Current concepts in the management of Inclusion Body Myositis

16th Nov 2014

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IBM - characteristics

- In > 50 years
- Diagnostic delay
- "Slowly progressive"
 - Asymmetric
 - Deep finger flexors, quadriceps, lower leg muscles
 - » ...Nursing home, unable to swallow...
 - Decline in quantitative muscle testing by 5.4 ▼ 3.5 %/ yea
 - · Faster in men, late-onset disease
 - Time to wheelchair ~ 15 years
 - Normal life expctancy
 - But causes of death: respiratory dysfunction, aspiration, dysphagia, cachexia
- Coexisting autoimmune+degenerative changes





http://mda.org/disease/ inclusion-body-myositis/ overview







An update

IN TERMS OF DIAGNOSTICS

Table 1. European Neuromuscular Centre inclusion body myositis research diagnostic criteria 2011

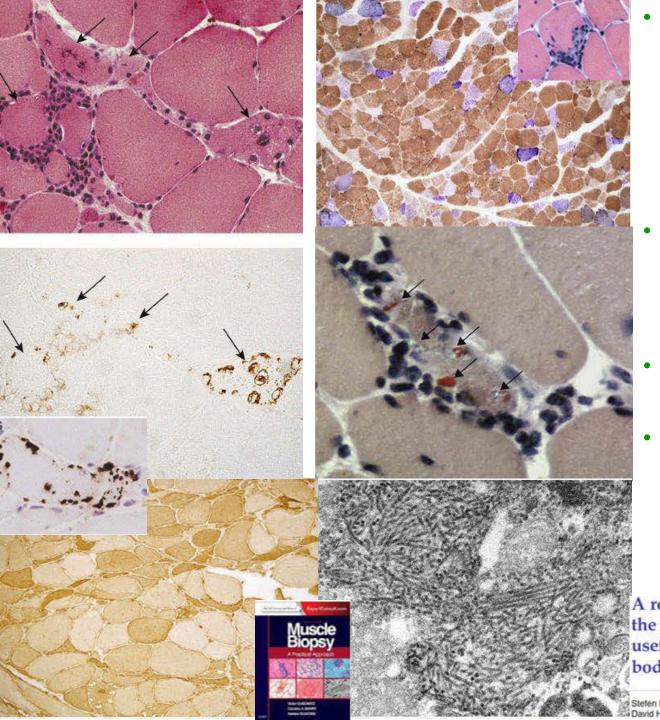
Diagnostic subgroup	Clinico-pathologically defined IBM	Clinically defined IBM	Probable IBM
Clinical features			
Duration of weakness > 12 months	X	X	X
Age at onset > 45 years	Χ	X	X
Creatine kinase ≤ 15 times ULN	X	X	X
FF weakness > SA weakness and/or KE weakness ≥ HF weakness	X	-	-
FF weakness > SA weakness; KE weakness > HF weakness	-	X	-
FF weakness > SA weakness <mark>or</mark> KE weakness ≥ HF weakness	-	-	X
Pathological features			
Endomysial inflammatory infiltrate	X	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features
(Rimmed vacuoles)	X	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features
Protein accumulation ^a or 15-18 nm filaments	Х	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features
Upregulation of MHC class I	-	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features	At least one, but not all of the four pathological features

FF, finger flexion; HF, hip flexion; IBM, inclusion body myositis; KE, knee extension; MHC class I, major histocompatibility complex class I; SA, shoulder abduction; ULN, upper limit of normal.

Sporadic inclusion body myositis: new insights and 27 . Number 5 . October 2014 potential therapy

Demonstration of amyloid or other protein accumulation by established methods (e.g., for amyloid Congo red, crystal violet, thioflavin T/S, for other proteins p62, SMI-31, TDP-43).

Adapted with permission from [38"].



- With rimmed vacuoles:
 - MHC class 1 + p62 staining pattern
 - in vacuolated + non-vacuolated fibres, strongly stained, discreet, clearly delineated, round/ angular
 - subsarcolemmal,perinuclear and perivacuolar
 - Sensitivity 93%
 - Specificity 100%
- Without rimmed vacuoles
 - COX-/SDH+
 - Sensitivity 100%
 - Specificity 73%
 - (vs PM, DM)
- p62 staining pattern
 - excellent specificity, low sensitivity
- Absence of COX-/ SDH+ fibres
 - should doubt IBM as diagnosis

A retrospective cohort study identifying the principal pathological features useful in the diagnosis of inclusion body myositis

BMJ open 2014

Stefen Brady, Waney Squier, Caroline Sewry, 3.4 Michael Hanna, David Hilton-Jones, Janice L Holton Caroline Sewry, 3.4 Michael Hanna, 1

MRI study

• N = 32

• 1.5T MRI, STIR (short tau inversion recovery) images

Fatty infiltration > inflammation

T = Triceps

Upper arm

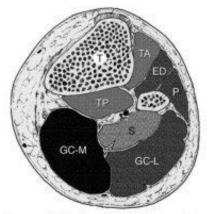
FCR FDS BR FCU ECR FDP ED

Forearm

FCU = Flexor carpi ulnaris FDP = Flexor digitorum profundus ECU = Extensor carpi ulnaris BR = Brachioradialis P = Pronator

FDS = Flexor digitorum superficialis FCR = Flexor carpi radialis ECR = Extensor carpi radialis ED = Extensor digitorum communis S= Supinator

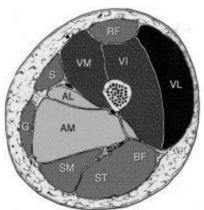
Lower leg



TA = Tibialis anterior P = Peroneus

GC-L = Gastrocnemius, lateral part GC-M = Gastrocnemius, medial part ED = Extensor digitorum longus TP = Tibialis Posterior

Upper leg



RF = Rectus femoris VI = Vastus Interalis AM = Adductor magnus SM = Semi-membranosus VM = Vastus medialis. AL = Adductor longus ST = Semi-tendinosus BF = Biceps femoris G = Gracilis

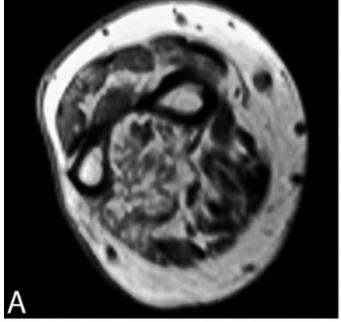
Magnetic resonance imaging of skeletal muscles in sporadic inclusion body myositis

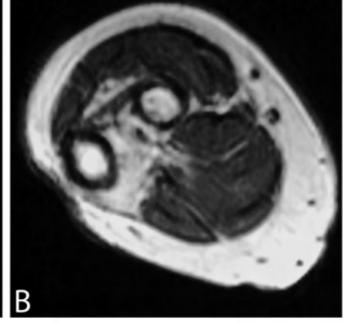
□ 0−20%

S = Soleus

60-80%

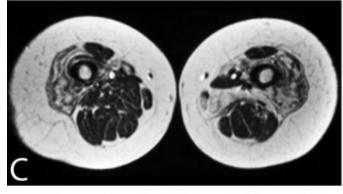
Moderate fatty infiltration of FDP

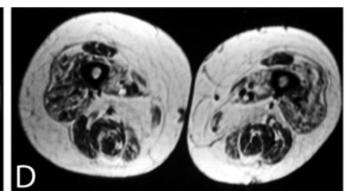




Severe fatty infiltration of FDP

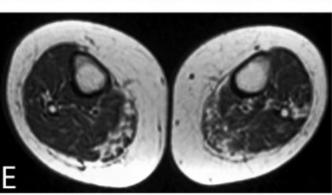
Severe fatty infiltration of vastus, sparing rectus, hamstrings ,adductors

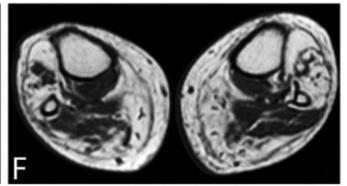




Severe fatty infiltration of vastus, sparing rectus

Moderate fatty infiltration of medial gastroc





Severe fatty infiltraion of medial gastroc

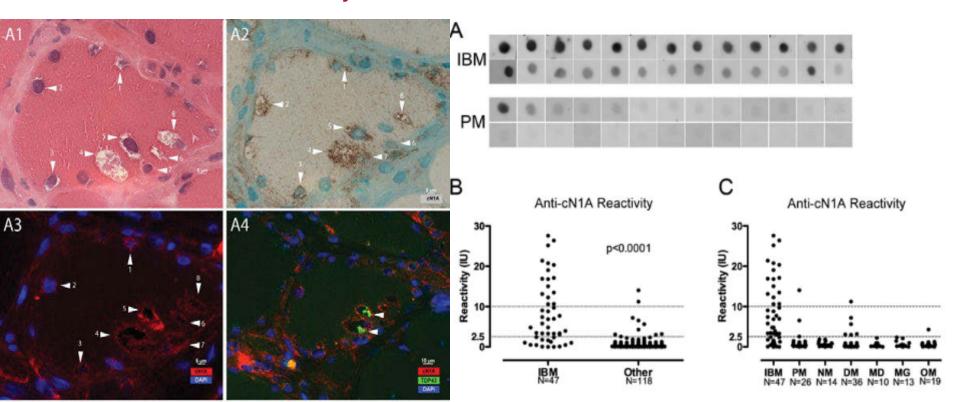
Cytosolic 5'-Nucleotidase 1A Autoimmunity in Sporadic Inclusion Body Myositis

Ann Neurol 2013

H. Benjamin Larman, PhD, ^{1,2,3,4,5}* Mohammad Salajegheh, MD, ^{6,7*} Remedios Nazareno, BS, ⁶ Theresa Lam, BA, ⁷ John Sauld, ⁸ Hanno Steen, PhD, ⁸ Sek Won Kong, MD, ⁷ Jack L. Pinkus, PhD, ^{6,7} Anthony A. Amato, MD, ⁶ Stephen J. Elledge, PhD, ^{1,2,1} and Steven A. Greenberg, MD, ^{6,7}

Diagnostics

- Cytosolic 5' nucleotidase 1A (cN1A)
 - Moderate reactivity of anti-cN1A antibodies -> sensitvity 70%, specificity 92%
 - ELISA Kit IgG~ \$1150.6 for 96 wells (research use)
 - for 32 subjects x 3 runs ~\$35 / test



Cytosolic 5'-nucleotidase Autoantibodies

- Anti-cN1A
 - Found in areas of myonuclear degeneration, rimmed vacuoles
- Anti-cN1A IgG
- Anti-cN1A IgG, IgM, IgA
 - Similar sensitivities 49-53%
 - Specificities (94-96%)
 - Diagnostic sensitivity 76%

CYTOPLASMIC 5'-NUCLEOTIDASE AUTOANTIBODIES IN INCLUSION BODY MYOSITIS: ISOTYPES AND DIAGNOSTIC UTILITY

STEVEN A. GREENBERG, MD

Department of Neurology, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Children's Hospital Informatics Program, Harvard Medical School and Harvard-MIT Division of Health Sciences and Technology, Boston, Massachusetts, USA Accepted 4 February 2014

An update

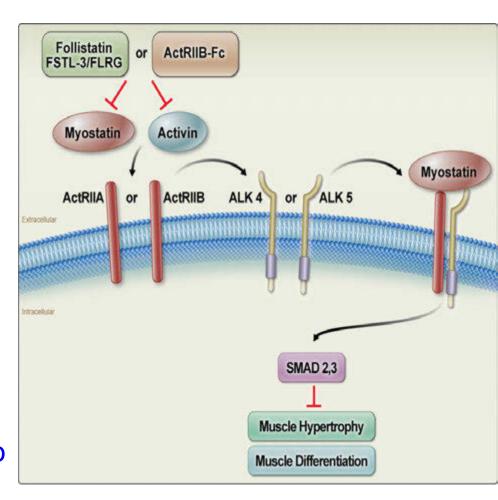
ON THERAPY

"Treatment resistant"

- Corticosteroids
 - Occasional patient with transient, mild improvement early in disease course
 - Progressive resistance over 3-6 years
- Immunoglobullin
 - Earlier report
 - Not subsequently
- Oxandrolone
 - Borderline significant effect for whole-body strength
- Ineffective
 - Beta-interferon 1a standard & high dose
 - Methotrexate
 - Etanercept
 - Alemtuzumab
 - Lithium chloride inducing autophagy

Myostatin

- Secreted protein
 - Transforming growth factor beta (TGFW) family
 - Activated when cleaved by metalloproteinase
- Binds activin receptor type IIB (ActRIIB)
 - >SMAD 2, 3 activation
 - Transcription factors
 - Phosphorylation of SMAD2, 3 ->
- Inhibits myoblasts proliferation
 - Inhibits differentiation into mature muscle fibres

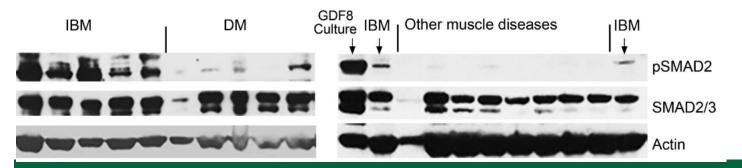


Bimagrumab/ BYM338

- Fully human monoclonal Ab
 - Binds with high affinity to ActRIIB-R
 - Blocks myostatin binding
- Other proposed uses:
 - Sarcopenia from ageing
 - Cachexia from cancer
 - Muscle wasting in mechanical ventilated patients

Bimagrumab/BYM338 – Pilot study

- Muscle SMAD2/3 phosphorylation
 - N= 50 (sIBM = 17, DM = 5, PM = 7, toxic myopathy = 4, mito = 4, idiopathic = 3, denervation atrophy = 2, DM1 = 1, nemaline = 1, distal myopathy = 1)
 - Higher in sIBM > other muscle diseases
 - IBM \uparrow 27.4X (p = 0.003)
 - Inflammatory muscle disease ↑2.5x
 - Non-inflammatory muscle diseases ↑1.7X



Treatment of sporadic inclusion body myositis with bimagrumab Neurology. 2014 Nov 7 Epub

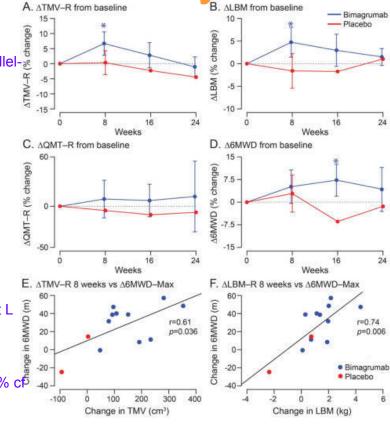
Kumaraswamy Sivakumar, MD Namita Goyal, MD William S. David, MD, PhD Mohammad Salajegheh, MD Jens Praestgaard, PhD Estelle Lach-Trifilieff, PhD Anne-Ulrike Trendelenburg, PhD Didier Laurent, PhD David J. Glass, MD Ronenn Roubenoff, MD, MHS Brian S. Tseng, MD, PhD Steven A. Greenberg, MD

Anthony A. Amato, MD

Bimagrumab - Pilot study

- N=14 (11 on Rx, 3 on placebo; age 42-78; ENMC definite)

 8-week randomised, placebo-controlled, double-blind, parellelcriteria - definite)
 - arm, proof of concept study
 - 24-week observation phase
- Single 30mg/kg dose iv
 - Inhibits (ActRII A and B)
 - Thought saturating ActRII for ~ 8 weeks
- At 8 weeks:
 - Thigh muscle volume (R \uparrow 6.5%, L \uparrow 7.6%,, p<0.03)
 - 1.5T MRI proton density
 - At 24 weeks remains non-significantly ↑
 - **Lean body mass** (\uparrow 5.7%, p = 0.014)
 - DXA
 - Isometric muscle strength
 - QMT non-significant increase in all muscle groups except L quad, R hamstrings
 esd up and go no difference
 nute walk distance test
 Peaked at 16 weeks, († 14.6%, p = 0.008); at 24 weeks †5.7% cp
 - Timesd up and go no difference
 - 6 minute walk distance test
- SE: mild acne, fleeting muscle contractions, mild diarrhoea



Treatment of sporadic inclusion body myositis with bimagrumab

Neurology. 2014 Nov 7 Epub

Follistatin gene (FS344)

- Adeno-associated virus as vector
- Intramuscular injection
- Open-label N = 9
 - Low, medium, high doses
 - Bilateral quadriceps
- Single injection ? To long-term expression of follistatin gene

Sporadic inclusion body myositis: new insights and potential therapy

Upregulation of heat shock

response

- Arimoclomol
 - Heat shock protein 70 inducer
 - Amplifies heat shock protein expression (chaperones)
 - Helps protein dyshomeostasis, defective autophagy
 - Helps prevent accumulations of misfolded proteins
 - Tried in ALS
- N= 16, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial

Medscape

- 100mg orally tds for 4 months
 - 8 mo blinded follow-up

Trend of slower decline in muscle strength, and

physical function

Phagophore Autophagolysosome Autophagosome Lysosome Arimoclomol mitos VCP HDAC6 others? Defective VMA21 LAMP2 Rapamycin (mutated (mutated in sIBM? in XMEA) Danon's disease) UPS Degeneration

Sporadic inclusion body myositis: new insights and potential therapy

An update

ON THE "UP-KEEP"

Sleep disordered breathing

- N=16 (10M, BMI 28.5+/-4kg/m2)
- No correlation between:
 - Respiratory function impairment
 - Sleep disordered breathing
 - Severity of peripheral muscle weakness
 - Sleep disordered breathing observed in all patients tested – irrespective of daytime respiratory function
- Asymptomatic impairment of respiratory function common
 - Consider sleep study routinely sIBM patients

- N= 13 (7M, >10 yrs, mean age 66.2+/-11.1)
 - Lower sleep efficiency, more awakenings, increased nocturnal time awake
 - 7 of 13 had sleep disordered breathing

Sleep disordered breathing and subclinical impairment of respiratory function are common in sporadic inclusion body myositis

Sleep disordered breathing in a cohort of patients with sporadic inclusion body myositis



Exercising consistently - safe

- Treadmill, exercise bikes
- Physiotherapist
- Exercise physiologists
- 16-week home-exercise program
 - 2x/day, patient-tailored ex
 - N=7 (2 cane, 2 scooter)
 - Sit-to-stand, biceps curl, shoulder press, heel lifts, isometric vastus medialis ex, ankle dorsiflexion
 - Improved in all muscle group strength
 - Time to climb 1 flight of stairs + walk 30m

- Aerobic exercise program
 - N= 7 for 12 weeks
 - Stationary cycle ergometer
 - Isometric, isotonic ex of UL, LL
 - Improved aerobic capacity, muscle strength
 - No change in grip or KE strength
- Moderate to low intensity strength training + vascular occlusion
 - Increase in muscle strength and size

The Effectiveness of an Individualized, Home-Based Functional Exercise Program for Patients With Sporadic Inclusion Body Myositis

Improvement in Aerobic Capacity After an Exercise Program in Sporadic Inclusion Body Myositis

Liam G. Johnson, BSc(Sp Sci)Hons,* Kelly E. Collier, BSc(Sp Sci)Hons,† Dylan J. Edwards, PhD,* Danielle L. Philippe,‡ Peter R. Eastwood, PhD,‡¶¶ Susan E. Walters, BAppSci (Physio),* Gary W. Thickbroom, PhD,* and Frank L. Mastaglia, MD*

Liam G. Johnson, B Sci (Sp. Sci.) Hons.,*† Dylan J. Edwards, PhD,*† Susan Walters, B App Sci (Physio.),* Gary W. Thickbroom, PhD,* and Frank L. Mastaglia, MD*

TABLE 2. Range of Exercises Prescribed and the Individualized Exercise Program Progression of Subject 5

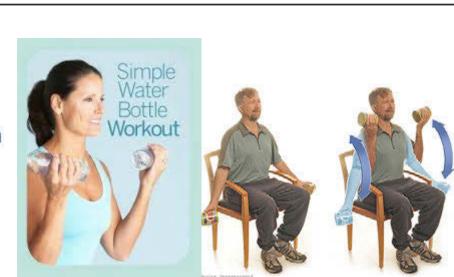
Desintagrantian

Exercises	Preintervention	Postintervention
1. Whole body		
Sitting to standing		
(from standard height chair with arms)	3 sets of 6/day	3 sets of 10/day
2. Upper limbs		
Biceps curls*	2 sets of 10/arm/day	2 sets of 10/arm/day
Shoulder presses*		
Seated rowing (Thera-Band)		
Wrist flexion/extension*		
3. Lower limbs		
Calf raises (on tiptoe)		1 minute 2/day
Calf stretches (against wall)		15-20 seconds 3/day
Vastus medialis (isometric)		
Ankle dorsiflexion		2 sets of 20/day
*Holding a 375-g can of food in each hand.		

The Effectiveness of an Individualized, Home-Based Functional Exercise Program for Patients With Sporadic Inclusion Body Myositis

Erronoicoc

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Doctintomontion

Now practical things

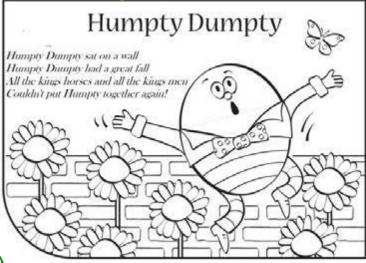
FOR DAY-TO-DAY

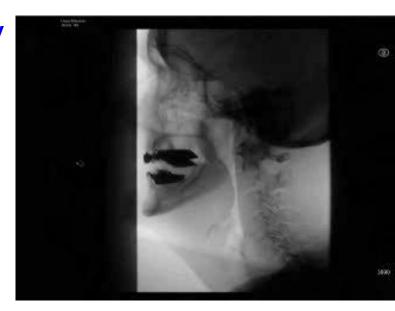
Practically day-to-day

- Bone health
 - DEXA
 - Vit D, Calcium
 - Bisphosphonates
- Swallowing (Oh, et al 2008; N = 24)
 - Cricopharyngeal myotomy
 - Balloon dilation
 - upper oesophageal

Botulinum toxin

- PEG





To statin or not to statin?

- N= 14... 10 completed
- Simvastatin 40mg for 12 months
 - Pleiotropic actions:
 - Inhibition of inflammatory responses
 - Immunomodulatory effects
 - Improvement of endothelial function
 - Regulation of progenitor cells
 - Antioxidant...Neuroprotective properties
 - Muscle MRI, biopsy, oropharyngeal scintigraphy
 - No clinical improvement
- Safe
 - Myopathy < 0.2% (Ballantyne et al, 2003), rhabdomyolysis < 0.05% (Graham et al, 2004)
 - Statin-induced autoimmune myositis 1/ 100 000 (Mammen et al, 2011)

Pilot trial of simvastatin in the treatment of sporadic inclusion-body myositis

Cristina Sancricca · Marina Mora · Enzo Ricci · Pietro Attilio Tonali · Renato Mantegazza · Massimiliano Mirabella

Pain

Some have significant pains

- Best Rx ???
 - NSAIDs
 - Tramadol

Issues in life

- "An embarrassment to my grandchildren"
- Cannot keep up with partner
- Being able to travel

- Tennis
- Golf



Checking for suicidal ideation...

• ...Something we can do?

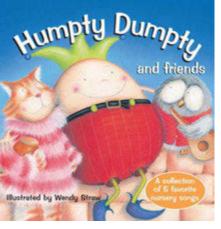


The most valuable possessions

- Dictus bands
- Booster cushions
- VitalCall
- Shewee

















Thank you for your time

- And your attention
- And your patience
- And your teaching