



# If-else and Switch-case Comparison

# Group member



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# Types of if statement

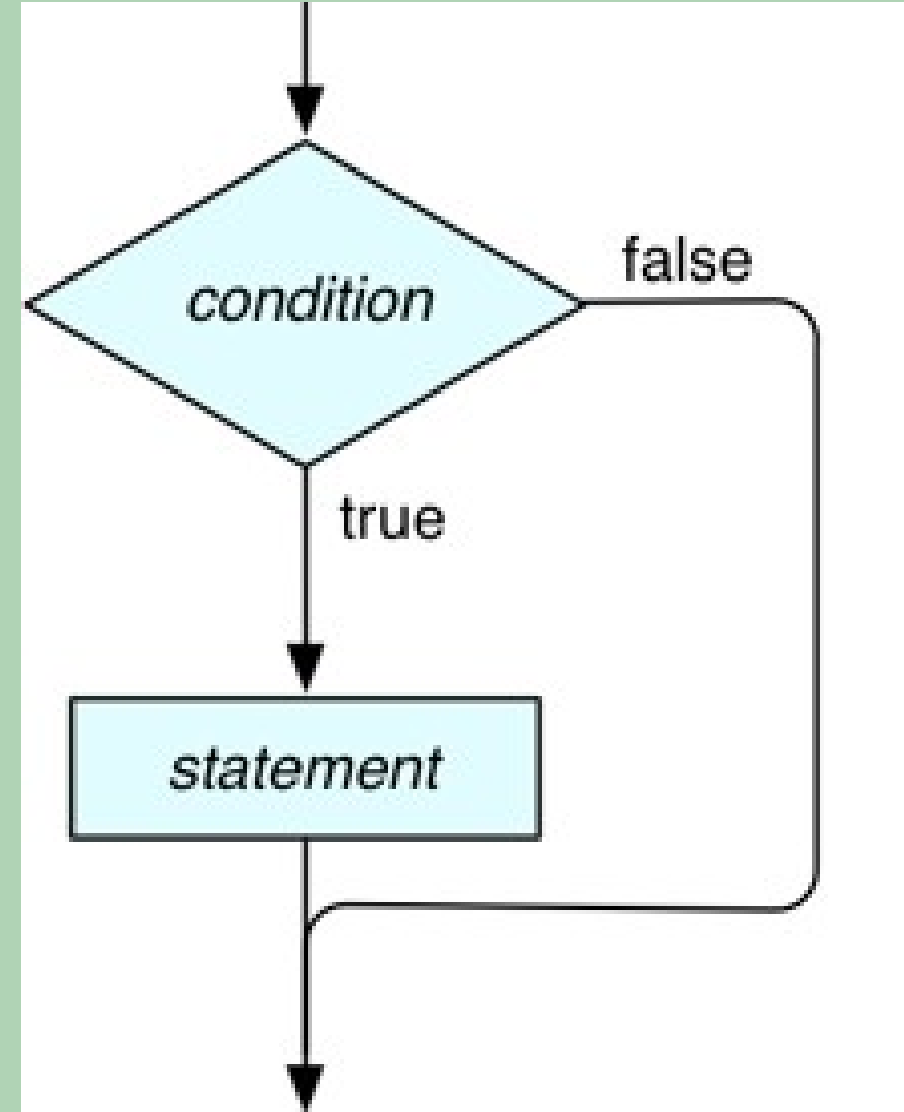
- General if statement
- If ----- else statement
- Else if chain and nested loop

# What is if statement?

The if statement either selects an action, if a condition is true or skips the action if the condition is false.

“If it is not raining, we will go to school.”

```
If ( conditional expression) {  
    statement_1;  
    statement_2;  
    statement_3;  
}
```





```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){

    int a=5, b=10;
    if(a<b)
        printf("a is less than b \n");

    if(a>b)
        printf("a is more than b \n");

    return 0;
}
```

**Output**

a is less than b

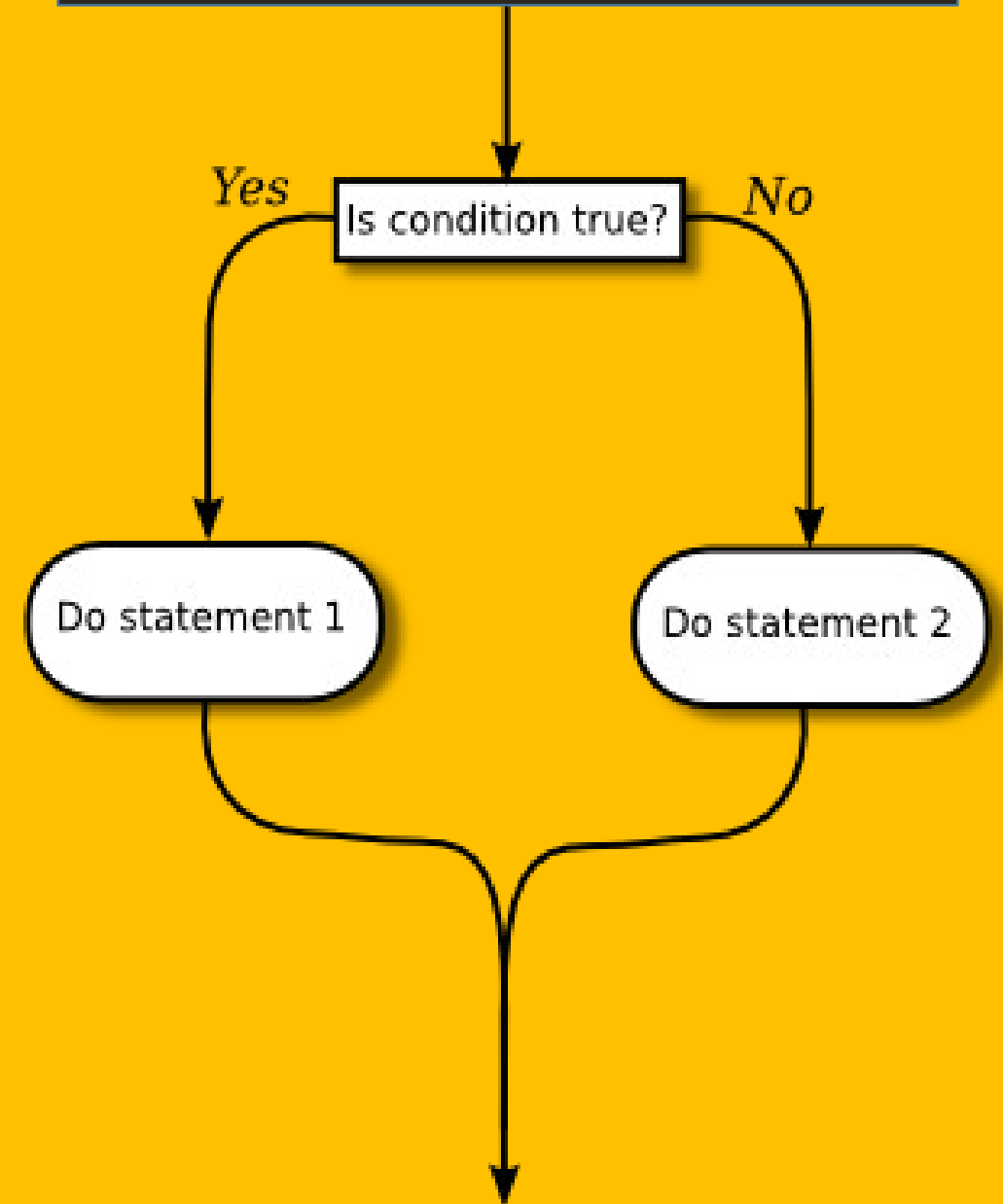


## **If else statement**

**It allows you to specify that different actions are to be performed when the condition is true and when it's false.**

```
if(expression){  
    Statement_1;  
else  
    statement_2;
```

## Flow chart





```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(){
4
5     int a;
6     scanf("%d",&a);
7
8     if((a%2) != 0)
9         printf("\n You entered an odd number.\n");
10    else
11        printf("\n You entered an even number.\n");
12
13    return 0;
14 }
```

**Input**

**a = 12**

**Output**

**You entered an even number**

# **Nested loop?**

**If we use if else as a compound statement in another if else,  
then it is called nested loop.**

# Nested loop

```
If (expression_1){  
    If(expression_2)  
        statement_1;  
    else  
        statement_2;  
}  
else {  
    if(expression_3)  
        statement_x;  
}
```



# Else if chain

```
If (expression)
    Statement_1;
else if (expression)
    statement_2;
else if (expression)
    statement_2;
-
-
else if (expression)
    statement_2;
else
    statement_x;
```

# Switch statement

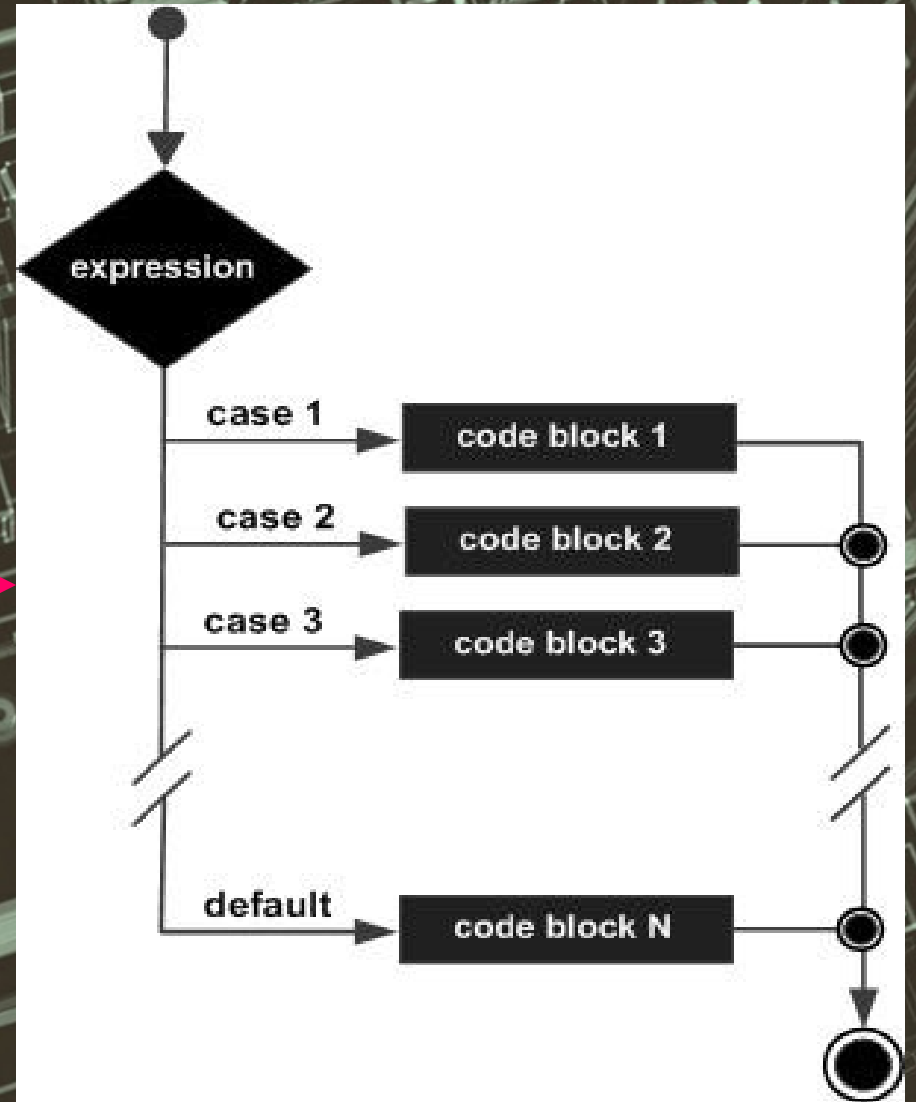
A switch statement is a type of selection control mechanism used to allow the value of a variable or expression to change the control flow of program execution via a multiway branch.

# Keyword

- 1)Switch
- 2)Case
- 3)Break
- 4)Default



# Flow diagram





# Limitations of switch over if-else ladder

1.The variable expression are also not allowed in cases, "case i+2:" is not allowed in switch, but it is valid on if-else.

2.You cannot test a flat expression using switch.

3.You cannot use similar expressions for multiple cases.

4.Switch statement must know the value inside it during compilation.

```
1  switch (expression)
2  {
3      case 5: //...
4              break;
5      case 2+3: //...
6              break;
7  }
```

## Advantages of switch over if-else ladder

1. A switch statement works much faster than equivalent if-else ladder.
2. It is more readable and in compare to if-else statements.
3. It is more manageable for having higher level of indentation than if.
4. Here multiple statements need not to be enclosed within a pair of braces.



## Where to use switch over if- else ladder

- 1.If there are large number of compares for a condition in your program, use switch over if-else ladder.
- 2.For more complex comparisons.  
}





## Where to use if-else ladder over switch

In case of simple and few compares, if-else executes faster and easy write. Thus as per program's requirement, a programmer should decide himself where to use which one condition control.

**Thank you....**



**KEEP  
CALM  
AND  
HAPPY  
CODING**