jared Ablon

<https://www.airmap.com/security-drone-of-things/>

<https://pastebin.com/6GwatPdj>

<https://github.com/miek/gr-hubsan>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5CzURm7OpAA>

<http://blog.ptsecurity.com/2016/06/phd-vi-how-they-stole-our-drone.html>

<https://medium.com/@swalters/drones-hacking-is-becoming-childs-play-b56843342e36>

<https://medium.com/@swalters/how-to-set-up-a-drone-vulnerability-testing-lab-db8f7c762663>

https://www.reddit.com/r/HowToHack/comments/4512il/how_to_hack_ip_camera_in_toy_drone/

<https://medium.com/@swalters/how-can-drones-be-hacked-the-updated-list-of-vulnerable-drones-attack-tools-dd2e006d6809>

<https://media.defcon.org/DEF%20CON%202024/DEF%20CON%202024%20presentations/DEFCON-24-Aaron-Luo-Drones-Hijacking-Multi-Dimensional-Attack-Vectors-And-Countermeasures-UPDATED.pdf>

Questions?

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Slides: mattkoskela.com/tech/drone-hacking-basics